SYLLABUS POLITICAL SCIENCE: YEAR 2020-21



(Established by Ritnand Balved Education Foundation)

UG: Semester I

Course Title: Introduction to Political Science

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 181

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective:

This course is meant to provide an introduction to Political Science to students who have not had any exposure to the discipline. This is an introductory paper to the concepts, ideas, forms of Government and Political Theories. It seeks to explain the evolution and usage of these concepts and theories, both historically and analytically.

Course C	ontents / Syllabus:	
	Module I Introduction to Political Science	25% Weightage
1	 Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance of Political Science Relationship with other Social Sciences: History, Psychology, Sociology, Economics, and Philosophy Approaches to study of Political Science Behavioralism and Post-Behaviouralism 	
2	 Module II State Meaning, Definition and Elements of State Origin of the State: Divine Theory, Social Contract theory and Evolutionary Theory of the State 	25 %Weightage
3	 Module III Sovereignty Meaning, attributes and Kinds Theories of Sovereignty: Monistic and Pluralistic Concept of Sovereignty in the age of Globalization 	25% Weightage

4						25% Weightage	
	Module IV Basi	c Concep	ts of Political Science				
	• Rights: M	Ieaning, Iı	mportance, Kinds and Safegu	ards			
	• Liberty, F	Equality ar	nd Justice: Meaning, Importai				
	Political (Obligation	ns: Duties towards the State				
5	Student Learnin						
	The student will	be able to	identify the concepts, ideas,	forms of Gov	ernments and Political		
	Theories and their	ir usage, b	ooth historically and analytica	lly			
6							
	Pedagogy for Co	ourse Deli	iverv				
	Presentati		J				
	Group Di						
	• Lectures	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~					
	Assessment/ Exa	amination	Scheme:				
	Theory L/T (%)		Lab/Practical/Studio (%)) Eı	nd Term Examination		
_	100%		NA	70%			
7							
	Theory Assessm	ent (L&T	Γ):				
	Components CIE Mid Sem. Attendance End Term						
	(Drop down)	(Drop down) Examination		Examination			
	Weightage (%)	10%	15%	5%	70%		

Books Recommended:

- 1) Political Theory: Ideas & Concepts, S. Ramaswamy, Delhi, Macmillan, 2002
- 2) Modern Political Theory, S.P Verma, New Delhi, Vikas, 1983
- 3) Principles of Modern, Political Science, J C Johri, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 1995.
- 4) Principles of Political Science, A.C. Kapur, New Delhi, Sultan Chand and Sons, 2004.
- 5) Principles of Political Science, N.N. Agarwal, Vidya Bhushan, Vishnoo Bhawan, R. Chand & Co, New Delhi, 1998.
- 6) Political Science Theory, S.C. Pant, Prakashan Kendra, Lucknow,1998.

UG-01

Course Title: India Political Thought - 1

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 182

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective This Course introduces the specific elements of Indian Political thought spanning over two millennia. The basic focus of study is of individual thinkers whose ideas are however framed by specific themes. The Courses as a whole is meant to provide a sense of the broad streams of Indian thought while encouraging a specific knowledge of individual thinkers and texts.

Course	Contents / Syllabus:		
1.	Module I Traditions of Pre – Colonial India Political thought	25% Weightage	
	Brahamanic and Shramanic		
	Islamic and Syncretic		
	 Ved Vyasa (Shantiparva): Rajadharma 		
2.	Module II	25% Weightage	
	Manu: Social Laws		
	Kautilya: Theory of State		
3.	Module III	25% Weightage	
	 Aggannasutta (Digha Nikaya): Theory of Kingship 		
	Zia Barani: Ideal Polity		
4.	Module IV:	25% Weightage	
	Abul Fazl: Monarchy		
	Kabir: Syncretism		
	Student Learning Outcomes:		
	The students will be made aware of the history of Political Thought.		
5.			
6.	Pedagogy for Course Delivery:		
	Group Discussions		
	 Presentations 		
	• Lectures		

Assessment/ Exa	Sessment/ Examination Scheme: Theory L/T (%) Lab/Practical/Studio (%) End Term Examination							
Theory L/T (%)	ory L/T (%) Lab/Practical/Studio (%)		tudio (%)					
				Examination				
100%		NA		70%				
Theory Assessme	heory Assessment (L&T):							
Components				End Term				
(Drop down)	CIE	Mid Sem	Attendance	Examination				
Weightage	10%	15%	5%	70%				
(%)								

Books Recommended

- 1. Parekh, Bhiku (1986) 'Some reflections on the Hindu Tradition of political though', in Pantham, Thomas and Deutsch, Kenneth. I. (eds.) Political thought in modern India. New Delhi: Sage,pp. 17 31
- 2. Altekar, A.S. (1958) 'The Kingship', in state and Government in Ancient India. (3rd Edition). Delhi: Motila Banarsidass, pp. 75 108.
- 3. Shakir, Moin (1986) 'Dynamics of Muslim political thought', in Pantham, Thomas and Deutsch, Kenneth I. (eds) Political thought in Modern India. New Delhi: Sage,pp. 142 160.
- 4. Pandey, G.C. (1978) Sraman tradition: Its History and contribution to Indian Culture. Ahmedabad, L.D. Institute of Indology, pp. 52 73.
- 5. M. P. Singh, Himanshu Roy (eds.) (2011) Indian Political Thought: Themes and Thinkers, Delhi: Pearson
- 6. V. R Mehta, (1992), Foundations of Indian Political Thought, Delhi: Manohar Publications
- 7. Chandra, Bipin (2018), History Of Modern India, New Delhi: Orinant Black Swan

UG-01

Course Title: Nationalism in India

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 183

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective The purpose of this course is to help students understand the struggle of Indian people against colonialism. It seeks to achieve this understanding by looking at the struggle from different theoretical perspectives that highlight its different dimensions. The course begins with the nineteenth century Indian responses to colonial dominance in the form of reformism and its criticism and continues through various phases up to the events leading to Partition and Independence. In the process, the course tries to highlight its various conflicts and contradictions by focusing on its different dimensions: communalism, class struggle, caste and gender questions.

Course C	ontents / Syllabus:	
1.	Module I Approaches to the Study of Nationalism in India	25% Weightage
	Nationalists	
	Cambridge School	
	Marxists	
	Subaltern interpretations	
2.	Module II Reformism and Anti-Reformism in the 19th Century	25% Weightage
	Major Social and Religious movements among Hindus and Muslims	
	Brahmo Samaj	
	Arya Samaj	
	Dharma Sabhas	
	Aligarh Movement	
3.	Module III Nationalist Politics and Expansion of its Social Base	25% Weightage
	Phases of Nationalist Movement and different ideological streams:	
	Moderates and Extremists with Congress and revolutionary radicals:	
	Formation of the Muslim League	
	Gandhi and mass mobilization: Khilafat, Non – Co-operation and Civil	

	1					
	Disobedie	ence Mov	ement			
	 Socialist a 	lternative	es: Congress S			
	 Communa 	lism in Ir	ndian Politics			
4.	Module IV Social	Movemo	ents (10 Lecti	ures)		20% Weightage
	The Won and its Im		estion: Partio	cipations in th	ne National Movement	
	The Caste	e questio	n: Anti-Brah	manical Polit	ics	
	• Peasant,	Tribals a	nd Workers 1	movement		
5	Student Learnin understan Nationali	ding of	the beginning		cquire a basic ous phases of	
6	Pedagogy for co	urse De	liverv			
7	Assessment/ Exa					
		Theory L/T (%) Lab/Practical/Studio (%)		tudio (%)	End Term Examination	
	100%	100% NA			70%	
	Theory Assessm	ent (L&	T):			
	Components	GIE	25:16		End Term	
	(Drop down)	CIE	Mid Sem	Attendance	Examination	
	Weightage (%)	10%	15%	5%	70%	

Essential Readings

8. Approaches to the Study of Nationalism in India

- a. Bandopadhyay, S. (2004), From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman, pp. 184 191.
- b. Thapar, R. (2000) "Interpretations of Colonial History: Colonial, Nationalist, Post-Colonial', in Desouza, P.R. (ed.) Contemporary India: Transitions. New Delhi: Sage Publications, pp.25-36.

9. Reformism and Anti – Reformism in the 19th Century

- a. Banopadhyay, S. (2004), From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman,pp. 139-158: 254-247.
- b. Sen, A.P. (2007), 'The Idea of social reform and its critique among Hindus of Nineteenth Century India', in Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi.(ed.) Development of Modern Indian Thought and the Social Science. Vol X. New Delhi Oxford University Press.

10. Nationalist politics and Expansion of its Social Base

- a. Banopadhyay, S. (2004) From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman,pp. 279 311
- b. Sarkar, S. (1983) Modern India (1885 1847). New Delhi: Macmillan

11. Social Movements

a. Banopadhyay, S. (2004) From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman, pp. 342-357: 369-381

12. Partition and Independence

- a. Banopadhyay, S. (2004) From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman,pp. 405-438
- b. Jalal, A. and Bose, S. (1997) Modern South Asia: History, Culture, and Political Economy. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 135-156

Additional Readings

- 1. Smith, A.d. (2001) Nationalism. Cambridge: Polity Press.
- 2. Islam, S. (2004) 'The Origins of Indian Nationalism', in Religious Dimensions of Indian Nationalism, New Delhi: Media House, pp. 71-103
- 3. Isalm, S. (2006) 'Rashtravaad: EK Siddhanthik Preepreksh', in Bharat maen algaovadd aur dharm. New Delhi: Vani Prakashan, pp. 33-51
- 4. Chatterjee, p. (2010)' A brief History of Subaltern Studies', in Chatterjee, Partha Empire & Nation: Essential Writings (1985 2005). New Delhi: Permanent Black.
- 5. Sangari, Kand vaid, S. (1989) Recastying Woman: Essays in Colonial History. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 6. Pradhan, Ram Chandra. (2008) Raj to Swaraj. New Delhi: Macmillan
- 7. Chandra, Bipin (2018), History Of Modern India, New Delhi: Orinant Black Swan

UG-01

Course Title: Political Theory: Concepts & Debate

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 184

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective The purpose of this course is to help students understand and deliberate on the different political theories. This course will also encourage the students to debate on the social practices, challenges, political issues, notion of freedom, importance of equality and rights.

Course Co	Course Contents / Syllabus:						
1.	Module I Importance of Freedom	20% Weightage					
	Negative Freedom						
	Positive Freedom						
	 Freedom as Emancipation and Development 						
	 Important Issue: Freedom of thought, Expression and Dissent 						
2.	Module II Significance of Equality	30% Weightage					
	Formal Equality: Equality of opportunity						
	Political equality						
	Egalitarianism: Background inequalities and differential treatment						
	Important Issue: affirmative action						
	Indispensability of Justice						
	Procedural Justice						
	Distributive Justice						
	Global Justice						
	Importance Issue: Capital punishment.						
3.	Module III The Universality of Rights	25% Weightage					
	Natural Rights						
	Moral and Legal Rights						
	Three generations of Rights						

	Rights and	Obligation	ons			
	• Important	Issue: Rig	ght of the girl			
4.	Module IV Major	Debates				25% Weightage
	Civil Disc	bedienc	e.	1	litical obligation and	
				sue of cultura		
5		_			e able to acquire a basic concepts and debates.	
6	Pedagogy for co	urse Del	ivery			
7	Assessment/ Exa	minatio	n Scheme:			
	Theory L/T (%) Lab	Lab/Practical/Studio (%)		End Term Examination	
	100%		NA		70%	
	Theory Assessm	ent (L&	T):			
	Components (Drop down) CIE Mid Sem Attendance		End Term Examination			
	Weightage (%)	10%	15%	5%	70%	

Essential Readings:

Acharya, A. (eds), Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman

Vincent, A. (2004) The Nature of Political Theory. New York: Oxford University Press.

O. P. Gauba (2019), An Introduction to Political Theory, New Delhi: MACMILLAN

J. C. Johri, (2009), Principles of Modern Political Science, New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd

Annexure' CD-01'

FORMAT FOR COURSE CURRICULUM

UG: Semester II

Course Title: Constitutional History of India

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 281

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

• Course Objective: To familiarize students with the constitutional history of India. The significance of this history lies in the origins of the Constitution of the Indian Republic which is rooted in the history of India under the British control.

Course	Contents / Syllabus:	
	Module I	15% Weightage
1	The Charter Act of 1833 and 1853	
	The Government of India Act 1858	
2	Module II	25 %Weightage
	Indian Council Act 1861	
	Indian Council Act 1909	
3	Module III	25% Weightage
	• The Government of India act 1919, effects of the Act, various aspects of Diarchy	
	System, member qualification, power, and defects of the Act	
	The Government of India act 1935, Central Legislature, Constituent Assembly	
4	Module IV	25% Weightage
	Cripps Mission, Wavell Plan and Cabinet Mission	
	• The India Independence Act 1947	
	The Constituent Assembly of India	
5	Module V	10% Weight age
	 Constitutional development in Jammu and Kashmir 	
	• Significance of A 370	
	 Revocation of A 370 and after 	
	 Response of J&K people to the removal of A 370 	

6	Student Learnin	ng Outcom	nes				
	New issues with	Article 370	0 and its removal from the	Indian Cons	titution.		
7	Pedagogy for Co	ourse Deli	very				
	 Presentati 	ion					
	Group Di	scussion					
	• Lectures						
	Assessment/ Exa	amination	Scheme:				
	Theory L/T (%	5)	Lab/Practical/Studio (%	%)	End Term Examina	ation	
	100%		NA		70%		
	Theory Assessm	ent (L&T	·):				
	Components	CIE	Mid Sem	Attenda	nce End Term	n	
	(Drop down)				Examination	on	
	Weightage	10%	15%	5%	70%		
	(%)						

Readings:

- Singh, M.P. (2019), Outlines of Indian Legal & Constitutional History, Lexis Nexis: Haryana
- Pylee, M.V. (2011), Constitutional History of India [1600 2010], S. Chand & Company: New Delhi
- An Introduction to the Constitution of India, D.D Basu, Prentice Hall, New Delhi. (Latest Edition).
- An Introduction to the Constitution of India, M.V. Pylee, Vikas, New Delhi, 1998.
- Constitutional Development and National Movement in India, V.D. Mahajan, S. Chand and Co, New Delhi, 1986.

UG: Semester II

Course Title: Indian Political Thought – II

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 282

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective:

Based on the study of individual thinkers, the course introduces a wide span of thinkers and themes that define the modernity of Indian political thought. The objectives are to study general themes that have been produced by thinkers from varied social and temporal contexts.

Course (Contents / Syllabus:		
	Module I Understanding Indian Political Thought	30% Weightage	
1			
	Rammohan Roy: Rights		
	Pandita Ramabai: Gender		
	Vivekananda: Ideal Society		
	Module II State	20 %Weightage	
2	Gandhi: Swaraj		
	Ambedkar: Social Justice		
3	Module III Sovereignty	20% Weightage	
	Tagore: Critique of Nationalism		
	Iqbal: Self and Community		
4	Module IV Basic Concepts of Political Ideology	30% Weightage	
	Savarkar: Hindutva		
	Nehru: Secularism		
	• M. N. Roy		
	Lohia: Socialism		
5	Student Learning Outcomes		
	The student will be able to understand the basics of the Indian Political thought in the		
	Modern perspective.		

6	Pedagogy for Co	ourse Del	ivery			
	Presentate	ion				
	Group Di	scussion				
	• Lectures					
7	Assessment/ Exa	aminatior	n Scheme:			
	Theory L/T (%)		Lab/Practical/Studio (%	%)	End Term Examination	
	100%		NA		70%	
	Theory Assessm		·			
	(Drop down)	CIE	Mid Sem	Attenda	ance	End Term Examination
	Weightage (%)	10%	15%	5%		70%

Essential Readings

1. Understanding Modern Indian Political Thought

- a. Mehta, V.R. and Pantham Thomas (eds.) (2006), 'A thematic introduction to Political Ideas in Modern India: Thematic Explorations, history of Science, Philosophy and Culture in Indian civilization' Vol: 10, Part:7, New Delhi: Sage Publications, pp. xxvii ixi
- b. Dalton, D., (1982) 'Continuity of Innovation', in Indian Idea of Freedom: Political thought of Swami Vivekananda, Arbindo Ghose, Rabindranath Tagore and Mahatma Gandhi. Academic Press: Gurgaon, pp. 1-28.

2. Rammohan Roy: Rights

- a. Bayly, C.A. (2010) 'Rammohan and the Advent of Constitutional Liberalism in India 1800 1830', in Kapila, Shruti (ed). An intellectual History for India. New Delhi: Cambridge University Press, pp. 18 34.
- b. Pantham, Thomas (1986) 'The Socio Religious thought of Rammohan roy', in Panthom, Thomas and Deutsch, KennethI. (eds.) Political Thought in Modern India. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 32 -52

3. Pandita Ramabai: Gender

a. Kosambi, Meera (1988) 'Women's Emancipation and Equality: Pandita Ramabai's Contribution to Women's Cause', Economic and Political Weekly, vol. 23, No. 44: Oct., pp. 38 – 49

Further Readings

Chakravarti, Uma (2007) Pandita Ramabai – A life and a Time. New Delhi: Critical Quest, pp. 1 – 40.

Omvedt, Gail (2008) 'Ramabai: omen in the kingdom of God', in Seeking Begumpura: The Socila Vision of Anti Caste Intellectual. New Delhi: Navayana. Pp. 205 – 224.

4. Vivekananda: Ideal Society

- a. Sen. Amiya. P. (2003) 'Swami Vivekananda on history and Society', in Swami Vivekananda. Delhi: OUP, pp. 62 79
- b. Rustav, Hilfred (1998) 'Swami Vivekananda and the Ideal Society', in Radice, William (ed.) Swami Vivekananda and the modernization of Hinduism. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 264 280.

Further Reading

Raghuramaraju (2007) 'Swami and Mahatma Paradigmd: State and Civil Society', in Debates in Indian Philosophy: Classical, Colonial, and Contemporary. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 29 – 65

5. Gandhi: Swaraj

- a. Parel, Anthony J. (ed.) (2002) 'Introduction', in Gandhi, freedom and Self Rule. Delhi: Vistarr Publication.
- b. Dalton, dennis (1982) Indian Idea of Freedom: Political Thought of Swami Vivekananda, Aurobindo Ghose, Mahatma Gandhi and Rabindranath Tagore Gurgaon: The Academic Press,pp. 154 190

Further Reading

Terchek, Ronald (2002) 'Gandhian Autonomy in Late Modern World', in Parel, Anthony J. (ed.) Gandhi, freedom and Self Rule. Delhi: Sage.

6. Ambedkar: Social Justice

- a. Rodrgues, Valetian (2007) 'Good Society, rights, Democracy Socialism', in Thorat Sukjdeo and Aryama (eds.) Ambedkar in Retrospect Essays on Economics, politics and Society. Jaipur: IID Sand Rawat Publication.
- b. Mangekar, Bhalachandra (2007) 'Quest for Democratic Socialism', in Thorat, Sukhdeo and Aryana (eds.) Ambedkar in retrospect Essays on Economics, Politics and Society. Jaipur: IIDS and Rawat Publication, pp. 121 142

Further Readings

Chatterjee Partah (2005) 'Ambedkar and the troubled times of Citizenship', in Mehta, V.R. and Pantham, Thomas (eds.) Political ideas in modern India: Thematic Explorations. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 73 -92.

7. Tagore: Critique of Nationalism

- a. Chakravarty, Randharaman (1986) 'Tagore, Politics and Beyond', in Pantham, Thomas and Deutsch, Kenneth I (Eds.) Political Thought in Modern India. New Delhi: Sage,pp. 177 191
- b. Radhakrishnan, Manju and Debasmita (2003) 'Nationalism is a Great Menace: Tagore and Nationalism' in Hogan, Patrick, Colm and pandit, Lalita (eds.) Rabindranath Tagore: Universality and Tradition. London: Rosemont Publishing and Printing Corporation, pp. 29 39.

Further Reading

Nandy, Ashis (1994), 'Rabindranath Tagore & Politics of Self', in Illegitimacy of Nationalism. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 1 – 50

8. Iqbal: Community

- a. Engineer, Asghar Ali (1980) 'Iqbal's Reconstruction of religious Thought in Islam', Social Scientist, Vol.8, No.8, March, pp. 52 63
- b. Madani (2005), Composite Nationalism and Islam. New Delhi: Manohar, pp. 66 91.

Further Reading

Gordon – Polonskya, L. R. (1971) 'Ideology of Muslim Nationalism', in Malik, Hafiz (ed.) Iqbal: Poet-philosopher of Pakistan. New York: Columbia University Press, pp. 108 – 134.

9. Savarkar: Hindutva

a. Sharma, Jyotirmaya (2003) Hindutva: Exploring the idea of Hindu Nationalism. Delhi:Panguin, pp. 124 – 172.

Further Reading

Keer, Dhananjay (1966) Veer Savarkar. Bombay: Popular Prakashan, pp. 223 – 250.

10. Nehru: Secularism

- **a.** Pillai, R.C. (1986) 'Political thought of Jawaharlal Nehru', in Pantham, Thmas and Deutsch Kenneth I. (eds.) Political Thought in Modem India. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 260 274.
- **b.** Zachariah, Benjamin (2004) Nehru. London: Routledge Historical Biographies, pp. 169 213.

Further Reading

Chatterje, Partha (1986) 'The Moment of Arrival: Nehru and the Passive Revolution', in Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: A Derivative Discourse? London: Zed Books, pp. 131 – 166.

11. Lohia: Socialism

Sinha, Sachinananda (2010), 'Lohia's Socialism: An underdog's perspective', in Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. XLV, No. 40, October 02 – October 08, pp. 51 – 55.

Kumar, Anand (2010) 'Understanding Lohia's Political Sociology: Intersectionality of caste, Class, Gender and Language Issue', Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. XLV, No 40, October 02 – October 08, pp. 64 – 70.

Original Excerpts

- a. Roy,R. (1991) 'The Percepts of Jesus the Guide to Peace and happiness', Hay,S. (ed.) Sources of Roy, R. (1991) 'The percepts of Jesus, The Guide to Peace and happiness', Hay,S. (ed.) Source of Indian Tradition Vol. 2. Second Edition. New Delhi: Penguin, pp. 24 29.
- b. Ramabai, P. (2000), 'Women's place in Religion and Society', Kosambi, M. (ed.) Pandita Ramabai Through her Own Words: Selected Works. N. Delhi:OUP, pp. 150 155.
- c. Vivekananda, S. (2007) 'The Real and the Apparent Man', Bodhasarananda, S. (ed.) Selections from the Complete Works of Swami Vivekananda, Kolkata: Advaita Ashrama, pp.126 129.



UG: Semester II

Course Title: Western Political Thought - I

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 283

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective:

This paper studies the classical tradition in political theory with the view to understand how the great masters explained and analyzed political events and problems of their time and prescribed solutions. The legacy of the thinkers is explained with the view to establishing the continuity and change within the western political tradition for better understanding of the students.

Course C	Contents / Syllabus:		
	Module I Ancient Greek Political Thought	25% Weightage	
1	 Plato – Life & Works, Ideal State, Justice, Education, Communism of Wives & 		
	Property, Philosopher King		
	• Aristotle – Life & Works, Origin, Nature and Ends of State, Slavery, Classification of		
	Constitutions & Revolutions		
2	Module II Social Contract Thinkers	25 %Weightage	
	• Thomas Hobbes: State of nature, Social Contract, Nature and Attributes of State		
	 John Locke: State of Nature, Natural Rights, Nature and Functions of State 		
	J.J. Rousseau: State of nature, Social Contract and General Will		
2	N. J. J. TT N L	250/ XV-:-l-4	
3	Module III Machiavelli	25% Weightage	
	Machiavelli – Human nature, Concept of State & Government, Theory of ethics &		
	politics, tips to Successful ruler.	250/ 37/ 14	
	Module IV Liberal Thinkers	25% Weightage	
4	• J.S Mill – Concept of Liberty, Individual Freedom and Individuality, Democracy and		
	Representative Government		
	T.H. Green – Theory of State, Liberty & Rights		
5			
	Pedagogy for Course Delivery		
	 Presentation 		
	Group Discussion		
	• Lectures		
6	Student Learning Outcome: The student would be able to acquire a basic understanding of		
	Western Political thought and the various Ideas of Greek Philosophers.		

Assessment/ Exa	mination	Scheme:			
Theory L/T (%)	Lab/Practical/Studio (%)) End	d Term Examination	
100%		NA		70%	
Theory Assessme		,			
Components (Drop down)	CIE	Mid Sem	Attendance	End Term Examination	
Weightage (%)	10%	15%	5%	70%	
					,

Books Recommended

- I. A History of Political Theory, George, H. Sabine, Oxford and IBH Publishing, New Delhi 1973.
- II. The Political thought, J.C Johari, Metropolitan Book Co. Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2008
- III. Modern Political thought, Nayyar Shamsi, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2006
- IV. Great Political Thinkers, East & West, R.C Gupta, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2010.
- V. Ancient Political Thought, V. Venkata Rao, S. Chand & Co Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1988
- VI. A History of Political thought, Jyoti Prasad Suda, K. Nath & Co. Meerut, 1984.



UG: Semester II

Course Title: Public Administration-I

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 284

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective:

This paper intends to provide basic conceptual, foundation and theoretical orientation to the undergraduate students with the discipline of Public Administration. This paper provides understanding of the key concepts and the subsystems of Public administration and working of Indian Administration.

Course C	ontents / Syllabus:		
	Module I Introduction to Public Administration	20% Weightage	
1	Meaning, Nature, Scope & Importance of Public Administration		
	Approaches to the Study of Public Administration – Philosophical, Legal & Historical		
	Module II Principles & Structure of Organizations	30 %Weightage	
2	 Meaning & Principles of Organization. Hierarchy, Unity of Command, Span of 		
	Control, Centralization, De- centralization, Co – ordination		
	 Structure of organization, Chief Executive – Types, Functions & Roles. 		
3	Module III Personnel and Financial Administration	20% Weightage	
	 Civil Service – Meaning, Features, Functions, Recruitment, Training, Promotion & 		
	Morale		
	Budgetary Process – Preparation, Enactment & Execution		
4	Module IV Indian Administration Structure	30% Weightage	
	 Central Secretariat – Cabinet Secretariat – Meaning, Organization & Functions of Chief Secretary State Secretariat – Organization, Function & role of Chief Secretary. District and Local Administration – Deputy Commissioner, Chief Executive Officer, Executive Officer, and Panchayat Development Officer (PDO) 		
5	Student Learning Outcomes		
	The student would be able to learn the basic understanding of the Public Administration,		
	structure, organization and the various approaches to study of this discipline.		
6	Pedagogy for Course Delivery		
	• Presentation		

Group Di	scussion				
• Lectures Assessment/ Exa	minatior	Schomo			
Theory L/T (%		Lab/Practical/Studio (%) End	End Term Examination	
100%		NA		70%	
Theory Assessm		·			
(Drop down)	CIE	Mid Sem	Attendance	End Term Examination	
Weightage	10%	15%	5%	70%	

Books Recommended:

- 1. Public Administration: Principles & Practice, A.R Tyagi, Atma Ram & Sons, Delhi, 2001.
- 2. Public Administration, Avasthi & Maheshwari, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra 2009.
- 3. Public Administration in Theory & Practice, M.P Shrma & B.L Sadana, Kitab Mahak, Allahabad, 1994.
- 4. Public Administration, Mohit Bhattacharya, World Press, Kolkata, 2002.
- 5. Introduction to the study of Public Administration, Leonard. D. White, Eurasia Publishing House, New Delhi, 1982.
- 6. Public Administration, Vishno Bhagawan, Vidhya Bhushan, S. Chand & Co.Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
- 7. Public Administration, Theory & Practice, Sahib Singh & Swinder Singh, New Academic Publishing Co. Jalandhar, 2003.
- 8. Public Administration, T.K Agarwal, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra 2005.
- 9. Public Administration & Public Affairs, Nicholas Henry, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1999.
- 10. Public Administration, KK Ghai, Kalyani Publishers, New delhi, 2007.
- 11. Introduction to the study of Public Administration, L.D White, Macmillian Company, 1955.
- 12. Public Administration: Concepts and Theories, Rumki Basu, Sterling New Delhi, 1986.
- 13. Public Administration, Atma Ram and Sons, A. R Tyagi, New Delhi, 1992.
- 14. Indian Administration, Hosiar Singh, Century Press, Rep, Allahabad.

- 15. Public Administration in India, Padma Ramachandran, National, New Delhi, 1996.
- 16. Indian Administration, Avasthi & Avasthi, Laxminarain Agarwal, Agra, 1995.
- 17. Indian Administration, Shriram Maheshwari, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1997.
- 18. Indian, Administration, Hoshir Singh, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi, 2005.



UG: Semester III

Course Title: Comparative Governments and Politics – I

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 381

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective:

This is a foundation course in comparative politics. The purpose is to familiarize students with the basic concepts and approaches to the study of comparative politics. More specifically the course will focus on examining politics in a historical framework while engaging with various themes of comparative analysis in developed and developing countries.

Course C	Contents / Syllabus:		
	Module I Comparative Government and Politics	20% Weightage	
1	Nature and Scope		
	• Why compare?		
	Going beyond Euro-centrism		
2	Module II Historical context of Modern Government	30 %Weightage	
	Capitalism: Meaning and Development; Globalization		
	 State Socialism: Meaning, Growth and Development 		
	 State Capitalism: Meaning, Growth and Development 		
3	Module III Themes for Comparative Analysis	30% Weightage	
	 A Comparative Study of Constitutional Developments 		
	Political Economy		
	• Executive, Judiciary, Representation and Participation in the following countries:		
	Britain, Brazil, Nigeria and China		
	Module IV Trends in Comparative Politics	20% Weightage	
	 Colonialism and Decolonization: Meaning, context, forms of Colonialism; Anti-Colonial Struggles and Process of Decolonization Democratic Socialism: Meaning, Growth and Development 		
4	Student Learning Outcomes		
	The student will be able to identify the concepts and approaches to comparative politics with		

	respect to the glo	bal scenar	io.							
5	Presentation	Group 2 is wisher								
6	Assessment/ Exa									
	Theory L/T (%)		Lab/Practical/Studio (%	(%) End		End Term Examination				
	100%		NA		70%					
	Theory Assessm	ent (L&T):							
	Components (Drop down)	CIE	Mid Sem	Attend	lance	End Term Examination				
	Weightage (%)	10%	15%	5%	6	70%				

Essential Readings

I. Comparative Government and Politics

Kopstein, J. and Lichbach, M. (eds.) (2005) *Comparative Politics: Interests, Identities, and Institutions in a Changing Global Order*. Cambridge University Press, pp. 1-15; 16-36; 253-290.

Roy, A. (2001) 'Comparative Method and Strategies of Comparison', Punjab Journal of Politics. Vol. XXV (2), pp. 1-15.

Blondel, J. (1996) 'Then and Now: Comparative Politics', Political Studies. Vol 47 (1), pp.152-160.

Monoranjan, M. (1975) 'Comparative Political Theory and Third World Sensitivity', *Teaching Politics*, Nos. 1 & 2, pp. 22-38

Chandhoke, N. (1996) 'Limits of Comparative Political Analysis', Economic and Political Weekly. Vol 31 (4), January 27, pp. PE 2-PE8

II Historical Context of Modern Government

(a) Capitalism

- Dobb, M. (1950) 'Capitalism', in Studies in the Development of Capitalism. London: Routledge and Kegan Paul Ltd, pp. 1-32.
- Wood, Ellen M. (2002) 'The Agrarian Origin of Capitalism', in Origin of Capitalism: A Long View. London: Verso, pp. 91-95; 166-181.
- Hoogvelt, A. (2001) 'History of Capitalist Expansion', in Globalization and Third World Politics. London: Palgrave, pp. 14-28.
- Harrison, G. (2002) 'Globalization', in Blakelay, G. and Bryson, V. (eds.) *Contemporary Political Concepts: A Critical Introduction*. London: Pluto Press, pp. 14-34.
- Ritzer, G. (2010) 'Globalization and Related Processes I: Imperialism, Colonialism, Development, Westernization', in *Globalization: A Basic Text.* London: Wiley-Blackwell, pp. 63-84.
- Modelski, G. (2003) 'Globalization' in Held, D. and McGrew, A. (eds.) *The Global Transformations Reader: An Introduction to the Globalization Debate*. United Kingdom: Polity Press, pp. 1-50; 54-59.

(b) State Socialism

- Roberts, A. (2004) 'The State of Socialism: A Note on Terminology', Slavic Review. Vol. 63 (2), pp. 349-366.
- Brown, A. (2009) 'The Idea of Communism', in Rise and Fall of Communism, HarperCollins (e-Book), pp. 1-25; 587-601
- Meek, R. L. (1957) 'The Definition of Socialism: A Comment', The Economic Journal.
 - 67(265), pp. 135-139.
- McCormick, J. (2007) 'Communist and Post-communist States' in Comparative Politics in Transition. United Kingdom: Wadsworth, pp. 195-209.

(c) Colonialism and Decolonization

- Manoranjan. Mohanty. (1999) 'Colonialism and Discourse in India and China'. Retrieved from http://www.ignca.nic.in/ks_40033.html http (Accessed on 24/03/2011).
- Duara, P. (2004) 'Introduction: The Decolonization of Asia and Africa in the Twentieth Century', in Duara, P. (ed.) *Decolonization: Perspectives From Now and Then.* London: Routledge, pp. 1-18.
- Chiriyankandath, J. (2008) 'Colonialism and Post Colonial Development', in Burnell, P. et. al. *Politics in the Developing World*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, New Delhi pp. 31-52.
- Horvath, R. J. (1972) 'A Definition of Colonialism', Current Anthropology. Vol. 13 (1): pp.45-57.

III: Themes for Comparative Analysis

- Rutland, Peter. (2007) 'Britain', in Kopstein, J. and Lichbach, M. (eds.) Comparative Politics: Interest, Identities and Institutions in a Changing Global Order. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 39-79.
- Grant, M. (2009) 'United Kingdom Parliamentary System', in The UK Parliament.

Edinburgh: Edinburgh University Press, pp. 24-43.

McCormick, J. (2007) 'Britain', in Comparative Politics in Transition. United Kingdom: Wadsworth pp. 98-141

Additional Readings

Munck, G.L. and Richard, S. (2007) (eds.) Passion, Craft, and Method in Comparative Politics. Baltimore: The John Hopkins University Press, pp. 32-59.

Kesselman, M. (ed.) (2004) Introduction to Comparative Politics. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Co., pp. 5-23; 112-121.

Caramani, D. (ed.) (2008) Comparative Politics. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-23 Frank, A. G. (1966) 'Development of Underdevelopment', Monthly Review. Vol. 41, pp. 17-31

Lane, D. (1996) Rise and Fall of State Socialism: Industrial Society and the Socialist state.

UK: Polity Press, pp. 1-11

Hauss, Ch. (2011) Comparative Politics: Domestic Responses to Global Challenges. United Kingdom: Wadsworth, pp. 65-69; 187-218; 429-461

Rothermund, D. (2000) 'The Context of Decolonization', in *The Routledge Companion to Decolonization*. London: Routledge, London, pp. 41-52.

Robbers, G. (ed.) (2007) Encyclopedia of World Constitutions. New York: Facts on File- An Imprint of Infodase Publishing, pp. 125-131; 670-78; 972-979.

Kesselman, M. (eds.) (2010) *Introduction to Comparative Politics: Political Challenge and Changing Agendas*. United Kingdom: Wadsworth pp. 48-98; 408-461; 515-569; 620-671.



(Established by Ritnand Balved Education Foundation)

UG-Sem III

	L T	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
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4	0	0	0	4

Course Title: International Relations - I

Credit Units: 4 Course Code: BPS 382

Course Objective This Paper deals with the concepts and dimensions of international relations highlighting the major debates and differences within the different theoretical paradigms. It highlights the various aspects of conflicts and conflict resolution in the specificity of the long period of the post Second World War phase. This paper also provides an insight into the study of foreign policy of India.

	Module I Origin and Growth of INR	20 % Weightage
1.	Meaning, nature (traditional view, modern view and current view) & Scope and Subject- matter	
	Purpose and significance	
	IR development as an academic discipline	
	Module II Theories of IR	25 % Weightage
	• Realism	
2.	Neo-Realism	
	• Liberalism	
	Neo-Liberalism	
	Feminism	
	Module III International Security and Peace	30 % Weightage
	 Cold War setup: NATO, SEATO, CENTO and Warsaw Pact 	
2	Post-Cold War era: Collective Security through UN	
3.	War On Terror: Afghanistan and Iraq	
	Peace-Keeping operations	
	Module IV: International Political Economy	25 % Weightage
4.	Aid and Development	
7.	Debt for Development: OBOR and CPEC	
	Trade and Protectionism	

Student Learning Outcomes	
The students will be able to analyze conflicts and conflict resolution post Second World War	

Books Recommended

- 13. International systems in world History Remaking the study of International Relations, Barry Buzan and Richard Little, Oxford University, Press, New York, 2000.
- 14. International relations, Vinay kumar Malhotra, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2012

and evaluate the foreign policy of India in today's global scenario.

- 15. Rajan, M.S., and Shivaj Ganguli, (eds.) India and international System, New Delhi, Vikas, 1981
- 16. Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Mahendra Kumar, Shiva Lal Agarwal, Agra, 1967
- 17. K.P. Mishra and R.S. Beal, International Relations Theory, Vikas Publishers, New Delhi, 1990
- 18. Gujral, I.K., A foreign policy for India, Externla publicity division, MEA, Government of India, Delhi, 1998

- 19. India's Foreign Policy, Subhas Shukla, Anamika Publishers, New Delhi, 2007
- 20. India's Foreign & Sub Continental Politics, Vandana Asthana, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 1999
- 21. India's Foreign Policy & its Neighbours, Dhiraj Shrivastava, ABD Publishers, Jaipur, 2007.
- 22. India's Foreign policy of India, Sudhir Pattnaik, Arise Publishers, New Delhi, 2008
- 23. Foreign Policy of India, V.N. Khanna, vikas publishing house Pvt. Ltd. 2007.

UG: Semester III

Course Title: Western Political Thought - II

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 383

L	Т	P/S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective: This paper studies the classical tradition in political theory to understand how the great masters explained and analyzed political events and problems of their time and prescribed solutions. The legacy of the thinkers is explained with the view to establishing the continuity and change within the western political tradition for better understanding of the students.

Course Co	ntents / Syllabus:	
	Module I Utilitarian	20% Weightage
1	Jeremy Bentham: Utilitarianism, Pleasure & Pain theory	
	J.S. Mill: Modifications of Bentham's theory, Critique of Utilitarianism	
	Module II Idealists	30 %Weightage
2	Hegel: On Dialects, State and Freedom	
	Mary Wollstonecraft: Feminist Ideas	
	Hannah Arendt: Totalitarianism	
3	Module III Socialists	30% Weightage
	Karl Marx: Materialistic Dialectics and Historical Materialism, Theory of Surplus	
	Value, Class Struggle, Base super structure Relations, Critique of Capitalism	
	V.I. Lenin: Imperialism and Democratic Centralism	
	Mao- Tse-Tung: Role of Peasantry	
	Gramsci: Neo-Marxist	
4	Module IV Anauchist	200/ Weightage
4	Module IV Anarchist	20% Weightage
	Bakunin and Kropotkin	
5	Student Learning Outcomes: The student would be able to acquire a basic understanding of	
	Western Political thought Philosophers.and the various Ideas of Greek	

6	Pedagogy for Course Delivery								
	• Presentation								
	 Group Di 	scussion							
	 Lectures 								
7	Assessment/ Exa	amination	Scheme:						
	Theory L/T (%	6)	Lab/Practical/Studio (%)	End	Term Examination			
	100%		NA		70%				
	Theory Assessment (L&T):								
	Components	CIE	Mid Sem	Attend	lance	End Term			
	(Drop down)					Examination			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
	Weightage	10%	15%	5%	<u>/</u>	70%			
	(%)	1070	1370			7070			
	()								

Books Recommended

- VII. A History of Political Theory, George, H. Sabine, Oxford and IBH Publishing, New Delhi 1973.
- VIII. The Political thought, J.C Johari, Metropolitan Book Co. Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2008
- IX. Modern political thought, Nayyar Shamsi, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2006
- X. Great Political Thinkers, East & West, R.C Gupta, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2010.
- XI. Ancient Political Thought, V. Venkata Rao, S. Chand & Co Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,1988
- XII. A History of Political Thought, Jyoti Prasad Suda, K. Nath & Co. Meerut, 1984.

UG: Semester III

Course Title: Public Administration - II

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 384

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective:

This course provides a theoretical and practical understanding of the concepts and methods that are employed in the analysis of public policy. It uses the methods of political economy to understand policy as well as understand politics as it is shaped by economic changes. The course will be useful for students who seek an integrative link to their understanding of political science, economic theory and the practical world of development and social change.

Course	e Contents / Syllabus:		
	Module I	25% Weightage	
1			
	Globalization, Liberalization, Public Administration since World War II, New Public		
	Management, Features of New Public Management, Evaluation of New Public		
	Management		
2	Module II	25 %Weightage	
	Democracy and Good Governance, Features of Good Governance, Evaluation of Good		
	Governance,		
	Right To Information and E-Governance		
3	Module III	25% Weightage	
	Introduction, Changing Nature-with reference to Liberalization and Privatization Public-		
	Private Partnership, Shift in Economic Policy in Indian Economy after 1991, Behaviour and		
	attitudinal influence of GLP on the Administration, Public Private Partnerships in India		
4	Module IV	25 %Weightage	
	Introduction to Policy Analysis		
	The Analysis of Policy in the context of Theories of State		
	Political Economy and Policy: Interest Groups and Social Movement		
	Models of Policy Decision Making		
5	Student Learning Outcomes		

	The student will world of develop		analyze public policy shap social change.	ped by eco	nomic ch	anges and practical	
6	Pedagogy for Co						
	Presentati						
	Group Di						
	• Lectures						
7	Assessment/ Exa						
	Theory L/T (%)		Lab/Practical/Studio (%)		End Term Examination		
	100%	ı	NA			70%	
	Theory Assessm	ient (L&T):				
	Components (Drop down)	CIE	Mid Sem	Atten	dance	End Term Examination	

sential Readings

I. Introduction to Policy Analysis

Jenkins, B. (1997) 'Policy Analysis: Models and Approaches' in Hill, M. (1997) *The Policy Process: A Reader* (2nd Edition). London: Prentice Hall, pp. 30-40.

Dye, T.R. (2002) *Understanding Public Policy*. Tenth Edition. Delhi: Pearson, pp.1-9, 32-56 and 312-329.

Sapru, R.K.(1996) Public Policy: Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, pp. 26-46.

IGNOU. Public Policy Analysis. MPA-015. New Delhi: IGNOU, pp. 15-26 and 55-64.

Wildavsky, A.(2004), 'Rescuing Policy Analysis from PPBS' in Shafritz, J.M. & Hyde, A.C. (eds.) *Classics of Public Administration*. 5th Edition. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp.271-284.

II. The Analysis of Policy in the Context of Theories of State

Dunleavy, P. and O'Leary, B. (1987) Theories of the State. London: Routledge.

McClennan, G. (1997) 'The Evolution of Pluralist Theory' in Hill, M. (ed.) *The Policy Process: A Reader*. 2nd Edition. London: Prentice Hall, pp. 53-61.

Simmie, J. & King, R. (eds.) (1990) The State in Action: Public Policy and Politics. London: Printer Publication, pp.3-21 and 171-184.

Skocpol, T. et al (eds.) (1985) Bringing the State Back In. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 3-43 and 343-366.

Dye, T.R. (2002) *Understanding Public Policy*. 10th Edition. Delhi: Pearson, pp.11-31.

III. Political Economy and Policy: Interest Groups and Social Movements.

Lukes, S. (1986) *Power*. Basil: Oxford, pp. 28-36.

Lukes, S. (1997) 'Three Distinctive Views of Power Compared', in Hill, M. (ed.), *The Policy Process: A Reader*. 2nd Edition. London: Prentice Hall, pp. 45-52.

Giddens, A. (1998) The Third Way: The Renewal of Social Democracy. Cambridge: Polity Press, pp. 27-64 and 99-118.

IV. Models of Policy Decision-Making

Hogwood, B. & Gunn, L. (1984) Policy Analysis for the Real World. U.K: Oxford University Press, pp. 42-62.

Sabatier, P.L. & Mazmanian, D. (1979) 'The Conditions of Effective Policy Implementation', in *Policy Analysis*, vol. 5, pp. 481-504.

Smith, G. & May, D. (1997) 'The Artificial Debate between Rationalist and Incrementalist Models of Decision-making', in Hill, M. *The Policy Process: A Reader*. 2nd Edition. London: Prentice Hall, pp. 163-174.

IGNOU. Public Policy Analysis. MPA-015, New Delhi: IGNOU, pp. 38-54.

Henry, N.(1999) Public Administration and Public Affairs. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, pp. 346-368.

V Ideology and Policy: Nehruvian Vision, Economic Liberalisation and recent developments

Basu Rumki (2015) Public Administration in India Handates, Performance and Future Perspectives, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers Self, P. (1993) *Government by the Market? The Politics of Public Choice*. Basingstoke: MacMillan, pp. 1-20,70-105,113-146,198-231 and 262-277.

Girden, E.J. (1987) 'Economic Liberalisation in India: The New Electronics Policy' in *Asian Survey*. California University Press. Volume 27, No.11. Available at - www.jstor.org/stable/2644722.

Srivastava, P. (ed.) (2001) Non Alignment Movement: Extending Frontiers. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers, pp. 177-182.

Nayar, B.R and Paul, T.V. (2003) *India in the World Order*. New York: Cambridge University Press, pp. 115-158.

Karunakaran, K.P. (1958) *India in World Affairs*. Vol I. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, Chapter 9 & 10.

I. India and the Global Economic and Political Regimes – Main Issues

Thakur, R. (1994) *The Politics and Economics of India's Foreign Policy*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.1-32.

Dubey, M. (2007) 'Chapter eight', in *Indian Foreign Policy*, New Delhi: Foreign Service Institute.

Gharekhan, C.R. (2007) 'India and the United Nations' in *Indian Foreign Policy: Challenges and Opportunities*. New Delhi: Foreign Service Institute, pp 193-215.

II. Changing Relations with the US and Russia from Cold War to Post Cold War

(a) United States of America

Hathaway, R. (2003) 'The US-India Courtship: From Clinton to Bush', in Sumit Ganguly (ed.) *India as an Emerging Power*. London: Frank Cass, pp. 6-28.

Bertsch, G.K. and Gahlaut, S. (ed.) (1999) Engaging India: US- Strategic Relations with the World's Largest Democracy. New York: Routledge.

(b) Russia

Ollapaly, D. (2003) 'Indo-Russian Strategic Relations: New Choices and Constraints', in Sumit Ganguly (ed.) *India as an Emerging Power*. London: Frank Cass, pp.124-144.

Varma, S.N. (1999) Foreign Policy Dynamics: Moscow and India. New Delhi: Deep and Deep, pp. 11-26; 176-203.

III. India China Relations: Challenges and Prospects

Singh, S. (2003) China-South Asia: Issues, Equations and Policies. New Delhi: Lancers Books, pp. 123-170.

Dutt ,V.P. (2002) India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World. New Delhi: Vikas, pp. 203-225.

IV. India and South Asian States

(a) Pakistan: Challenges and Prospects

Bahadur, K. in Sisodia N.S. and Bhaskar, C.U. (eds.) (2005) *Emerging India*. New Delhi: Promila and Co.

Dixit, J.N. 2002. India-Pakistan in War and Peace. London: Routledge, Chapter 10.

(b) Afghanistan, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan and Maldives: Main Issues

Murthy, P. (2000) Managing Suspicion: Understanding India's Relations with Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan and Sri Lanka. New Delhi: Knowledge World, pp. 1-22.

Dutt, V.P. (1999) 'India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World. New Delhi: Vikas, Chapter 5. pp. 108-203

Saran, S. (2007) 'India and its Neighbors' in Indian Foreign Policy. New Delhi: Foreign Service Institute, pp 239-244.

Muni, S.D. (2003) 'Problem Areas in India's Neighbourhood Policy', South Asian Survey, 10(2): pp 185-196.

Bhargava, G.S. (1983) South Asian Security after Afghanistan. Toronto: Lexington Books, pp.

107-128.

Kidwai, S. (2005) 'Rebuilding Afghanistan: the Resurgent Role of India and Iran', in Ahmar,

M. (ed.) The Challenge of Rebuilding Afghanistan. Karachi: Bureau of Composition, Compilation and Translation Press, pp. 214-219.

Muni, S.D. (2007) 'India's Afghan Policy: Emerging From the Cold', in Warikoo, K. (ed.) *Afghanistan: Challenges and Opportunities. Volume 1- The Crisis*. New Delhi: Pentagon Press, pp. 333-350.

Chandra, A. (2007) 'India and Afghanistan: Renewing Economic Relations', in Warikoo, K. (ed.) *Afghanistan: The Challenge*. New Delhi: Pentagon Press, pp. 163-194.

Warikoo, K. (2007) 'Afghanistan Factor in Kashmir Crisis', in Warikoo, K. (ed.)

Afghanistan: The Challenge. New Delhi: Pentagon Press, pp.195-226. Ghosh, A. et. al. (eds.) (2009) India's foreign policy. New Delhi: Pearson.

Pant, H.V. (ed.) (2009) *India's foreign policy in a Unipolar World*. New Delhi: Routledge.

Behera, N.C. (ed.) (2008) International Relations in South Asia: Search for an Alternative Paradigm. New Delhi: Sage.

V. Security Challenges of India: An Appraisal

(a) Terrorism

Muni, S.D. (ed.) (2006) Responding to Terrorism in South Asia. New Delhi: Manohar, pp. 12-16.

Vanaik, Achin, (ed.) (2007) Masks of Empire. New Delhi: Tulika, pp. 103-128.

Dixit, J.N. (2001) *India's Foreign Policy—Challenge of Terrorism Fashioning Interstate Equations*. New Delhi: Gyan Publishing, Chapters 11, 12 and 13.

Marwah, V. (1997) Uncivil wars: Pathology of Terrorism in India. New Delhi: South Asia Books, pp. 4-30.

(b) Energy Security

Noronha, L. and Sudershan, A. (2009) 'Introduction', in *India's Energy Security*, New Delhi: Routledge.

Muni S.D. (2005) India's Energy Security: Prospect of Cooperation with External Neighbourhood. New Delhi: Rupa

Singh, B.K. (2010) *India's Energy Security: The Changing Dynamics*. New Delhi: Pentagon Energy Press.

Prasad, L. (2009) Energy security for India: Some Perspectives. LAP Lambert Academic Publishing.

(c) Nuclear Policy

Subramanyam, K. (2000) in Thomas, R.G.C. and Gupta, A. (eds.) *India's Nuclear Security*. New Delhi: Vistaar Publications. 'Chapter 3'.

Ganguly, S. (2000) 'Explaining the Indian Nuclear Tests of 1998', in Thomas, R.G.C. and Gupta, A. (eds.) *India's Nuclear Security*. New Delhi: Vistaar Publications.

Ramdas, N. (2003) 'India and the Bomb', in Ramana, M.V. and Rammanohar, C.R. *Prisoners of the Nuclear Dream*. Hyderabad: Orient Longman, pp 53-73.

Sen, A. (2003) 'India and the Bomb', in Ramana, M.V. and Rammanohar, C.R. *Prisoners of the Nuclear Dream*. Hyderabad: Orient Longman, pp 167-188.

VI. India and Regional Organizations – European Union (EU), Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN) and South Asian Association of Regional Cooperation (SAARC)

Abhayankar, R.M. (2007) Indian Foreign Policy. New Delhi: Foreign Service Institute, Chapter 20.

Research and Information Systems (2002) India-ASEAN Partnership in an Era of Globalisation: Reflections by Eminent Persons. pp. 105-110.

Graere, F. and Mattoo, A. (eds.) (2001) *India and ASEAN: The Politics of India's look East policy.* New Delhi: Manohar Publishers, pp 91-114.

Murthy, P. (2000) *Managing Suspicion: Understanding India's Relations with Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan and Sri Lanka*. New Delhi: Knowledge World, pp. 96-138.

UG: Semester IV

Course Title: Contemporary Diplomacy

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 481

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective:

In this course, major issues of current international affairs will be discussed so as to acquaint the students with the emerging trends in the global order. Issues that are highlighted in developing countries are covered.

Course C			
	Module I Instrument of National Interest		
1	National Interest: The Core in International Affairs		
	• Types of instruments (Diplomacy, Propaganda, Economic Instruments and War):		
	meaning, purpose, effectiveness, consequences		
	Meaning of Diplomacy		
	Nature, purpose and historical development, types		
	Diplomatic Practices: Diplomats, Rights and Privileges, Skills, Assignments		
2	Module II Diplomacy for Economic Blocks	25% Weightage	
	Economic blocs: OECD, OPEC, EU, ASEAN, SAARC, BRICS		
	Free Trade Agreements: Importance & Concerns		
3	Module III Diplomacy for Collective Environmental Goals	25% Weightage	
	Global Environment Conferences: Stockholm, Rio, Johannesburg		
	Agenda 21		
	Climate change: Kyoto, Copenhagen		
	Sustainability in Developed and Developing Countries		
4	Module IV Diplomacy for Security and Peace Issues:	25% Weightage	
	Disarmament: nuclear proliferation, Weapons of Mass Destruction		
	Security: terrorism (state/non-state actors), Cyber-Crimes		
	Peace Issues: Ethnic Cleansing, Genocide, Civil Wars,		

	Humanita	arian Inter	ventions: Refugees, Migratio	ts Violations				
5	Student Learnin	ng Outcon	nes					
	The students wo	uld be able	e to acquire a basic understan	ding of	Contem	porary Diplomacy and		
	the role of nation	al interest	s in the realm of world politi	cs.				
6	Dodo oo oo fon C	ouuso Doli	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	Pedagogy for Co		ivery					
	 Presentat 							
	Group Di	scussion						
	 Lectures 							
7	Assessment/ Ex	amination	Scheme:					
	Theory L/T (%	<u>(o)</u>	Lab/Practical/Studio (%)		End Term Examination			
		•	1					
	100%		NA		70%			
	Theory Assessm	nent (L&T	T):					
	Components	CIE	Mid Sem	Attend	dance	End Term		
	(Drop down)					Examination		
	XX 1 1 1 1001 1501		150/	50	./	700/		
	Weightage	10%	15%	59	6	70%		
	(%)							

Books Recommended:

- 7) R. J. Vincent 1995 Human rights and International Relations. Cambridge: CUP
- 8) Trevor Samson 2000 Issues in International Relations London: Routledge
- 9) John Vogler and Mark Imber. 1996 Eds. The Environment and International Relations: Global Environmental Change Programme. Londo: Routledge
- 10) Jill Steans. 2006. Gender and International Relation. Cambridge: Polity Press.
- 11) John Baylis and Steven Smith. 2014 Eds. The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations. London: OUP
- 12) James M. Lutz and Brenda J. Nutz Eds. The Global Terrorism. London: Routledge, 2004
- 13) Jennifer M Welsh. 2004. Eds. Humanitarian Interventions and International Relations.Oxford: Oxford University press.
- 14) Monika Szkariat and Katarzyra Mojska. 2016. Eds. New Technologies as a factor of International Relations. Cambridge: Cambridge Scholars Publishing.
- 15) Alexander Betts and Gill Loescher. 2011. Eds. Refiges in International Relations. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

UG: Semester IV

Course Title: Public Policy and Analysis

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 482

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective:

The course seeks to provide an introduction to the interface between public policy and administration in India. It emphasizes on decentralization, social welfare and financial accountability from a non western perspective.

6						
	Pedagogy for Co	ourse Deli	very			
	Presentati	ion				
	Group Di	scussion				
	• Lectures					
7	Assessment/ Exa					
	Theory L/T (%	6)	Lab/Practical/Studio (%)) E	nd Term Examination	
	100%		NA		70%	
	Theory Assessment (L&T)):			
	Components	CIE	Mid Sem	Attendanc		
	(Drop down)				Examination	
	Weightage (%)	10%	15%	5%	70%	

Essential Readings

1. Public Policy

- a. Dye, T.R. (1984) Understanding Public Policy. 5th Edition. USA: Prentice Hall, pp. 1 44.
- b. Sapru, R.K. (1996) Public Policy: Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, pp. 1 16.
- c. Dror, Y. (1989) Public Policy: making Reexamined. Oxford: Transaction Publication, pp. 3 24, 73 128 and 129 216.
- d. Wildavsky, A (2004) 'Rescuing Policy Analysis from PPBS', in Shafritz, J.M. & Hyde, A.C. Eds. Classics of Public Administration. 5th Edition. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp. 271 284.

2. Decentralization

- a. Meaning, approaches and perspectives
- b. Singh, S. and Sharma, P. (eds.) (2007) 'Introduction', i9n Decentralization: Istitutions and Politics in Rural India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp 1 36.
- c. Manor, J. (1999) 'Defining Terms', in the Political Economy of Democratic Decentralization. Washington D.C: The World Bank, pp.15 23.
- d. Administration, functional and Fiscal Dcentralization

e. Jayal, N.G.; Prakash, A. and Sharma, p. (2006) Local Governance in India: Decentralisation and Beyond. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Pp. 1 – 26.

3. Public Finance

- a. Erik lane, J. (2005) Public Administration and Public Management: The Principal Agent Perspective. New York: Routledge, pp. 1-28 and 48-76.
- b. Denhardt, R.B and Denhardt, J.V. (2009) Public Administration. New Delhi: Brooks/Cole, pp. 194 230.
- c. Henry, N. (1999) Public Administration and Public Affairs. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, pp 242 280.
- d. Caiden, N. (2004) 'Public Budgeting amidst Uncertainity and Instability', in Shafritz, J.M & Hyde, A.C. (eds.) Classics of Public Administration. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp. 423 433.

4. Citizens and Administration

- a. Bringing people closer to Administration: E governance
- i. Singh, A. and Prakash, G. (2008) 'A New Public Management Perspective in Indian E Governance Initiatives', in Critical Thinking In E Governance. Delhi: International Congress of E Governance.
- b. Meaning and forms of public accountability and redressal of public grievances: RTI, Lokpal
- i. Mukhopadyay, A. (2005) 'Social Audit', in Seminar. No. 551.
- ii. Jenkins, R. and Goetz, A.. (1999) 'Accounts and Accountability: Theoretical implications of the Right to Information Movement in India', in Third World Quarterly. June, pp. 603 622.
- iii. Sharma, P.K. & Devasher, M (2007) 'Right to information in India' in Singh, S. and Sharma, P. (eds.) Decentralization: Institutions and Politics in Rural India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 348 382.

UG: Semester IV

Course Title: Comparative Governments & Politics-II

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 483

L	T	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective:

In this course students will be trained in the application of comparative methods to the study of politics. The course is comparative in both what we study and how we study. In the process the course aims to introduce undergraduate students to some of the range of issues, literature, and methods that cover comparative politics.

Course Contents / Syllabus:	
Module I Approaches to Studying Comparative Politics	25% Weightage
Traditional Institutional	
Political Systems	
Political Culture	
New Institutionalism	
Module II Electoral System	25 %Weightage
 Definition and procedures: types of electoral systems (first past the post, Proportional Representation, Mixed Representation) Historical contexts of emergence of the party system and types of parties 	
Module III Nation – State	25% Weightage
• What is a nation – state?	
 Historical evolution in Western Europe and Postcolonial Contexts. 	
'Nation 'Vs State: debate	
Module IV Democratization	25% Weightage
 Process of democratization in postcolonial, post – authoritarian, and post communist countries 	
Federation and Confederation: Debates around territorial division of power	
Student Learning Outcomes	

The student will Theories and the					
Pedagogy for C	ourse Deli	very			
 Presentat 	ion				
Group Di	scussion				
• Lectures					
Assessment/ Ex	amination	Scheme:			
Theory L/T (%	6)	Lab/Practical/Studio (%)		d Term Examination	
100%		NA	70%		
Theory Assessm	ent (L&T	'):	,		
Components	CIE	Mid Sem	Attendance		
(Drop down)				Examination	
Weightage	10%	15%	5%	70%	
Wagnuge	10/0	13/0	370	1070	

Essential Readings

Almond, G. A. (ed.) (2000) 'Comparing Political Systems', in Gabriel A. et al. (eds.) *Comparative Politics Today: A World View*. New York: Longman, pp. 39-46.

Pennington, M. (2009) 'Theory, Institutions and Comparative Politics', in Bara, J. and Pennington, M. (eds.) *Comparative Politics: Explaining Democratic System.* Sage, New Delhi, pp 13-40.

Hall, P. And Taylor, Rosemary C. R. (1996) 'Political Science and the Three New Institutionalisms, *Political Studies*. XLIV, pp. 936-957.

Rosamond, B. (2005) 'Political Culture', in Axford, B. et al. (eds.) *Politics*, London: Routledge, pp. 57-81.

Howard, M. (2009) 'Culture in Comparative Political Analysis', in Lichback, M. I. and Zuckerman, A. S. (eds.) *Comparative Politics: Rationality, Culture, and Structure*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 134-161.

Fisher, J. R. (2011) 'Systems Theory and Structural Functionalism', in Ishiyama, J. T. and Breuning, M. (eds.) 21st Century Political Science: A Reference Handbook. Los Angeles: Sage, pp. 71-80.

Rakner, L. and Vicky, R. (2011) 'Institutional Perspectives', in Burnell, P. et.al. (eds.) *Politics in the Developing World*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 53-70.

Moser, R. G. and Ethan, S. (2004) 'Mixed Electoral Systems and Electoral System Effects Controlled Comparison and Cross-national Analysis', *Electoral Studies*. 23, pp. 575–599.

Heywood, A. (2002) 'Representation, Elections and Voting', in *Politics*. New York: Palgrave, pp. 223-245.

Evans, Jocelyn A.J. (2009) 'Electoral Systems', in Bara, J. and Pennington, M. (eds.) Comparative Politics. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 93-119.

ole, A. (2011) 'Comparative Political Parties: Systems and Organizations', in Ishiyama, John T. and Breuning, M. (eds.) 21st Century Political Science: A Reference Book. Los Angeles: Sage, pp. 150-158.

Criddle, B. (2003) 'Parties and Party System', in Axtmann, R. (ed.) *Understanding Democratic Politics: An Introduction*. London: Sage, pp. 134-142.

Heywood, A. (2002) 'Parties and Party System' in *Politics*. New York: Palgrave, pp. 247-268.

Boix, Ch. and Stokes, S. (eds.) (2007) Handbook of Comparative Politics, Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 499-521; 522-554

O'Conner, W. (1994) 'A Nation is a Nation, is a State, is a Ethnic Group, is a...', in Hutchinson, J. and Smith, A. (eds.) *Nationalism*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 36-46.

McLennan, G. Held, D. and Hall, S. (1984) *The Idea of Modern State*. Philadelphia: Open University Press, ch. 1.

Heywood, A. (2002), 'The State', in Politics. New York: Palgrave, pp. 85-102

Newton, K. and Deth, Jan W. V. (2010) 'The Development of the Modern State', in *Foundations of Comparative Politics: Democracies of the Modern World*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 13-33.

Sorensen, G. (2008) 'Globalization and Nation-State', in Caramani, D. (ed.) Comparative Politics. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 602-624.

Landman, T. (2003) 'Transition to Democracy', in Issues and Methods of Comparative Methods: An Introduction. London: Routledge, pp. 185-215.

Newton, K. and Deth, Jan W. V. (2010) 'Democratic Change and Persistence', in *Foundations of Comparative Politics: Democracies of the Modern World*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 53-67.

Haynes, J. (1999) 'State and Society', in *The Third World Politics*. Oxford: Blackwell, pp. 20-38; 39-63.

Smith, B.C. (2003) 'Democratization in the Third World', in *Understanding Third World Politics: Theories of Political Change and Development*. London: Palgrave Macmillan, pp. 250-274.

Burgess, M. (2006) *Comparative Federalism: Theory and Practice*. London: Routledge, pp. 9-49; 135-161.

Saxena, R. (2011) 'Introduction', in Saxena, R (eds.) *Varieties of Federal Governance: Major Contemporary Models*. New Delhi: Cambridge University Press, pp. xii-xl.

Watts, R. L. (2008) 'Introduction', in Comparing Federal Systems. Montreal and Kingston: McGill Queen's University Press, pp. 1-27; 29-62.

Newton, K. and Deth, Jan W. V. (2010) Foundations of Comparative Politics: Democracies of the Modern World. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Kamrava, M. (2003) Understanding Comparative Politics: A Frame Work of Analysis. London: Routledge.

Ishiyama, J. T. and Breuning, M. (eds.) (2011) 21st Century Political Science: A Reference Handbook. Los Angeles: Sage.

Gallagher, M. and Mitchell, P. (eds.) (2005) The Politics of Electoral System. Oxford: Oxford University Press

Caramani, D. (ed.) (2008) Comparative Politics. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 85- 107; 263-289; 293-317; 318-347.

Burnell, P. et. al. (eds.) (2008) Politics in the Developing World. New Delhi: Oxford, pp. 223-240; 257-276.

Hague, R. and Harrop, M. (2004) Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction, London: Palgrave, pp. 17-34.

Bara, J. and Pennington, M. (eds.) (2009) Comparative Politics. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 69-92;201-226.

Stepan, A. L., Juan J. and Yadav, Y. (2011) *Crafting State-Nations: India and other Multinational Democracies*. Baltimore: John Hopkins University Press, pp. 1-38.

Evans, P. et. al. (eds.) (1985) Bringing the State Back In. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, pp. 169-187.

Axford, Barrie. et al. (eds.) (2005) Politics. London: Routledge, pp. 204-220.

UG: Semester IV

Course Title: International Relations-II

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 484

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective: This Paper deals with the international relations highlighting the major debates and differences within the different theoretical paradigms. It highlights the various aspects of conflicts and conflict resolution in the specificity Zones. This paper also provides an insight into the study of foreign policy of India and Neighbors.

Course C	Contents / Syllabus:	
	Module I Foreign Policy of Great Powers	25% Weightage
1	 Foreign Policy of USA, 	
	Foreign Policy of Russia	
	Foreign Policy of China	
	•	
2	Module II India and Regions	25 %Weightage
	West Asia,	
	South Asia	
	South East Asia	
	• ASEAN	
3	Module III Third World in IR	25% Weightage
	 Defining First, Second and Third World 	
	North – South Dialogue	
	South – South Cooperation	
4	Module IV International Politics in Indian Ocean	25% Weightage
	Geo-Strategic Importance	
	Indian Ocean: Problems and Prospects	

	Quest for	influence	: India, USA & China				
5	Student Learnin	ng Outcon	nes:				
	The students wor	uld be able	to learn the basic understand	ding of Interna	ational Relations and the		
	various conflicting	ng regions	zones of the world.				
6	Pedagogy for Co	ourse Deli	very				
	 Presentat 	ion					
	Group Di	scussion					
	 Lectures 						
7	Assessment/ Exa	amination	Scheme:				
	Theory L/T (%	(o)	Lab/Practical/Studio (%)	En	d Term Examination		
	100% Theory Assessment (L&T)		100% NA		70%		
			· '):				
	Components	CIE	Mid Sem	Attendance	End Term		
	(Drop down)				Examination		
	Weightage	10%	15%	5%	70%		
	(%)						

Books Recommended

- 24. International systems in world History Remaking the study of International Relations, Barry Buzan and Richard Little, Oxford University, Press, New York, 2000.
- 25. International relations, Vinay kumar Malhotra, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2012
- 26. Rajan, M.S., and Shivaj Ganguli, (eds.) India and international System, New Delhi, Vikas, 1981
- 27. Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Mahendra Kumar, Shiva Lal Agarwal, Agra, 1967
- 28. K.P. Mishra and R.S. Beal, International Relations Theory, Vikas Publishers, New Delhi, 1990
- 29. Gujral, I.K., A foreign policy for India, External publicity division, MEA, Government of India, Delhi, 1998

- 30. India's Foreign Policy, Subhas Shukla, Anamika Publishers, New Delhi, 2007
- 31. India's Foreign & Sub Continental Politics, Vandana Asthana, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 1999
- 32. India's Foreign Policy & its Neighbours, Dhiraj Shrivastava, ABD Publishers, Jaipur, 2007.
- 33. India's Foreign Policy of India, Sudhir Pattnaik, Arise Publishers, New Delhi, 2008
- 34. Foreign Policy of India, V.N. Khanna, vikas publishing house Pvt. Ltd. 2007.

UG: Semester V

Course Title: Constitution of India

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 581

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective:

This paper introduces the students to the Constitutions of India with its structural and functional aspect. It is expected that the knowledge acquired in the introductory political theory paper shall be juxtaposed in understanding the fundamental points of this paper.

Course C	ontents / Syllabus:		
1	Module I Introduction to the Indian Constitution	25% Weightage	
	Preamble & its Philosophy		
	Salient features of Indian Constitution		
2	Module II Key Concepts	25 %Weightage	
	Citizenship – Methods of acquiring & losing, Fundamental Rights & Fundamental		
	Duties		
	Directive Principles of State Policy		
3	Module III Union Government: Organization, Power & functions	25% Weightage	
	Legislature: Union Parliament		
	• Executive: President, Vice President, Prime Minister & Council of Ministers		
	Judiciary: Supreme Court		
4	Module IV State Government: Organization, power & functions	25% Weightage	
	State legislature		
	State Executive: Governor, Chief Minister & Council of Ministers		
	State judiciary: High Court		
5	Student Learning Outcomes		
	The students would be able to acquire a basic understanding of the Constitution of India and		
	the various powers and functions of the Government.		
6	Pedagogy for Course Delivery		

1					
• Presentat					
Group Di	iscussion				
 Lectures 					
Assessment/ Ex	aminatior	n Scheme:			
Theory L/T (%	(6)	Lab/Practical/Studio ((%)	End Term Examin	nation
100%)	NA		70%	
Theory Assessm		·			
(Drop down)	CIE	Mid Sem	Attenda	End Ter Examinat	

Books Recommended:

- 1. An Introduction to the Constitution of India, D.D Basu, Prentice Hall, New Delhi. (Latest Edition).
- 2. An Introduction to the Constitution of India, M.V. Pylee, Vikas, New Delhi, 1998.
- 3. Constitutional questions in India: The President, Parliament and the States, A.G. Noorani, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2000.
- 4. Indian Political System, J.C Johari, Anmol Publishers, New Delhi, 1966.
- 5. Constitutional Development and National Movement in India, V.D. Mahajan, S. Chand and Co, New Delhi, 1986.
- 6. The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation, Granville Austin, Oxford University Press, USA, 1999
- 7. Our Constitution: An Introduction To India's Constitution And Constitutional Law, Subhash C. Kashyap, National Book Trust, India, 2008

UG: Semester V

Course Title: Indian Government and Politics

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 582

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective:

This course maps the working of 'modern' institutions, premised on the existence of an individuated society, in a context marked by communitarian solidarities, and their mutual transformation thereby. It also familiarizes students with the working of the Indian state, paying attention to the contradictory dynamics of modern state power.

Course Contents / Syllabus:		
Module I Political Parties and the Party System & Elections and the Electoral System	20% Weightage	
 National and regional parties; trends in the party system – from the Congress system to the era of multiparty coalitions 		
 The nature of and challenges to, the electoral system; social determinants of voting 		
Module II Federalism and regional aspirations,	30 %Weightage	
 Politics of Secession, autonomy and accommodation 		
 Debates on secularism; majority and minority communalism 		
Module III Caste and Politics,	30% Weightage	
 Caste in Politics and the politicization of caste; interaction of caste with class and gender; caste discrimination and affirmative action policies 		
 The nature of political power in India with reference to developmental, welfare, ideology and coercive dimensions. 		
Module IV	20% Weightage	
 Religion and Politics Changing Nature of Indian Politics 		
Identity Politics		
Tachitty I offices		

Pedagogy for Co • Presentat		very			
Group Di					
• Lectures					
Assessment/ Ex	amination	1			
Theory L/T (%	(o)	Lab/Practical/Studio (%	%) I	End Term Examination	
100%		NA		70%	
Theory Assessm	nent (L&T	`):			
Theory Assessm Components (Drop down)	ent (L&T	T): Mid Sem	Attendan	ce End Term Examination	
Components	1	•	Attendand		

Essentials Readings

Austin, Granville, Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience, OUP, Delhi, 1999.

Basu, DD, Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice-Hall, 1980.

Bhargava, Rajeev ed., Secularism and its Critics, OUP, New Delhi, 1998.

Brass, Paul R., The Politics of India since Independence, Cambridge University Press and Foundation Books, New Delhi, Second Edition, reprinted 1999

Chandra, Bipan, Mridula Mukherjee and Aditya Mukherjee, India after Independence 1947-2000, Penguin Books, Delhi, 2000

Chaube, S.K., Constituent Assembly of India: Springboard of Revolution, Peoples' Publishing House, New Delhi, 1973.

Chakrabarty, Bidyut, Forging Power, Coalition Politics in India, OUP, New Delhi, 2006.

Chatterjee, Partha, State and Politics in India, OUP, New Delhi, 2004 (paperback)

UG: Semester V

Course Title: World History

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 583

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective:

This course introduces students to some of the most important theoretical approaches for studying international relations. It provides a fairly comprehensive overview of the major political developments and events starting from the twentieth century. Students are expected to learn about the key milestones in world history and equip them with the tools to understand and analyze the same from different perspective.

Course Contents / Syllabus:	
Module I Effects of World War - I	25 %Weightage
World War I: Causes and Consequences	
Significance of the Bolshevik Revolution	
Module II Effects of World War – II	25 %Weightage
Rise of Fascism/Nazism	
World War II: Causes and Consequences	
Module III Third World Countries and Cold Waves	25 %Weightage
Cold War: Different Phases	
Emergence of the Third World	
Armament, Disarmament and Arms Control	
Collapse of the USSR	
The End of the Cold War	
Module IV Post Cold War Developments	25 %Weightage
Post Cold War Developments	
Emergence of other Power centers of Power	
• ASEAN	

	 BRICS 							
	• SAARC							
	 IBSA 							
	• SCO							
	Student Learnin	Student Learning Outcomes						
	The student will be able to describe analyze and evaluate major political developments and							
	key milestones in world history.							
5	Pedagogy for C		ivery					
	• Presentat							
	Group Di							
	• Lectures							
6			nation Scheme:					
	Theory L/T (%	(o)	Lab/Practical/Studio (%)	End Term Examination			
	100%	1	NA		70%			
	Theory Assessn	nent (I &T	7)•					
	Components	CIE	Mid Sem	Attendar	ice End Term			
			Wild Scill	Attendar				
					Evamination			
	(Drop down)				Examination			
					Examination			
	(Drop down)		150/	50/				
		10%	15%	5%	Examination 70%			

Essential Readings:

Hobsbawm, E. (1995) Age of Extreme: The Short Twentieth Century, 1914—1991. London: Abacus, pp. 108-141.

Carr, E.H. (2004) International Relations between the Two World Wars: 1919-1939. New York: Palgrave, pp. 197-231 and 258-278.

Taylor, A.J.P. (1961) The Origins of the Second World War. Harmondsworth: Penguin, pp.29-65.

Carrtuthers, S.L. (2005) 'International History, 1900-1945' in Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008)

Calvocoressi, P. (2001) World Politics: 1945—2000. Essex: Pearson, pp. 3-91.

Scott, L. (2005) 'International History, 1945-1990' in Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008) *The Globalization of World Politics. An Introduction to International Relations*. 4th edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 93-101.

Hobsbawm, E. (1995) Age of Extreme: The Short Twentieth Century, 1914—1991. London: Abacus, pp. 225-226.

Hobsbawm, E. (1995) Age of Extreme: The Short Twentieth Century, 1914—1991. London: Abacus, pp. 207-222.

Scott, L. (2005) 'International History, 1945-1990' in Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008) *The Globalization of World Politics. An Introduction to International Relations*. 4th edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 93-101.

Brezeznski, Z. (2005) Choice: Global Dominance or Global Leadership. New York: Basic Books, pp. 85-127.

Gill, S. (2005) 'Contradictions of US Supremacy' in Panitch, L. and Leys, C. (eds.) *Socialist Register: The Empire Reloaded*. London: Merlin Press. 2004, London, Merlin Press and New York, Monthly Review Press. *Socialist Register*, pp.24-47.

Therborn, G. (2006) 'Poles and Triangles: US Power and Triangles of Americas, Asia and Europe' in Hadiz, V.R. (ed.) *Empire and Neo Liberalism in Asia*. London: Routledge, pp.23-37.

UG: Semester V

Course Title: India's Foreign Policy

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 584

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective:

The course introduces the key determining principles of India's foreign policy to students. It highlights the central realities, issues and development pertaining to India's foreign policy at the bilateral, regional and global levels. The course imparts an understanding of India's important bilateral relationships and the country's role in global economic and political regimes. It apprises students of the major security challenges facing the country in the 21st century.

Course C	Contents / Syllabus:		
	Module I Determinants and Principles of India's Foreign Policy	25% Weightage	
1	Determinants of India's Foreign Policy		
	Objectives and Principles		
	 Non –Alignment: Concepts, Policy and Relevance in the contemporary Era 		
	 Indian Foreign Policy during the Cold War and The Post Cold War 		
2	Module II Changing Relations with the US, Russia and China in the 21st Century	25 %Weightage	
	• India and US		
	India and Russia		
	India and China		
3	Module III India and Neighbors	25% Weightage	
	Pakistan: Challenges and Prospects		
	 Afghanistan, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan and Maldives 		
4	Module IV India and the Security Challenges	25% Weightage	
	• Challenges to the India's National Security:		
	• Terrorism		
	Energy Security		
	Nuclear Policy		

	Environn	nental Issu	ies							
5	Student Learnin The students wou relations with the									
6	Presentati	Pedagogy for Course Delivery • Presentation • Group Discussion • Lectures								
7			on Scheme: Lab/Practical/Studio (%) NA			Term Examination 70%				
			omponents CIE Mid Sem Attender		dance	End Term Examination				
	Weightage (%)	10%	15%	59	%	70%				

Essential Readings

XIII. Determinants and Principles of India's Foreign Policy

- 1. Appadorai, A. (1981) Domestic Roots of Foreign Policy. New Delhi: Oxford University Press
- 2. Bandhopadhyaya, J. (1970) Making of India's Foreign Policy: New Delhi: Allied
- 3. Rana, A.P. (1976) Imperatives of non Alignment: A Conceptual srtudy of India's Foreign Policy Strategy in the Nehru Period. New Delhi: Macmillan
- **4.** Mishra, K.P. (eds.) (1969) Studies in India's Foreign Policy. New Delhi: Vikas, pp. 90 06.
- 5. Ashok Kapur, A. Jeyaratnam Wilson (1996), The Foreign Policy Of India And Her Neighbours, Palgrave Macmillan

- 6. V. P. Dutt (1999), India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World, New Delhi: NBT
- 7. David M. Malone (2014), Does the Elephant Dance?: Contemporary Indian Foreign Policy: New Delhi: Oxford India Paperback

UG: Semester V

Course Title: Globalization and Society

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 585

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective:

This course introduces students to the key debates on the meaning and nature of globalization. It addresses political, economic, social, cultural and technological dimensions of globalization. The course also seeks to impart an understanding of the key contemporary issues such as the proliferation of nuclear weapons, ecological issues, international terrorism, and issues pertaining to poverty, development and human security.

Course Co	ntents / Syllabus:	
	Module I Globalization: Conception and Perspectives	25% Weightage
1	Political, Cultural and Technological Dimensions	
	Global Economy: Its Significance and anchors	
	Global Social Networks/Global Resistances	
	Module II Sociology of Globalization	25 %Weightage
2	Democratization of opportunities: Information and Career	
	Transnational Migration: families, communities, ethnicities	
	Seamless Cultural Assimilation: Real time interaction/transaction, Global Civil	
	Society, media/entertain industry and consumption	
3	Module III Globalization in Reverse	25% Weightage
	Identity & Social conflicts	
	Economies of scale: Poverty & Inequality	
	Global governance and privacy protection	
4	Module IV Globalization and Its Impact on Society	25% Weightage
	Changes in Social Norms and Values	
	From mono-culture to multi-Culturalism	

	_	in family s g Languag	structures ses, Culture and Values, Rea	ffirmation of l	ocal Culture	
5	Student Learnin	ıg Qutcor	nes			
S		understan	d the political, economic, so	cial, cultural a	nd technological	
6	Pedagogy for Co Presentati Group Di Lectures	ion	ivery			
6	Assessment/ Exa Theory L/T (%		Scheme: Lab/Practical/Studio (%	b) En	d Term Examination	
	100%		NA 70%		70%	
	Theory Assessm	ent (L&T				
	Components (Drop down)	CIE	Mid Sem	Attendance	End Term Examination	
	Weightage (%)	10%	15%	5%	70%	

Essential Readings

- Held, D. and McGrew, A. (eds.) (2002) *Global Transformations Reader: Politics, Economics and Culture*. 2nd edn. Stanford: Stanford University Press.
 - Woods, N. (2005) 'International Political Economy in an Age of Globalization',
 - in Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) *The Globalization of World Politics*. 3rd edn. New Delhi:Oxford University Press, pp. 326-332.
- Nicholson, M. (2002) *International Relations: A Concise Introduction*. New York: Palgrave, pp. 18-24. Ravenhill, J. (ed.) (2008) *Global Political Economy*. 2nd edn. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 18-24.
- Willetts, P. (2005) 'Transnational Actors and the International Organizations in Global Politics', in Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008) *The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations*. 4th edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 425-447.
- Goddard, C.R. (2003) 'The IMF', in Goddard, C.R., Cronin, P. and Dash, K.C. (eds.) *International Political Economy: State-Market Relations in a Changing Global Order*. 2nd edn. Boulder: Lynne Rienner.
- Picciotto, R. (2003) 'A New World bank for a New Century', in Goddard, C.R., Cronin, P. and Dash, K.C. (eds.) *International Political Economy: State-Market Relations in a Changing Global Order*. 2nd edn. Boulder: Lynne Rienner.
- Clegg, L.J. (1996) 'The Development of Multinational Enterprises', in Daniels, P.W. and Lever, W.F. (eds.) *The Global Economy in Transition*. London: Longman, pp. 103-34.
- Viotti, P.R. and Kauppi, M.V. (2007) *International Relations and World Politics: Security, Economy, Identity*. 3rd edn. New Delhi: Pearson Education, pp.344-346 and 389-390.
- Narlikar, A. (2005) The World Trade Organisation: A Very Short Introduction. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 22-98.
- Winham, G.R. (2008) 'The Evolution of the Trade Regime', in Ravenhill, J. (ed.) *Global Political Economy*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 152-171.
- Nicholson, M. (2002) International Relations: A Concise iItroduction. New York: Palgrave, pp. 185-204.
- Viotti, P.R. and Kauppi, M.V. (2007) *International Relations and World Politics: Security, Economy, Identity*. 3rd edn. New Delhi: Pearson Education, pp. 430-450.
- Goldstein, J.S. (2003) International Relations. New Delhi: Pearson Education, pp. 351 354 and 366-375.

- Gordon, L. and Halperin, S. (2003) 'Effective Resistance to Corporate Globalisation', in Gordon, L. and Halperin, S. (eds.) *Global Civil Society and its Limits*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan, pp. 1-24.
- O'Brien, R. Goetz, A.M. Scholte, J.C. and Williams, M. (2000) *Contesting Global Governance*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 1-23.
- Thomas, C. (2008) 'Globalisation and Development in the South', in Ravenhill, J. (ed.)
- Global Political Economy. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 410-447.
 - Greene, O. (2005) 'Environmental Issues', in Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008) *The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations*. 4th edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 451-478.
 - Nicholson, M. (2002) *International Relations: A Concise Introduction*. New York: Palgrave, pp. 175-181.
 - Viotti, P.R. and Kauppi, M.V. (2007) *International Relations and World Politics: Security, Economy, Identity*. 3rd edn. New Delhi: Pearson Education, pp. 430-450.
 - Howlett, D. (2005) 'Nuclear Proliferation', in Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008) *The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations*. 4th edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 499-519.
 - Viotti, P.R. and Kauppi, M.V. (2007) *International Relations and World Politics: Security, Economy, Identity*. 3rd edn. New Delhi: Pearson Education, pp.238-250 and 259-263.
 - Viotti, P.R. and Kauppi, M.V. (2007) *International Relations and World politics: Security, Economy, Identity*. 3rd edn. New Delhi Pearson Education, pp. 275-290.
 - Vanaik, A. (2007) 'Political Terrorism and the US Imperial Project', in *Masks of Empire*. New Delhi: Tulika Books, pp. 103-128.
 - Halliday, F. (2004) 'Terrorism in Historical Perspective', *Open Democracy*, 22 April.[Online] DOI: http://www.opendemocracy.net/conflict/article_1865.jsp (Accessed: 13 October 2011).
 - Thomas, C. (2005) 'Poverty, Development, and Hunger', in Baylis, J. and Smith, S.(eds.) *The Globalization of World Politics*. 3rd edn. New Delhi: Oxford University Press,pp. 645-668.

Nicholson, M. (2002) International Relations: A Concise Introduction. New York: Palgrave.

Viotti, P.R. and Kauppi, M.V. (2007) *International Relations and World Politics: Security, Economy, Identity*. 3rd edn. New Delhi Pearson Education, pp. 349-350.

Shahrbanou, T. and Chenoy, A. (2007) *Human Security*. London: Routledge, pp. 13-19, 122-127, and 237-243. Wade, R.H. (2008) 'Globalisation, Growth, Poverty, Inequality, Resentment, and Imperialism', in Ravenhill, J. (ed.) *Global Political Economy*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 373-409.

Additional Readings

Brown, C. (2001) Understanding International Relations. 2nd edn. Basingstoke: Palgrave.

Woods, N. (1996) Explaining International Relations since 1945. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Castells, M. (2000) The Rise of the Network Society. Oxford: Blackwell.

Porter, G. and Brown, J.W. (2002) Global Environmental Politics. 3rd edn. Boulder: Westview.

Buzan, B. and Herring, E. (1998) The Arms Dynamic in World Politics. London: Lynne Rienner.

Adams, N.B. (1993) World Apart: The North-South Divide and the International System.

London: Zed.

UG: Semester VI

Course Title: Feminist Theory and Practice

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 681

L	Т	P/S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective:

The aim of the course is to explain contemporary debates on feminism and the history of feminist struggles.

Course	Contents / Syllabus:	
1	Module I Approaches to understanding Patriarchy	25% Weightage
	 Feminist theorizing of the sex/gender distinction; Biologism versus Social Constructivism Understanding Patriorchy and Feminism 	
	 Understanding Patriarchy and Feminism Liberal, Socialist, Marxist, Radical feminism, New Feminist Schools/Traditions 	
2	Module II History of Feminism	25 %Weightage
	 Origins of Feminism in the West: France, Britain and United States of America Feminism in the Socialist Countries: China, Cuba and USSR Feminist issues and women's participation in anti-colonial and national liberation movements with special focus on India 	
3	Module III The Indian Experience: Feminist Perspective	25% Weightage
	 Traditional Historiography and Feminist critiques, Social Reforms, Movement and position of women in India, History of Women's struggle in India Family in contemporary India – Patrilineal and Matrilineal practices, Gender relations in the family, Patterns of Consumption: Intra Household Divisions, entitlements and bargaining, Property Rights 	

4	 Understa and Repr care), Un 	nding Wor	g Woman's Work and I man's Work and Labour- abour, Visible-invisible w nd Paid work, Methods of	Sexual Divis	sion of I id (repro	oductive and child	25% Weightage	Essential reading Jagger, Alison. (1983) Feminist Politics and Human Nature.
5	Student Learnin							U.K.:
	The students wor		e to acquire a basic under issue.	standing of I	Feminis:	m and various		Harvester Press, pp.
7	Pedagogy for C Presentat Group D Lectures Assessment/ Ex	ion iscussion						25- 350. Supplementa ry Readings: Ray, Suranjita.
,	Theory L/T (%		Lab/Practical/Studio	(%)	End	Term Examination]	Understandi ng
	100%)	NA			70%		Patriarchy. Available at:
	Theory Assessn	nent (L&T	Γ):					Lerner, Gerda.
	Components (Drop down)	CIE	Mid Sem	Attend	lance	End Term Examination		(1986) The Creation of Patriarchy. New York: Oxford
	Weightage (%)	10%	15%	5%	6	70%		University Press.
								Rowbothan

Shiela. (1993) Women in Movements. New York and London: Routledge, Section I, pp. 27-74 and 178-218. Jayawardene, Kumari. (1986) Feminism and Nationalism in the Third World. London: Zed Books, pp. 1-24, 71-108, and Conclusion.

Forbes, Geraldine (1998) Women in Modern India. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 1-150.

Eisentein, Zillah. (1979) Capitalist Patriarchy and the Case for Socialist Feminism. New York: Monthly Review Press, pp. 271-353. Funk, Nanette & Mueller, Magda. (1993) Gender, Politics and Post-Communism. New York and London: Routledge, Introduction and Chapter 28.

Chaudhuri, Maiyatree. (2003) 'Gender in the Making of the Indian Nation State', in Rege, Sharmila. (ed.) *The Sociology of Gender: The Challenge of Feminist Sociological Knowledge*. New Delhi: Sage.

Banarjee, Sikata. (2007) 'Gender and Nationalism: The Masculinisation of Hinduism and Female Political Participation', in Ghadially, Rehana. (ed.) *Urban Women in Contemporary India: A Reader*. New Delhi: Sage.

I. The Indian Experience: Feminist Perspective.

Roy, Kumkum. (1995) 'Where Women are Worshipped, There Gods Rejoice: The Mirage of the Ancestress of the Hindu Women', in Sarkar, Tanika & Butalia, Urvashi. (eds.) *Women and the Hindu Right*. Delhi: Kali for Women, pp. 10-28

Chakravarti, Uma. (1988) 'Beyond the Altekarian Paradigm: Towards a New Understanding of Gender Relations in Early Indian History', *Social Scientist*, Volume 16, No. 8. Banerjee, Nirmala. (1999) 'Analysing Women's work under Patriarchy' in Sangari, Kumkum & Chakravarty, Uma. (eds.) *From Myths to Markets: Essays on Gender*. Delhi: Manohar.

Gandhi, Nandita & Shah, Nandita. (1991) *The Issues at Stake – Theory and Practice in Contemporary Women's Movement in India*. Delhi: Zubaan, pp. 7-72. Shinde, Tarabai (1993) 'Stri-Purush Tulna', in Tharu, Susie & Lalita, K. (eds.) *Women Writing in India, 600 BC to the Present. Vol. I.* New York: Feminist Press.

Desai, Neera & Thakkar, Usha. (2001) Women in Indian Society. New Delhi: National Book Trust

UG: Semester VI

Course Title: Theories of Administration

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 682

L	T	P/S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective:

The course provides an introduction to the discipline of public administration. The emphasis is on administrative theory, including non-western developing country perspectives. An understanding of the classical theories of administration provides a practical context with the link to public policy. The course explores some contemporary social values, including social protection, feminism and ecological conservation and how the call for greater democratization is restructuring public administration. The course will also attempt to provide the student some practical hands-on understanding of contemporary administration and policy concerns.

	Module I Public administration as a Discipline and Profession	25% Weightage
1	 Meaning, scope and significance of the subject, public and private administration 	
	 Evolution and major approaches 	
	Module II Administrative theories	25 %Weightage
2	Ideal-type bureaucracy	
	Scientific management	
	Human relations theory	
	Rational decision-making	
3	Module III Development administration	25% Weightage
	Development administration	
	Rigg's ecological approach	
4	Module IV Recent Trends	25% Weightage
	New public administration	
	New public management	
	Good governance	
	 Feminist perspectives 	
	Revisiting Gandhi's concept of Oceanic Circles	
5		

			to acquire the basic unde ous concepts and approac	_					
6	Pedagogy for Co	ourse Deli	very						
	Presentation								
	Group Di	scussion							
	• Lectures								
7	Assessment/ Exa	amination							
	Theory L/T (%)		Lab/Practical/Studio (%)		End Term Examination				
	100%		NA		70%				
	Theory Assessm	Theory Assessment (L&T):							
	Components	CIE	Mid Sem	Atten	ndance End Term				
	(Drop down)					Examination			
	Weightage (%)	10%	15%	59	%	70%			

Essential readings

- a. Waldo, D. (1968) 'Public Administration' in International Encyclopedia of the Social Sciences. (s.n.): Macmillan, pp.145-156. 30
- **b.** White, D.(2004) 'Introduction To The Study Of Public Administration' in Shafritz, J.M. and Hyde, A.C. (eds.) Classics of Public Administration. 5th Edition. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp.56-63.
- **c.** Marini, F. (1998) 'Public administration', in Shafritz, J.M. (ed.) International encyclopedia of Public Policy and Administration. Boulder, Colo: Westview, pp 1782-1788.
- **d.** Wilson, W. (2004) 'The Study of Administration', in Shafritz, J.M. and Hyde, A.C. (eds.) Classics of Public Administration. 5th Edition. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp. 22-34.
- e. Goodnow, F. (2004) 'Politics In Administration', in Shafritz, J.M. and Hyde, A.C. (eds.) Classics of Public Administration. 5th Edition. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp. 35-37.
- **f.** Denhardt, B.R. (1992) 'Public Administration Theory: The State of the Discipline' in, Lynn, N.B. and Wildavsky, A. (eds.) Public Administration Theory: The State of the Discipline. 1st Edition. New Delhi: EWP, pp 43-72.
- **a.** Alhson, G.T. (1997) 'Public and Private Management', in Shafritz, J.M. and Hyde, A.C. (eds.) Classics of Public Administration. 4th Edition. Forth Worth: Hartcourt Brace, TX, pp. 510-529.
- b. Bhattacharya, M. (2008) New Horizons of Public Administration. 5th Revised Edition. New Delhi: Jawahar Publishers, pp. 21-30

UG: Semester VI

Course Title: International Organizations

Credit Units: 4

Course Code: BPS 683

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
4	0	0	0	4

Course Objective: This course provides overview on the major international organizations: their origin and evolution, their role and activities. It also summarizes important conventions and treaties, and recent developments relating to the institutions.

Course C	Contents / Syllabus:		
	Module I Emergence of International Organizations	20% Weightage	
1	Meaning, Nature and Scope		
	 Evolution and Significance of League of Nations 		
	Emergence and Structure of the United Nations		
	Module II Peace, Justice and Security	30 %Weightage	
2	• UNSC		
	• ICJ		
	• IAEA		
	• OPCW		
	• Interpol		
3	Module III International Socio – Economic Organizations	25% Weightage	
	WB, IMF, WTO, FAO, UNDP, UNEP, UNIDO, UNESCO, transparency		
	International, Amnesty International		
4	Module IV Crisis and Disaster Management	25% Weightage	
	• UNHCR		
	• WHO		
	Red Cross		
	 Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF) 		
5	Student Learning Outcomes		

			to acquire the basic understanders, powers and functions.	nding of the I	nternational	
6	Pedagogy for Co					
	Presentation					
	Group Di	scussion				
	• Lectures					
7	Assessment/ Exa					
	Theory L/T (%	(o)	Lab/Practical/Studio (%)) En	d Term Examination	
	100%		NA		70%	
	Theory Assessm	nent (L&T	`):	•		
	Components (Drop down)	ponents CIE Mid Sem Atte		Attendance	End Term Examination	
	Weightage (%)	10%	15%	5%	70%	

Essential Reading

Keohane, R.O. and Nye, (1991) 'Trans-governmental Relations and the International Organization' in Smith, M. and Little, R. (eds.) Perspectives on World Politics. New York: Routledge, rpt. 2000, pp. 229-241.

Willetts, P. (2005) 'Transnational Actors and the International Organizations in Global Politics', in Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008) The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations. 4th edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 425-447.

Armstrong, D., Lloyd, L. and Redmond, J. (2004) International organisations in world politics. 3rd edn. New York: Palgrave Macmillan, pp. 42-43.

Claude, (1984), Swords into Plowshares: The Progress and Problems of International Organisation (New York: Random House, 1984).

SYLLABUS: YEAR 2021-22



Course structure: INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL SCIENCE - BPS184

Course Title: INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL SCIENCE Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS181

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the basic of political science.
- Help students to practice theoretical aspects of political science.
- Enable students to strengthen their conceptual understanding.

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of political science and theoretical underpinnings.

Course Contents/Syllabus:

•	Weightage (%)
Module I Introduction to Political Science	
 Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance of Political Science Relationship with other Social Sciences: History, Psychology, Sociology, Economics, and Philosophy 	25%

 Approaches to study of Political Science Behavioralism and Post-Behaviouralism 	
Module II State	
 Meaning, Definition and Elements of State Origin of the State: Divine Theory, Social Contract theory and Evolutionary Theory of the State 	25%
Mo Module III Sovereignty	
 Meaning, attributes and Kinds Theories of Sovereignty: Monistic and Pluralistic Concept of Sovereignty in the age of Globalization 	25%
Mo Module IV Basic Concepts of Political Science	
 Rights: Meaning, Importance, Kinds and Safeguards Liberty, Equality and Justice: Meaning, Importance and Kinds Political Obligations: Duties towards the State 	25%

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the concepts of political science and state formation.
- Analyze various states' institutions and their functions.
- Identify, implement and evolve conceptual understanding of the subject.
- Evaluate the different ideologies in the field of political science.
- Enable students to understand politics in the surrounding area.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

- 16) Political Theory: Ideas & Concepts, S. Ramaswamy, Delhi, Macmillan, 2002
- 17) Modern Political Theory, S.P Verma, New Delhi, Vikas, 1983
- 18) Principles of Modern, Political Science, J C Johri, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 1995.
- 19) Principles of Political Science, A.C. Kapur, New Delhi, Sultan Chand and Sons, 2004.
- 20) Principles of Political Science, N.N. Agarwal, Vidya Bhushan, Vishnoo Bhawan, R. Chand & Co, New Delhi, 1998.
- 21) Political Science Theory, S.C. Pant, Prakashan Kendra, Lucknow, 1998.
- 22) Political Science Theory, S.N. Dubey, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2002.



Course structure: INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT- I – BPS182

Course Title: INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT- I Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS182

Course Objectives:

Enable students to understand the ancient Indian political thought.

• Help students to practice the political philosophy of Kautilya in the contemporary era.

• Enable students to strengthen their knowledge about Indian political thinkers.

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of ancient Indian political thought.

	Weightage (%)
Module I Indian Political Thought	
Brahamanic and Shramanic	25%
Islamic and Syncretic	
Ved Vyasa (Shantiparva): Rajadharma	
Module II	
Manu: Social Laws	25%
Kautilya: Theory of State	

 Module III Aggannasutta (Digha Nikaya): Theory of Kingship Zia Barani: Ideal Polity 	25%
Module IV	
Abul Fazl: MonarchyKabir: Syncretism	25%

- Understand the concepts and philosophical ideas of various thinkers.
- Analyze various differences between Brahamanic and Shramanic traditions.
- Identify, implement and evolve critical thinking on Digha Nikaya.
- Evaluate the political ideas of Zia Barni
- Enable students to understand Kabir's social philosophy

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended

- 35. Parekh, Bhiku (1986) 'Some reflections on the Hindu Tradition of political though', in Pantham, Thomas and Deutsch, Kenneth. I. (eds.) Political thought in modern India. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 17 31
- 36. Altekar, A.S. (1958) 'The Kingship', in state and Government in Ancient India. (3rd Edition). Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, pp. 75 108.

- 37. Shakir, Moin (1986) 'Dynamics of Muslim political thought', in Pantham, Thomas and Deutsch, Kenneth I. (eds) Political thought in Modern India. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 142 160.
- 38. Pandey, G.C. (1978) Sraman tradition: Its History and contribution to Indian Culture. Ahmedabad, L.D. Institute of Indology, pp. 52 73.
- 39. M. P. Singh, Himanshu Roy (eds.) (2011) Indian Political Thought: Themes and Thinkers, Delhi: Pearson
- 40. V. R Mehta, (1992), Foundations of Indian Political Thought, Delhi: Manohar Publications
- 41. Chandra, Bipan (2018), History Of Modern India, New Delhi: Orin ant Black Swan



Course structure: NATIONALISM IN INDIA – BPS183

Course Title: NATIONALISM IN INDIA Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS183

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the basic concept of Nationalism
- Help students to practice the concept of Mahatma Gandhi in our life
- Enable students to strengthen their knowledge of freedom movement of India
- Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Nationalism and the freedom movement of India

	Weightage (%)
Module I Approaches to the Study of Nationalism in India	
Nationalists	25%
Cambridge School	
Marxists	
Subaltern interpretations	
Module II Reformism and Anti-Reformism in the 19th Century	
Major Social and Religious movements among Hindus and Muslims	25%
Brahmo Samaj	25 / 0
Arya Samaj	
Dharma Sabha	

Aligarh Movement	
Module III Nationalist Politics and Expansion of its Social Base	
 Phases of Nationalist Movement and different ideological streams: Moderates and Extremists with Congress and revolutionary radicals: 	25%
Formation of the Muslim League	
Gandhi and mass mobilization: Khilafat, Non – Co-operation and Civil Disobedience Movement	
 Socialist alternatives: Congress Socialists, Communists 	
Communalism in Indian Politics	
Module IV Social Movements	
The Women's Question: Participations in the National Movement and its Impact	25%
The Caste question: Anti-Brahmanical Politics	
Peasants, Tribals and Workers movement	

- Understand the concepts of Socialist alternative thoughts
- Analyze various movements during the freedom struggle of India.
- Identify the various differences between Muslim League and Indian National Congress
- Evaluate the political philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi
- Enable students to understand the role of Indian National Congress

redugogy for course Derivery. The course

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

- 1. Bandopadhyay, S. (2004), From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman, pp. 184 191.
- 2. Thapar, R. (2000) "Interpretations of Colonial History: Colonial, Nationalist, Post-Colonial', in Desouza, P.R. (ed.) Contemporary India: Transitions. New Delhi: Sage Publications, pp.25-36.
- 3. Banopadhyay, S. (2004), From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman,pp. 139-158: 254-247.
- 4. Sen, A.P. (2007), 'The Idea of social reform and its critique among Hindus of Nineteenth Century India', in Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi (ed.) Development of Modern Indian Thought and the Social Science. Vol X. New Delhi Oxford University Press.
- 5. Banopadhyay, S. (2004) From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman,pp. 279 311
- 6. Sarkar, S. (1983) Modern India (1885 1847). New Delhi: Macmillan
- 7. Banopadhyay, S. (2004) From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman, pp. 342-357: 369-381
- 8. Banopadhyay, S. (2004) From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman,pp. 405-438
- 9. Jalal, A. and Bose, S. (1997) Modern South Asia: History, Culture, and Political Economy. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 135-15



Course structure: POLITICAL THEORY: CONCEPTS & DEBATE – BPS184

Course Title: POLITICAL THEORY: CONCEPTS & DEBATE Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS184

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the political theory
- Help students to practice political rights in our life.
- Enable students to strengthen their political understanding of state

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of political theory and its concepts.

	Weightage (%)
Module I Importance of Liberty	
Liberty: Meaning and Nature, Kinds of Liberty	25%
Freedom as Emancipation and Development	
Important Issue: Freedom of thought, Expression and Dissent	
Module II Significance of Equality	
Formal Equality: Equality of opportunity	25%
Political equality	
Egalitarianism: Background inequalities and differential treatment	

Important Issue: affirmative action	
Indispensability of Justice	
Procedural Justice	
Distributive Justice	
Global Justice	
Importance Issue: Capital punishment.	
Module III The Universality of Rights	
Natural Rights	250/
	25%
The first and Degree 1 again.	
Three generations of Rights	
Rights and Obligations	
Important Issue: Right of the girl child	
Module IV Major Debates	
Why should we obey the state? Issues of political obligation and Civil Disobedience.	25%
 Are human rights universal? Issue of cultural relativism 	23/0
How do we accommodate diversity in plural society? Issues of multiculturalism and	
toleration.	

- Understand the concepts of rights
- Analyze various types of justice
- Identify, implement and evolve the idea of liberty
- Evaluate the issue of capital punishment
- Enable students to understand the concept of equality

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend	Assignment/	End
		ance		term
			Project/Seminar/Quiz	

Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings:

- 1. Acharya, A. (eds), *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman
- 2. Vincent, A. (2004) The Nature of Political Theory. New York: Oxford University Press.
- 3. O. P. Gauba (2019), An Introduction to Political Theory, New Delhi: MACMILLAN
- 4. J. C. Johri, (2009), Principles of Modern Political Science, New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd
- 5. Hyums, Keith. (2008) 'Political Authority and Obligation', in Mckinnon, Catriona. (ed.) Issues
- 6. in Political Theory, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 9-26
- 7. Martin, Rex. (2003) 'Political Obligation', in Bellamy, Richard and Mason, Andrew. (eds.)
- 8. *Political Concepts*, Manchester: Manchester University Press, pp. 41-51.
- 9. Campbell, Tom. (2008) 'Human Rights' in Mckinnon, Catriona. (ed.) Issues in Political Theory.
- 10. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 194-210.
- 11. Mookherjee, Monica, 'Multiculturalism', in Mckinnon, Catriona. (ed.) Issues in Political
- 12. Theory. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 218-234.
- 13. Seglow, Jonathan, 'Multiculturalism', in Bellamy, Richard and Mason, Andrew. (eds.) Political
- 14. Concepts, Manchester: Manchester University Press, pp. 156-168.



Course structure: CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY OF INDIA – BPS281

Course Title: CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY OF INDIA Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS281

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the background of the constitutional history
- Help students to practice constitutional ideas
- Enable students to strengthen their understanding regarding various charters and Govt. India Acts

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of the constitutional history of India.

10%
10%
25%

Module III	
The Government of India act 1919, effects of the Act, various aspects of Diarchy	25%
System, member qualification, power, and defects of the Act	
The Government of India act 1935, Central Legislature, Constituent Assembly	
Module IV	
Cripps Mission, Wavell Plan and Cabinet Mission	25%
The India Independence Act 1947	
The Constituent Assembly of India	
Module V	
Constitutional development in Jammu and Kashmir	15%
• Significance of A 370	
Revocation of A 370 and after	
 Response of J&K people to the removal of A 370 	
• Response of J&R people to the removal of A 570	

- Understand the concepts Diarchy System in India
- Analyze various charters and acts passed by the British Government
- Identify the role of India Council Acts
- Evaluate the various missions sent the British government
- Enable students to understand the historical background of Jammu & Kashmir

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Readings:

- Singh, M.P. (2019), Outlines of Indian Legal & Constitutional History, Lexis Nexis: Haryana
- Pylee, M.V. (2011), Constitutional History of India [1600 2010], S. Chand & Company: New Delhi
- An Introduction to the Constitution of India, D.D Basu, Prentice Hall, New Delhi. (Latest Edition).
- An Introduction to the Constitution of India, M.V. Pylee, Vikas, New Delhi, 1998.
- Constitutional Development and National Movement in India, V.D. Mahajan, S. Chand and Co, New Delhi, 1986.



Course structure: INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT – II – BPS282

Course Title: INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT - II Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS282

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the philosophy of Indian political thinkers.
- Help students to practice the Idea of Gandh's Swaraj
- Enable students to strengthen their knowledge of Hindutva

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Indian Political Though in the contemporary era

•	Weightage (%)
Module I Understanding Indian Political Thought	
	30%
Rammohan Roy: Rights	
Pandita Ramabai: Gender	
Vivekananda: Ideal Society	
Module II State	

Gandhi: SwarajAmbedkar: Social Justice	20%
M Module III Sovereignty	
 Tagore: Critique of Nationalism Iqbal: Self and Community 	20%
MoModule IV Basic Concepts of Political Ideology	
 Savarkar: Hindutva Nehru: Secularism Lohia: Socialism M. N. Roy: Humanism 	30%

- Understand the concepts of Iqbal's Self and Community
- Analyze various political ideologies of Indian Political thinkers
- Identify the significance of Pandita Ramabai
- Evaluate Ambedker's Idea of social justice
- Enable students to understand the concept of Socialism

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

12. Understanding Modern Indian Political Thought

- c. Mehta, V.R. and Pantham Thomas (eds.) (2006), 'A thematic introduction to Political Ideas in Modern India: Thematic Explorations, history of Science, Philosophy and Culture in Indian civilization' Vol: 10, Part:7, New Delhi: Sage Publications, pp. xxvii ixi
- d. Dalton, D., (1982) 'Continuity of Innovation', in Indian Idea of Freedom: Political thought of Swami Vivekananda, Arbindo Ghose, Rabindranath Tagore and Mahatma Gandhi. Academic Press: Gurgaon, pp. 1-28.

13. Rammohan Roy: Rights

- c. Bayly, C.A. (2010) 'Rammohan and the Advent of Constitutional Liberalism in India 1800 1830', in Kapila, Shruti (ed). An intellectual History for India. New Delhi: Cambridge University Press, pp. 18 34.
- d. Pantham, Thomas (1986) 'The Socio Religious thought of Rammohan roy', in Panthom, Thomas and Deutsch, Kenneth. (eds.) Political Thought in Modern India. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 32 -52

14. Pandita Ramabai: Gender

b. Kosambi, Meera (1988) 'Women's Emancipation and Equality: Pandita Ramabai's Contribution to Women's Cause', Economic and Political Weekly, vol. 23, No. 44: Oct., pp. 38 – 49

Further Readings

Chakravarti, Uma (2007) Pandita Ramabai – A life and a Time. New Delhi: Critical Quest, pp. 1-40.

Omvedt, Gail (2008) 'Ramabai: omen in the kingdom of God', in Seeking Begumpura: The Socila Vision of Anti Caste Intellectual. New Delhi: Navayana. Pp. 205 – 224.

15. Vivekananda: Ideal Society

- c. Sen. Amiya. P. (2003) 'Swami Vivekananda on history and Society', in Swami Vivekananda. Delhi: OUP, pp. 62 79
- d. Rustav, Hilfred (1998) 'Swami Vivekananda and the Ideal Society', in Radice, William (ed.) Swami Vivekananda and the modernization of Hinduism. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 264 280.

Further Reading

Raghuramaraju (2007) 'Swami and Mahatma Paradigm: State and Civil Society', in Debates in Indian Philosophy: Classical, Colonial, and Contemporary. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 29 – 65

16. Gandhi: Swaraj

- c. Parel, Anthony J. (ed.) (2002) 'Introduction', in Gandhi, freedom and Self Rule. Delhi: Vistarr Publication.
- d. Dalton, dennis (1982) Indian Idea of Freedom: Political Thought of Swami Vivekananda, Aurobindo Ghose, Mahatma Gandhi and Rabindranath Tagore Gurgaon: The Academic Press,pp. 154 190

Further Reading

Terchek, Ronald (2002) 'Gandhian Autonomy in Late Modern World', in Parel, Anthony J. (ed.) Gandhi, freedom and Self Rule. Delhi: Sage.

17. Ambedkar: Social Justice

- c. Rodrgues, Valetian (2007) 'Good Society, rights, Democracy Socialism', in Thorat Sukjdeo and Aryama (eds.) Ambedkar in Retrospect Essays on Economics, politics and Society. Jaipur: IID Sand Rawat Publication.
- d. Mangekar, Bhalachandra (2007) 'Quest for Democratic Socialism', in Thorat, Sukhdeo and Aryana (eds.) Ambedkar in retrospect Essays on Economics, Politics and Society. Jaipur: IIDS and Rawat Publication, pp. 121 142

Further Readings

Chatterjee Partah (2005) 'Ambedkar and the troubled times of Citizenship', in Mehta, V.R. and Pantham, Thomas (eds.) Political ideas in modern India: Thematic Explorations. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 73 -92.

18. Tagore: Critique of Nationalism

- c. Chakravarty, Randharaman (1986) 'Tagore, Politics and Beyond', in Pantham, Thomas and Deutsch, Kenneth I (Eds.) Political Thought in Modern India. New Delhi: Sage,pp. 177 191
- d. Radhakrishnan, Manju and Debasmita (2003) 'Nationalism is a Great Menace: Tagore and Nationalism' in Hogan, Patrick, Colm and pandit, Lalita (eds.) Rabindranath Tagore: Universality and Tradition. London: Rosemont Publishing and Printing Corporation, pp. 29 39.

Further Reading

Nandy, Ashis (1994), 'Rabindranath Tagore & Politics of Self', in Illegitimacy of Nationalism. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 1 – 50

19. Iqbal: Community

- c. Engineer, Asghar Ali (1980) 'Iqbal's Reconstruction of religious Thought in Islam', Social Scientist, Vol.8, No.8, March, pp. 52 63
- d. Madani (2005), Composite Nationalism and Islam. New Delhi: Manohar, pp. 66 91.

Further Reading

Gordon – Polonskya, L. R. (1971) 'Ideology of Muslim Nationalism', in Malik, Hafiz (ed.) Iqbal: Poet-philosopher of Pakistan. New York: Columbia University Press, pp. 108 – 134.

20. Savarkar: Hindutva

b. Sharma, Jyotirmaya (2003) Hindutva: Exploring the idea of Hindu Nationalism. Delhi:Panguin, pp. 124 – 172.

Further Reading

Keer, Dhananjay (1966) Veer Savarkar. Bombay: Popular Prakashan, pp. 223 – 250.

21. Nehru: Secularism

- c. Pillai, R.C. (1986) 'Political thought of Jawaharlal Nehru', in Pantham, Thomas and Deutsch Kenneth I. (eds.) Political Thought in Modem India. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 260 274.
- **d.** Zachariah, Benjamin (2004) Nehru. London: Routledge Historical Biographies, pp. 169 213.

Further Reading

Chatterje, Partha (1986) 'The Moment of Arrival: Nehru and the Passive Revolution', in Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: A Derivative Discourse? London: Zed Books, pp. 131 – 166.

22. Lohia: Socialism

Sinha, Sachinananda (2010), 'Lohia's Socialism: An underdog's perspective', in Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. XLV, No. 40, October 02 – October 08, pp. 51 – 55.

Kumar, Anand (2010) 'Understanding Lohia's Political Sociology: Intersectionality of caste, Class, Gender and Language Issue', Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. XLV, No 40, October 02 – October 08, pp. 64 – 70.

Original Excerpts

- d. Roy,R. (1991) 'The Percepts of Jesus the Guide to Peace and happiness', Hay,S. (ed.) Sources of Roy, R. (1991) 'The percepts of Jesus, The Guide to Peace and happiness', Hay,S. (ed.) Source of Indian Tradition Vol. 2. Second Edition. New Delhi: Penguin, pp. 24 29.
- e. Ramabai, P. (2000), 'Women's place in Religion and Society', Kosambi, M. (ed.) Pandita Ramabai Through her Own Words: Selected Works. N. Delhi:OUP, pp. 150 155.
- f. Vivekananda, S. (2007) 'The Real and the Apparent Man', Bodhasarananda, S. (ed.) Selections from the Complete Works of Swami Vivekananda, Kolkata: Advaita Ashrama, pp.126 129.



Course structure: WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT - I – BPS283

Course Title: WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT - I Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS283

Course Objectives:

Enable students to understand the Political philosophy of Plato and Aristotle

• Help students to practice the Ideas of Machiavelli

Enable students to strengthen the understanding of Social Contract Theory

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Western Political thought

	Weightage (%)
Module I Ancient Greek Political Thought	
 Plato – Life & Works, Ideal State, Justice, Education, Communism of Wives & Property, Philosopher King Aristotle – Life & Works, Origin, Nature and Ends of State, Slavery, Classification of Constitutions & Revolutions 	25%
 Module II Social Contract Thinkers Thomas Hobbes: State of nature, Social Contract, Nature and Attributes of State John Locke: State of Nature, Natural Rights, Nature and Functions of State 	25%

J.J. Rousseau: State of nature, Social Contract and General Will	
Module III Machiavelli Machiavelli – Human nature, Concept of State & Government, Theory of ethics & politics, tips to Successful ruler.	25%
 Module IV Liberal Thinkers J.S Mill – Concept of Liberty, Individual Freedom and Individuality, Democracy and Representative Government T.H. Green – Theory of State, Liberty & Rights 	25%

- Understand the concept of Ideal State
- Analyze various on Social Contract theory
- Identify the functions of the State by Locke
- Evaluate the idea of Individual Liberty
- Enable students to critically analyze the views of Mechiavelli on human nature.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/	End term
			Project/Seminar/Quiz	
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

XIV. A History of Political Theory, George, H. Sabine, Oxford and IBH Publishing, New Delhi 1973.

- XV. The Political thought, J.C Johari, Metropolitan Book Co. Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2008
- XVI. Modern Political thought, Nayyar Shamsi, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2006
- XVII. Great Political Thinkers, East & West, R.C Gupta, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2010.
- XVIII. Ancient Political Thought, V. Venkata Rao, S. Chand & Co Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,1988
- XIX. A History of Political thought, Jyoti Prasad Suda, K. Nath & Co. Meerut, 1984.



Course structure: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - I – BPS284

Course Title: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - I Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS284

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the role of Public administration.
- Help students to understand the practice of state institutions.
- Enable students to strengthen the knowledge of political system.

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Public Administration and the institutions.

	Weightage (%)
Module I Introduction to Public Administration	
Meaning, Nature, Scope & Importance of Public Administration	25%
Approaches to the Study of Public Administration – Philosophical, Legal &	
Historical	
Module II Principles & Structure of Organizations	
Meaning & Principles of Organization. Hierarchy, Unity of Command, Span of	25%
Control, Centralization, De- centralization, Co – ordination	
• Structure of organization, Chief Executive – Types, Functions & Roles.	

Module III Personnel and Financial Administration	
Civil Service – Meaning, Features, Functions, Recruitment, Training, Promotion & Morale	25%
 Budgetary Process – Preparation, Enactment & Execution 	
Module IV Indian Administration Structure	
Central Secretariat – Cabinet Secretariat – Meaning, Organization & Functions of Chief Secretary	25%
 State Secretariat – Organization, Function & role of Chief Secretary. District and Local Administration – Deputy Commissioner, Chief Executive 	
Officer, Executive Officer, and Panchayat Development Officer (PDO)	
Ombudsman or Lokpal: Meaning, duties and powers	

- Understand the concept of Hierarchy.
- Analyze various roles and functions of the Chief Secretary.
- Identify the principles of Organization.
- Evaluate the functions and powers of the District Officer.
- Enable students to understand the approaches to the Study of Public Administration.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

- 19. Public Administration: Principles & Practice, A.R Tyagi, Atma Ram & Sons, Delhi, 2001.
- 20. Public Administration, Avasthi & Maheshwari, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra 2009.
- 21. Public Administration in Theory & Practice, M.P Shrma & B.L Sadana, Kitab Mahak, Allahabad, 1994.
- 22. Public Administration, Mohit Bhattacharya, World Press, Kolkata, 2002.
- 23. Introduction to the study of Public Administration, Leonard. D. White, Eurasia Publishing House, New Delhi, 1982.
- 24. Public Administration, Vishno Bhagawan, Vidhya Bhushan, S. Chand & Co.Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
- 25. Public Administration, Theory & Practice, Sahib Singh & Swinder Singh, New Academic Publishing Co. Jalandhar, 2003.
- 26. Public Administration, T.K Agarwal, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra 2005.
- 27. Public Administration & Public Affairs, Nicholas Henry, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1999.
- 28. Public Administration, KK Ghai, Kalyani Publishers, New delhi, 2007.
- 29. Introduction to the study of Public Administration, L.D White, Macmillian Company,1955.
- 30. Public Administration: Concepts and Theories, Rumki Basu, Sterling New Delhi, 1986.
- 31. Public Administration, Atma Ram and Sons, A. R Tyagi, New Delhi, 1992.
- 32. Indian Administration, Hosiar Singh, Century Press, Rep, Allahabad.
- 33. Public Administration in India, Padma Ramachandran, National, New Delhi, 1996.
- 34. Indian Administration, Avasthi & Avasthi, Laxminarain Agarwal, Agra, 1995.
- 35. Indian Administration, Shriram Maheshwari, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1997.
- 36. Indian, Administration, Hoshir Singh, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi, 2005.



Course structure: COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT & POLITICS - I – BPS381

Course Title: COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT & POLITICS - I Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS381

Course Objectives:

Enable students to understand the comparative politics

• Help students to analyze the idea of state capitalism

• Enable students to strengthen their knowledge of several ideologies

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Comparative Government & Politics.

	Weightage (%)
Module I Comparative Government and Politics	
Nature and ScopeWhy compare?Going beyond Euro-centrism	25%
Module II Historical context of Modern Government	

Capitalism: Meaning and Development; Globalization	
State Socialism: Meaning, Growth and Development	25%
State Capitalism: Meaning, Growth and Development	
Module III Themes for Comparative Analysis	
 A Comparative Study of Constitutional Developments Political Economy 	25%
 Executive, Judiciary, Representation and Participation in the following countries: Britain, Brazil, Nigeria and China 	
Module IV	
	25%
 Colonialism and Decolonization: Meaning, context, forms of Colonialism; Anti-Colonial Struggles and Process of Decolonization Democratic Socialism: Meaning, Growth and Development 	

- Understand the concepts of comparative government and politics
- Analyze the comparative study of various countries
- Identify various forms of colonialism
- Evaluate the role of capitalism in the globalization
- Enable students to understand about Democratic Socialism

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend	Assignment/	End
		ance		term
			Project/Seminar/Quiz	

Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

- Kopstein, J. and Lichbach, M. (eds.) (2005) *Comparative Politics: Interests, Identities, and Institutions in a Changing Global Order*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 1-15; 16-36; 253-290.
- Roy, A. (2001) 'Comparative Method and Strategies of Comparison', *Punjab Journal of Politics*. Vol. XXV (2), pp. 1-15.
- Blondel, J. (1996) 'Then and Now: Comparative Politics', *Political Studies*. Vol 47 (1), pp.152-160.
- Monoranjan, M. (1975) 'Comparative Political Theory and Third World Sensitivity', *Teaching Politics*, Nos. 1 & 2, pp. 22-38
- Chandhoke, N. (1996) 'Limits of Comparative Political Analysis', Economic and Political Weekly. Vol 31 (4), January 27, pp. PE 2-PE8
- Dobb, M. (1950) 'Capitalism', in Studies in the Development of Capitalism. London: Routledge and Kegan Paul Ltd, pp. 1-32.
- Wood, Ellen M. (2002) 'The Agrarian Origin of Capitalism', in Origin of Capitalism: A Long View. London: Verso, pp. 91-95; 166-181.
- Hoogvelt, A. (2001) 'History of Capitalist Expansion', in *Globalization and Third World Politics*. London: Palgrave, pp. 14-28.
- Harrison, G. (2002) 'Globalization', in Blakelay, G. and Bryson, V. (eds.) *Contemporary Political Concepts: A Critical Introduction*. London: Pluto Press, pp. 14-34.
- Ritzer, G. (2010) 'Globalization and Related Processes I: Imperialism, Colonialism, Development, Westernization, Easternization', in *Globalization: A Basic Text*. London: Wiley-Blackwell, pp. 63-84.
- Modelski, G. (2003) 'Globalization' in Held, D. and McGrew, A. (eds.) *The Global Transformations Reader: An Introduction to the Globalization Debate*. United Kingdom: Polity Press, pp. 1-50; 54-59.
- Roberts, A. (2004) 'The State of Socialism: A Note on Terminology', Slavic Review. Vol. 63 (2), pp. 349-366.
- Brown, A. (2009) 'The Idea of Communism', in Rise and Fall of Communism, HarperCollins (e-Book), pp. 1-25; 587-601
- Meek, R. L. (1957) 'The Definition of Socialism: A Comment', *The Economic Journal*.67(265), pp. 135-139.
- McCormick, J. (2007) 'Communist and Post-communist States' in Comparative Politics in Transition. United Kingdom: Wadsworth, pp. 195-209.
- Manoranjan. Mohanty. (1999) 'Colonialism and Discourse in India and China'. Retrieved from http://www.ignca.nic.in/ks_40033.html http (Accessed on 24/03/2011)
- Duara, P. (2004) 'Introduction: The Decolonization of Asia and Africa in the Twentieth Century', in Duara, P. (ed.) *Decolonization: Perspectives From Now and Then.* London: Routledge, pp. 1-18.
- Chiriyankandath, J. (2008) 'Colonialism and Post Colonial Development', in Burnell, P. et. al. *Politics in the Developing World*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, New Delhi pp. 31-52



Course structure: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS - I – BPS382

Course Title: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS - I Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS382

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the International politics
- Help students to understand the concept of Cold War
- Enable students to strengthen their knowledge about the theories of IR

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of international relations and global politics

	Weightage (%)
Module I Origin and Growth of IR	
Meaning, nature (traditional view, modern view and current view) & Scope and Subject- matter	25%
Purpose and significance	
IR development as an academic discipline	
Module II Theories of IR	
• Realism	25%
Neo-Realism	
• Liberalism	

25%
25%

- Understand the concept of collective security
- Analyze the role of various military organizations
- Identify the concept of liberalism and neo-liberalism
- Evaluate the role of Peace-Keeping operations
- Enable students to understand realism and neo-realism

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend	Assignment/	End
		ance		term
			Project/Seminar/Quiz	

Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended

- 42. International systems in world History Remaking the study of International Relations, Barry Buzan and Richard Little, Oxford University, Press, New York, 2000.
- 43. International relations, Vinay kumar Malhotra, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2012
- 44. Rajan, M.S., and Shivaj Ganguli, (eds.) India and international System, New Delhi, Vikas, 1981
- 45. Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Mahendra Kumar, Shiva Lal Agarwal, Agra, 1967
- 46. K.P. Mishra and R.S. Beal, International Relations Theory, Vikas Publishers, New Delhi, 1990
- 47. Gujral, I.K., A foreign policy for India, Externla publicity division, MEA, Government of India, Delhi, 1998
- 48. India's Foreign Policy, Subhas Shukla, Anamika Publishers, New Delhi, 2007
- 49. India's Foreign & Sub Continental Politics, Vandana Asthana, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 1999
- 50. India's Foreign Policy & its Neighbours, Dhiraj Shrivastava, ABD Publishers, Jaipur, 2007.
- 51. India's Foreign policy of India, Sudhir Pattnaik, Arise Publishers, New Delhi, 2008
- 52. Foreign Policy of India, V.N. Khanna, vikas publishing house Pvt. Ltd. 2007.
- 53. M. Nicholson, (2002) International Relations: A Concise Introduction, New York: Palgrave, pp. 1-4.
- 54. R. Jackson and G. Sorensen, (2007) *Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approches*, 3rd Edition, Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 2-7
- 55. S. Joshua. Goldstein and J. Pevehouse, (2007) International Relations, New York: Pearson Longman, 2007, pp. 29-35
- 56.C. Brown and K. Ainley, (2009) Understanding International Relations, Basingstoke: Palgrave, pp. 1-16.



Course structure: WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT - II – BPS383

Course Title: WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT - II Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS383

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Western Political thought
- Help students to practice pleasure and pain theory given by Bentham
- Enable students to strengthen their knowledge of Utilitarianism

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Western Political Thought in the contemporary era

•	Weightage (%)
Module I Utilitarian	
Jeremy Bentham: Utilitarianism, Pleasure & Pain theory	25%
• J.S. Mill: Modifications of Bentham's theory, Critique of Utilitarianism	
Module II Idealists	
Hegel: On Dialects, State and Freedom	25%
Mary Wollstonecraft: Feminist Ideas	
Hannah Arendt: Totalitarianism	

Module III Socialists	
 Karl Marx: Materialistic Dialectics and Historical Materialism, Theory of Surplus Value, Class Struggle, Base super structure Relations, Critique of Capitalism V.I. Lenin: Imperialism and Democratic Centralism Mao- Tse-Tung: Role of Peasantry Gramsci: Neo-Marxist 	25%
Module IV Anarchist	
Bakunin and KropotkinGandhi	25%

- Understand the concepts of Karl Marx
- Analyze the feminist ideas of Mary Wollstonecraft
- Identify the role of peasantry by Mao
- Evaluate the political thought of Gandhi ji
- Enable students to Imperialism and Democratic Centralism

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend	Assignment/	End
		ance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

- XX. A History of Political Theory, George, H. Sabine, Oxford and IBH Publishing, New Delhi 1973.
- XXI. The Political thought, J.C Johari, Metropolitan Book Co. Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2008
- XXII. Modern Political thought, Nayyar Shamsi, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2006
- XXIII. Great Political Thinkers, East & West, R.C Gupta, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2010.
- XXIV. Ancient Political Thought, V. Venkata Rao, S. Chand & Co Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,1988
- XXV. A History of Political thought, Jyoti Prasad Suda, K. Nath & Co. Meerut, 1984.



Course structure: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - II- BPS384

Course Title: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - II Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS384

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the basic ideas of Public Administration
- Help students to practice of New Public Management
- Enable students to strengthen their view on Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Public Administration

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
	25%
Globalization, Liberalization, Public Administration since World War II	
New Public Management, Features of New Public Management	
Evaluation of New Public Management	
Module II	
Democracy and Good Governance, Features of Good Governance, Evaluation of Good Governance,	25%
Right To Information and E-Governance	

Module III	
 Introduction, Changing Nature-with reference to Liberalization and Privatization Public-Private Partnership, Shift in Economic Policy in Indian Economy after 1991, Behaviour and attitudinal influence of GLP on the Administration 	_ 0 / 0
Public Private Partnerships in India	
Module IV	
 Introduction to Policy Analysis The Analysis of Policy in the context of Theories of State 	25%
Political Economy and Policy: Interest Groups and Social Movement	
Models of Policy Decision Making	

- Understand the concept of Globalization
- Analyze various theories of the State
- Identify the role of the interest Groups
- Evaluate the concept of political economy
- Enable students to understand the Models of Policy Decision Making

.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend	Assignment/	End
		ance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

37. Public Administration: Principles & Practice, A.R Tyagi, Atma Ram & Sons, Delhi, 2001.

- 38. Public Administration, Avasthi & Maheshwari, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra 2009.
- 39. Public Administration in Theory & Practice, M.P Shrma & B.L Sadana, Kitab Mahak, Allahabad, 1994.
- 40. Public Administration, Mohit Bhattacharya, World Press, Kolkata, 2002.
- 41. Introduction to the study of Public Administration, Leonard. D. White, Eurasia Publishing House, New Delhi, 1982.
- 42. Public Administration, Vishno Bhagawan, Vidhya Bhushan, S. Chand & Co.Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
- 43. Public Administration, Theory & Practice, Sahib Singh & Swinder Singh, New Academic Publishing Co. Jalandhar, 2003.
- 44. Public Administration, T.K Agarwal, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra 2005.
- 45. Public Administration & Public Affairs, Nicholas Henry, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1999.
- 46. Public Administration, KK Ghai, Kalyani Publishers, New delhi, 2007.
- 47. Introduction to the study of Public Administration, L.D White, Macmillian Company, 1955
- 48. Public Administration: Concepts and Theories, Rumki Basu, Sterling New Delhi, 1986.
- 49. Public Administration, Atma Ram and Sons, A. R Tyagi, New Delhi, 1992.
- 50. Indian Administration, Hosiar Singh, Century Press, Rep, Allahabad.
- 51. Public Administration in India, Padma Ramachandran, National, New Delhi, 1996.
- 52. Indian Administration, Avasthi & Avasthi, Laxminarain Agarwal, Agra, 1995.
- 53. Indian Administration, Shriram Maheshwari, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1997.



Course structure: CONTEMPORARY DIPLOMACY-BPS481

Course Title: CONTEMPORARY DIPLOMACY Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS481

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the basic concept of Contemporary Diplomacy
- Help students to understand the practice of diplomacy
- Enable students to strengthen the diplomatic functions of the envoy

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Contemporary Diplomacy

	Weightage (%)
Module I Instrument of National Interest	
National Interest: The Core in International Affairs	25%
• Types of instruments (Diplomacy, Propaganda, Economic Instruments and War): meaning, purpose, effectiveness, consequences	
Meaning of Diplomacy	
 Nature, purpose and historical development, types 	
Diplomatic Practices: Diplomats, Rights and Privileges, Skills, Assignments	

Module II Diplomacy for Economic Blocks	
Economic blocs: OECD, OPEC, EU, ASEAN, SAARC, BRICS	25%
Free Trade Agreements: Importance & Concerns	
Module III Cultural Diplomacy	
History, Characteristics and Relevance of Cultural Diplomacy	25%
 Methods of Cultural Diplomacy: Exchanges, Sports, Art & Photography, Music, Film & TV 	
 Approaches and Challenges of Cultural Diplomacy 	
Module IV Diplomacy for Security and Peace Issues	
Disarmament: nuclear proliferation, Weapons of Mass Destruction	25%
 Security: terrorism (state/non-state actors), Cyber-Crimes 	
Peace Issues: Ethnic Cleansing, Genocide, Civil Wars,	
Humanitarian Interventions: Refugees, Migration, Human Rights Violations	

- Understand the concept of disarmament
- Analyze various peace issues at the international politics
- Identify the conditions of Free Trade Agreements
- Evaluate the role of the economic blocks at the global level
- Enable students to understand the Cyber Crimes

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend	Assignment/	End
		ance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

- 23) R. J. Vincent 1995 Human rights and International Relations. Cambridge: CUP
- 24) Trevor Samson 2000 Issues in International Relations London: Routledge
- 25) John Vogler and Mark Imber. 1996 Eds. The Environment and International Relations: Global Environmental Change Programme. Londo: Routledge
- 26) Jill Steans. 2006. Gender and International Relation. Cambridge: Polity Press.
- 27) John Baylis and Steven Smith. 2014 Eds. The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations. London: OUP
- 28) James M. Lutz and Brenda J. Nutz Eds. The Global Terrorism. London: Routledge, 2004
- 29) Jennifer M Welsh. 2004. Eds. Humanitarian Interventions and International Relations. Oxford: Oxford University press.
- 30) Monika Szkariat and Katarzyra Mojska. 2016. Eds. New Technologies as a factor of International Relations. Cambridge: Cambridge Scholars Publishing.
- 31) Alexander Betts and Gill Loescher. 2011. Eds. Refiges in International Relations. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- 32) Colin Mcinnes and Kelley Lee. 2012. Global Health and International Relations. London: Polity Press
- 33) Martin Slaw; Genocide and International relations, charging Patterns in the Transitions of the Late Modern World, Cambridge University Press, 2013.
- 34) Helena K. Finn 'The Case for Cultural Diplomacy: Engaging Foreign Audiences,' Foreign Affairs, Nov/Dec 2003, Vol. 82, Issue 6, pp. 15-20.
- 35) Bu Liping, 'Educational Exchange and Cultural Diplomacy in the Cold War,' Journal of American Studies (1999), 33: 393-415
- 36) Barbara Keys, 'Spreading Peace, Democracy, and Coca-Cola,' Diplomatic History, Volume 28 Number 2 April 2004
- 37) Jeanine A. DeLay 'The Curveball and the Pitch: Sport Diplomacy in the Age of Global Media,' The Journal of the International Institute, Vol.7, No.1, Fall 1999.
- 38) Jeremy Goldberg, 'Sporting Diplomacy: Boosting the Size of the Diplomatic Corps,' The Washington Journal, August 2000
- 39) Naima Prevots, Dance for Export: Cultural Diplomacy and the Cold War, University Press of New England, 1998



Course structure: PUBLIC POLICY AND ANALYSIS – BPS482

Course Title: PUBLIC POLICY AND ANALYSIS Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS482

Course Objectives:

Enable students to understand the concept of public policy

Help students to understand the basic idea of Decentralization

• Enable students to strengthen their knowledge of Budget

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Public Policy

*	Weightage (%)
Module I Public Policy	
Concept, theories and relevance	25%
 Definition, characteristics and models 	
Public Policy Process in India	
 Formulation, Implementations and evaluation. 	
Module II Decentralization	

Meaning, approaches and perspectives	
 Administrative, Functional and Fiscal decentralization 	25%
Local Self Governance: Rural and Urban	
Module III Public Finance	
Budget: Concept and Significance	25%
Budgeting innovations	
Budget Cycle in India	
Various Approaches and Types Of Budgeting	
Module IV Citizens and Administration & Policies of Social Welfare	
Bringing people closer to Administration: E – governance	25%
• Meaning and forms of public accountability, and Re-dressal of Public Grievances:	
RTI, Lokpal	
Education: Sarv Siksha Abhiyan	
Health: NRHM	
Employment: MNREGA	
Ujjwala Yojna	

- Understand the concept of MNREGA
- Analyze the role of Lokpal
- Identify the role and functions of the E-governance
- Evaluate the role of public finance
- Enable students to understand the idea of Sarv Siksha Abhiyan

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend	Assignment/	End
		ance		term
			Project/Seminar/Quiz	

Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

- 1. Dye, T.R. (1984) Understanding Public Policy. 5th Edition. USA: Prentice Hall, pp. 1 44.
- 2. Sapru, R.K. (1996) Public Policy: Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, pp. 1-16.
- 3. Dror, Y. (1989) Public Policy: making Reexamined. Oxford: Transaction Publication, pp. 3 24, 73 128 and 129 216.
- 4. Wildavsky, A (2004) 'Rescuing Policy Analysis from PPBS', in Shafritz, J.M. & Hyde, A.C. Eds. Classics of Public Administration. 5th Edition. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp. 271 284.
- 5. Meaning, approaches and perspectives
- 6. Singh, S. and Sharma, P. (eds.) (2007) 'Introduction', i9n Decentralization: Istitutions and Politics in Rural India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp 1 36.
- 7. Manor, J. (1999) 'Defining Terms', in the Political Economy of Democratic Decentralization. Washington D.C: The World Bank, pp.15 23.
- 8. Administration, functional and Fiscal Dcentralization
- 9. Jayal, N.G.; Prakash, A. and Sharma, p. (2006) Local Governance in India: Decentralisation and Beyond. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Pp. 1 26.
- 10. Erik lane, J. (2005) Public Administration and Public Management: The Principal Agent Perspective. New York: Routledge, pp. 1 28 and 48 76.
- 11. Denhardt, R.B and Denhardt, J.V. (2009) Public Administration. New Delhi: Brooks/Cole, pp. 194 230.
- 12. Henry, N. (1999) Public Administration and Public Affairs. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, pp 242 280.
- 13. Caiden, N. (2004) 'Public Budgeting amidst Uncertainity and Instability', in Shafritz, J.M & Hyde, A.C. (eds.) Classics of Public Administration. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp. 423 433.
- 14. Singh, A. and Prakash, G. (2008) 'A New Public Management Perspective in Indian E Governance Initiatives', in Critical Thinking In E Governance. Delhi: International Congress of E Governance.
- 15. Mukhopadyay, A. (2005) 'Social Audit', in Seminar. No. 551.
- 16. Jenkins, R. and Goetz, A.. (1999) 'Accounts and Accountability: Theoretical implications of the Right to Information Movement in India', in Third World Quarterly. June, pp. 603 622.
- 17. Sharma, P.K. & Devasher, M (2007) 'Right to information in India' in Singh, S. and Sharma, P. (eds.) Decentralization: Institutions and Politics in Rural India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 348 382.



Course structure: COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT & POLITICS - II- BPS483

Course Title: COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT & POLITICS - II Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS483

Course Objectives:

Enable students to understand the Approaches to Studying Comparative Politics.

Help students to analyze political systems

• Enable students to strengthen their knowledge of political culture

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Comparative Government & Politics.

•	Weightage (%)
Iodule I Approaches to Studying Comparative Politics	
Traditional Institutional	25%
Political Systems	
Political Culture	
New Institutionalism	
Iodule II Electoral System	

 Definition and procedures: types of electoral systems (first past the post, Proportional Representation, Mixed Representation) Historical contexts of emergence of the party system and types of parties 	25%
Module III Nation – State	
 What is a nation – state? Historical evolution in Western Europe and Postcolonial Contexts. 	25%
Module IV Democratization	
Process of democratization in postcolonial, post – authoritarian, and post communist countries	25%
Federation and Confederation: Debates around territorial division of power	

- Understand the concept of State
- Analyze various Process of democratization in postcolonial countries
- Identify the types of electoral systems
- Evaluate the role of New Institutionalism
- Enable students to understand representative system

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/	End term
			Project/Seminar/Quiz	
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

Almond, G. A. (ed.) (2000) 'Comparing Political Systems', in Gabriel A. et al. (eds.) Comparative Politics Today: A World View.

New York: Longman, pp. 39-46.

Pennington, M. (2009) 'Theory, Institutions and Comparative Politics', in Bara, J. and Pennington, M. (eds.) *Comparative Politics: Explaining Democratic System.* Sage, New Delhi, pp 13-40.

Hall, P. And Taylor, Rosemary C. R. (1996) 'Political Science and the Three New Institutionalisms, *Political Studies*. XLIV, pp. 936-957.

Rosamond, B. (2005) 'Political Culture', in Axford, B. et al. (eds.) *Politics*, London: Routledge, pp. 57-81.

Howard, M. (2009) 'Culture in Comparative Political Analysis', in Lichback, M. I. and Zuckerman, A. S. (eds.) *Comparative Politics: Rationality, Culture, and Structure*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 134-161.

Fisher, J. R. (2011) 'Systems Theory and Structural Functionalism', in Ishiyama, J. T. and Breuning, M. (eds.) 21st Century Political Science: A Reference Handbook. Los Angeles: Sage, pp. 71-80.

Rakner, L. and Vicky, R. (2011) 'Institutional Perspectives', in Burnell, P. et.al. (eds.) *Politics in the Developing World*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 53-70.

Moser, R. G. and Ethan, S. (2004) 'Mixed Electoral Systems and Electoral System Effects Controlled Comparison and Cross-national Analysis', *Electoral Studies*. 23, pp. 575–599.

Heywood, A. (2002) 'Representation, Elections and Voting', in *Politics*. New York: Palgrave, pp. 223-245.

Evans, Jocelyn A.J. (2009) 'Electoral Systems', in Bara, J. and Pennington, M. (eds.) Comparative Politics. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 93-119.

ole, A. (2011) 'Comparative Political Parties: Systems and Organizations', in Ishiyama, John T. and Breuning, M. (eds.) 21st Century Political Science: A Reference Book. Los Angeles: Sage, pp. 150-158.

Criddle, B. (2003) 'Parties and Party System', in Axtmann, R. (ed.) *Understanding Democratic Politics: An Introduction*. London: Sage, pp. 134-142.

Heywood, A. (2002) 'Parties and Party System' in *Politics*. New York: Palgrave, pp. 247-268.

Boix, Ch. and Stokes, S. (eds.) (2007) Handbook of Comparative Politics, Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 499-521; 522-554

O'Conner, W. (1994) 'A Nation is a Nation, is a State, is a Ethnic Group, is a...', in Hutchinson, J. and Smith, A. (eds.) *Nationalism*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 36-46.

McLennan, G. Held, D. and Hall, S. (1984) *The Idea of Modern State*. Philadelphia: Open University Press, ch. 1.

Heywood, A. (2002), 'The State', in *Politics*. New York: Palgrave, pp. 85-102

Newton, K. and Deth, Jan W. V. (2010) 'The Development of the Modern State', in *Foundations of Comparative Politics: Democracies of the Modern World*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 13-33.

Sorensen, G. (2008) 'Globalization and Nation-State', in Caramani, D. (ed.) Comparative Politics. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 602-624.

Landman, T. (2003) 'Transition to Democracy', in *Issues and Methods of Comparative Methods: An Introduction*. London: Routledge, pp. 185-215.

Newton, K. and Deth, Jan W. V. (2010) 'Democratic Change and Persistence', in *Foundations of Comparative Politics: Democracies of the Modern World*. Cambridge:Cambridge University Press, pp. 53-67.

Haynes, J. (1999) 'State and Society', in *The Third World Politics*. Oxford: Blackwell, pp. 20-38; 39-63.

Smith, B.C. (2003) 'Democratization in the Third World', in *Understanding Third World Politics: Theories of Political Change and Development*. London: Palgrave Macmillan, pp. 250-274.

Burgess, M. (2006) *Comparative Federalism: Theory and Practice*. London: Routledge, pp. 9-49; 135-161.

Saxena, R. (2011) 'Introduction', in Saxena, R (eds.) *Varieties of Federal Governance: Major Contemporary Models*. New Delhi: Cambridge University Press, pp. xii-xl.

Watts, R. L. (2008) 'Introduction', in Comparing Federal Systems. Montreal and Kingston: McGill Queen's University Press, pp. 1-27; 29-62.

Newton, K. and Deth, Jan W. V. (2010) Foundations of Comparative Politics: Democracies of the Modern World. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Kamrava, M. (2003) Understanding Comparative Politics: A Frame Work of Analysis. London: Routledge.

Ishiyama, J. T. and Breuning, M. (eds.) (2011) 21st Century Political Science: A Reference Handbook. Los Angeles: Sage.

Gallagher, M. and Mitchell, P. (eds.) (2005) The Politics of Electoral System. Oxford: Oxford University Press

Caramani, D. (ed.) (2008) *Comparative Politics*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 85- 107; 263-289; 293-317; 318-347.

Burnell, P. et. al. (eds.) (2008) Politics in the Developing World. New Delhi: Oxford, pp. 223-240; 257-276.

Hague, R. and Harrop, M. (2004) Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction, London: Palgrave, pp. 17-34.

Bara, J. and Pennington, M. (eds.) (2009) Comparative Politics. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 69-92;201-226.

Stepan, A. L., Juan J. and Yadav, Y. (2011) *Crafting State-Nations: India and other Multinational Democracies*. Baltimore: John Hopkins University Press, pp. 1-38.

Evans, P. et. al. (eds.) (1985) Bringing the State Back In. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, pp. 169-187.

Axford, Barrie. et al. (eds.) (2005) Politics. London: Routledge, pp. 204-220.

Wiarda, H. J. et al. (eds.) (2005) Comparative Politics: Critical Concepts in Political Science. London: Routledge, pp. 150-169; 440-456.42



Course structure: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS - II- BPS484

Course Title: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS - II Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS484

Course Objectives:

Enable students to understand the concept of Foreign Policy

• Help students to aware about area studies

• Enable students to strengthen their understanding of third world countries

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of theories of International Relations.

	Weightage (%)
Module I Foreign Policy of Great Powers	
Foreign Policy of USA,	25%
Foreign Policy of Russia	
Foreign Policy of China	
•	
Module II India and Regions	
	250/
	25%

• West Asia,	
South Asia	
South East Asia	
• ASEAN	
Module III Third World in IR	
Defining First, Second and Third World	25%
North – South Dialogue	
• South – South Cooperation	
Module IV International Politics in Indian Ocean	
Geo-Strategic Importance	25%
Indian Ocean: Problems and Prospects	
Quest for influence: India, USA & China	

- Understand the concepts Geo-Strategic Importance
- Analyze the role of various organizations
- Identify the problems and prospects in Indian Ocean
- Evaluate the foreign policy of USA
- Enable students to understand Quest for influence.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/	End term
		ance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended

- 57. International systems in world History Remaking the study of International Relations, Barry Buzan and Richard Little, Oxford University, Press, New York, 2000.
- 58. International relations, Vinay kumar Malhotra, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2012
- 59. Rajan, M.S., and Shivaj Ganguli, (eds.) India and international System, New Delhi, Vikas, 1981
- 60. Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Mahendra Kumar, Shiva Lal Agarwal, Agra, 1967
- 61. K.P. Mishra and R.S. Beal, International Relations Theory, Vikas Publishers, New Delhi, 1990
- 62. Gujral, I.K., A foreign policy for India, External publicity division, MEA, Government of India, Delhi, 1998
- 63. India's Foreign Policy, Subhas Shukla, Anamika Publishers, New Delhi, 2007
- 64. India's Foreign & Sub Continental Politics, Vandana Asthana, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 1999
- 65. India's Foreign Policy & its Neighbours, Dhiraj Shrivastava, ABD Publishers, Jaipur, 2007.
- 66. India's Foreign Policy of India, Sudhir Pattnaik, Arise Publishers, New Delhi, 2008
- 67. Foreign Policy of India, V.N. Khanna, vikas publishing house Pvt. Ltd. 2007.



Course structure: CONSTITUTION OF INDIA- BPS581

Course Title: CONSTITUTION OF INDIA Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS581

Course Objectives:

Enable students to understand the philosophy of Indian Constitution

• Help students to understand the salient features of the constitution of India

• Enable students to strengthen the concept of Citizenship

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Constitution of India

	Weightage (%)
Module I Introduction to the Indian Constitution	
Preamble & its Philosophy	25%
 Salient features of Indian Constitution 	
 Comments on Indian constitution 	
 Concept of Federalism and its types 	
Module II Key Concepts	
Citizenship – Methods of acquiring & losing,	25%
 Fundamental Rights & Fundamental Duties 	
Directive Principles of State Policy	

Module III Union Government: Organization, Power & functions Legislature: Union Parliament Evacutivas President, Vice President, Prime Minister & Council of Ministers	25%
 Executive: President, Vice President, Prime Minister & Council of Ministers Judiciary: Supreme Court, Judicial Activism and Judicial Review 	
Module IV State Government: Organization, power & functions	
State legislature	25%
State Executive: Governor, Chief Minister & Council of Ministers	
State judiciary: High Court	

- Understand the concepts fundamental rights
- Analyze various functions and powers of the Legislature
- Identify the role of judiciary
- Evaluate the power and functions of the Governor, Chief Minister & Council of Ministers
- Enable students to understand Directive Principles of State Policy

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Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/	End term
			Project/Seminar/Quiz	
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

- 8. An Introduction to the Constitution of India, D.D Basu, Prentice Hall, New Delhi. (Latest Edition).
- 9. An Introduction to the Constitution of India, M.V. Pylee, Vikas, New Delhi, 1998.
- 10. Constitutional questions in India: The President, Parliament and the States, A.G. Noorani, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2000.

- 11. Indian Political System, J.C Johari, Anmol Publishers, New Delhi, 1966.
- 12. Constitutional Development and National Movement in India, V.D. Mahajan, S. Chand and Co, New Delhi, 1986.
- 13. The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation, Granville Austin, Oxford University Press, USA, 1999
- 14. Our Constitution: An Introduction To India's Constitution And Constitutional Law, Subhash C. Kashyap, National Book Trust, India, 2008



Course structure: INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS – BPS582

Course Title: INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS582

Course Objectives:

Enable students to understand the role and powers of the political parties

Help students to practice electoral System

• Enable students to strengthen their idea of Federalism

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Indian Government and Politics

	Weightage (%)
Module I Political Parties and the Party System & Elections and the Electoral System	25%
 National and regional parties; trends in the party system – from the Congress system to the era of multiparty coalitions The nature of and challenges to, the electoral system; social determinants of voting 	2576
Module II Federalism and Regional Aspirations,	

 Politics of Secession, autonomy and accommodation Debates on secularism; majority and minority communalism 	25%
 Module III Caste and Politics, Caste in Politics and the politicization of caste; interaction of caste with class and gender; caste discrimination and affirmative action policies The nature of political power in India with reference to developmental, welfare, ideology and coercive dimensions. 	25%
 Module IV Religion and Politics Changing Nature of Indian Politics Identity Politics 	25%

- Understand the concept caste in politics
- Analyze Changing Nature of Indian Politics
- Identify the relation between Religion and Politics
- Evaluate the role of communalism in politics
- Enable students to understand vote bank politics

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essentials Readings:

- Austin, Granville, Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience, OUP, Delhi, 1999.
- Basu, DD, Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice-Hall, 1980.
- Bhargava, Rajeev ed., Secularism and its Critics, OUP, New Delhi, 1998.
- Brass, Paul R., The Politics of India since Independence, Cambridge University Press and Foundation Books, New Delhi, Second Edition, reprinted 1999
- Chandra, Bipan, Mridula Mukherjee and Aditya Mukherjee, India after Independence 1947-2000, Penguin Books, Delhi, 2000
- Chaube, S.K., Constituent Assembly of India: Springboard of Revolution, Peoples' Publishing House, New Delhi, 1973.
- Chakrabarty, Bidyut, Forging Power, Coalition Politics in India, OUP, New Delhi, 2006.
- Chatterjee, Partha, State and Politics in India, OUP, New Delhi, 2004 (paperback)
- Rajni Kothari, Caste in Indian Politics, Sangam Books Limited, 1970



Course structure: WORLD HISTORY-BPS583

Course Title: WORLD HISTORY Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS583

Course Objectives:

• Enable students to understand the Effects of World Wars

• Help students to understand the causes and consequences of war

• Enable students to strengthen the knowledge of Third World Countries and Cold War

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of world history

	Weightage (%)
Module I Effects of World War - I	
World War I: Causes and Consequences	25%
 Significance of the Bolshevik Revolution 	
Establishment of League of Nations and after	
Module II Effects of World War – II	
Winduite II Effects of World War – II	

25%
25%
25%

- Understand the concepts regional organizations
- Analyze various developments in the post cold war era
- Identify the emergence of third world countries
- Evaluate the rise of Nazism
- Enable students to understand the collapse of the USSR

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings:

- Hobsbawm, E. (1995) Age of Extreme: The Short Twentieth Century, 1914—1991. London: Abacus, pp. 108-141.
- Carr, E.H. (2004) International Relations between the Two World Wars: 1919-1939. New York: Palgrave, pp. 197-231 and 258-278.
- Taylor, A.J.P. (1961) *The Origins of the Second World War*. Harmondsworth: Penguin, pp.29-65.
- Carrtuthers, S.L. (2005) 'International History, 1900-1945' in Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008)
- Calvocoressi, P. (2001) World Politics: 1945—2000. Essex: Pearson, pp. 3-91.
- Scott, L. (2005) 'International History, 1945-1990' in Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008) *The Globalization of World Politics. An Introduction to International Relations*. 4th edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 93-101.
- Hobsbawm, E. (1995) Age of Extreme: The Short Twentieth Century, 1914—1991. London: Abacus, pp. 225-226.
- Hobsbawm, E. (1995) Age of Extreme: The Short Twentieth Century, 1914—1991. London: Abacus, pp. 207-222.
- Scott, L. (2005) 'International History, 1945-1990' in Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008) *The Globalization of World Politics. An Introduction to International Relations*. 4th edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 93-101.
- Brezeznski, Z. (2005) Choice: Global Dominance or Global Leadership. New York: Basic Books, pp. 85-127.
- Gill, S. (2005) 'Contradictions of US Supremacy' in Panitch, L. and Leys, C. (eds.) *Socialist Register: The Empire Reloaded*. London: Merlin Press. 2004, London, Merlin Press and New York, Monthly Review Press. *Socialist Register*, pp.24-47.
- Therborn, G. (2006) 'Poles and Triangles: US Power and Triangles of Americas, Asia and Europe' in Hadiz, V.R. (ed.) *Empire and Neo Liberalism in Asia*. London: Routledge, pp.23-37.



Course structure: INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY-BPS584

Course Title: INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS584

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Determinants of India's Foreign Policy
- Help students to analyze policy of Non –Alignment
- Enable students to strengthen the knowledge of Objectives and Principles

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of India's Foreign Policy

	Weightage (%)
Module I Determinants and Principles of India's Foreign Policy	
Determinants of India's Foreign Policy	25%
Objectives and Principles	
Non –Alignment: Concepts, Policy and Relevance in the contemporary Era	
Indian Foreign Policy during the Cold War and The Post Cold War	
Module II Changing Relations with the US, Russia and China in the 21st Century	
India and US	25%
India and Russia	
India and China	

Iodule III India and Neighbors	
Pakistan: Challenges and Prospects	25%
Afghanistan, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan and Maldives	
Iodule IV India and the Security Challenges	
Challenges to the India's National Security:	25%
• •	25%
Challenges to the India's National Security:	25%
Challenges to the India's National Security:Terrorism	25%

- Understand the concept of energy Security
- Analyze various environmental issues
- Identify the Challenges to the India's National Security
- Evaluate the India-US relations
- Enable students to understand India's Nuclear policy

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

- Appadorai, A. (1981) Domestic Roots of Foreign Policy. New Delhi: Oxford University Press Bandhopadhyaya, J. (1970) Making of India's Foreign Policy: New Delhi: Allied
- Rana, A.P. (1976) Imperatives of non Alignment: A Conceptual srtudy of India's Foreign Policy Strategy in the Nehru Period. New Delhi: Macmillan
- Mishra, K.P. (eds.) (1969) Studies in India's Foreign Policy. New Delhi: Vikas, pp. 90 06.
- Ashok Kapur, A. Jeyaratnam Wilson (1996), The Foreign Policy Of India And Her Neighbours, Palgrave Macmillan
- V. P. Dutt (1999), India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World, New Delhi: NBT
- David M. Malone (2014), Does the Elephant Dance?: Contemporary Indian Foreign Policy: New Delhi: Oxford India Paperback



Course structure: GLOBALIZATION AND SOCIETY-BPS585

Course Title: GLOBALIZATION AND SOCIETY Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS585

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the concept of Globalization
- Help students to understand the Global economy
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Sociology of Globalization

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Globalization and Society

	Weightage (%)
Module I Globalization: Conception and Perspectives	
Political, Cultural and Technological Dimensions	25%
Global Economy: Its Significance and anchors	
Global Social Networks/Global Resistances	
Module II Sociology of Globalization	
Democratization of opportunities: Information and Career	25%
Transnational Migration: families, communities, ethnicities	
Seamless Cultural Assimilation: Real time interaction/transaction, Global Civil	

Society, media/entertain industry and consumption	
Module III Globalization in Reverse	
Identity & Social conflicts	25%
Economies of scale: Poverty & Inequality	
Global governance and privacy protection	
Module IV Globalization and Its Impact on Society	
Changes in Social Norms and Values, Consumerism	25%
From mono-culture to multi-Culturalism	
Changes in family structures	
Protecting Languages, Culture and Values, Reaffirmation of local Culture	

- Understand the concept of Transnational Migration
- Analyze various Changes in family structures
- Identify, implement and evolve
- Evaluate the Globalization in reverse
- Enable students to understand multi-Culturalism

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

- Held, D. and McGrew, A. (eds.) (2002) *Global Transformations Reader: Politics, Economics and Culture*. 2nd edn. Stanford: Stanford University Press.
- Nicholson, M. (2002) *International Relations: A Concise Introduction*. New York: Palgrave, pp. 18-24. Ravenhill, J. (ed.) (2008) *Global Political Economy*. 2nd edn. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 18-24.
- Willetts, P. (2005) 'Transnational Actors and the International Organizations in Global Politics', in Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008) *The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations*. 4th edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 425-447.
- Goddard, C.R. (2003) 'The IMF', in Goddard, C.R., Cronin, P. and Dash, K.C. (eds.) *International Political Economy: State-Market Relations in a Changing Global Order*. 2nd edn. Boulder: Lynne Rienner.
- Picciotto, R. (2003) 'A New World bank for a New Century', in Goddard, C.R., Cronin, P. and Dash, K.C. (eds.) *International Political Economy: State-Market Relations in a Changing Global Order*. 2nd edn. Boulder: Lynne Rienner.
- Clegg, L.J. (1996) 'The Development of Multinational Enterprises', in Daniels, P.W. and Lever, W.F. (eds.) *The Global Economy in Transition*. London: Longman, pp. 103-34.
- Viotti, P.R. and Kauppi, M.V. (2007) *International Relations and World Politics: Security, Economy, Identity*. 3rd edn. New Delhi: Pearson Education, pp.344-346 and 389-390.
- Narlikar, A. (2005) *The World Trade Organisation: A Very Short Introduction*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 22-98.
- Winham, G.R. (2008) 'The Evolution of the Trade Regime', in Ravenhill, J. (ed.) *Global Political Economy*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 152-171.
- Nicholson, M. (2002) International Relations: A Concise iItroduction. New York: Palgrave, pp. 185-204.
- Viotti, P.R. and Kauppi, M.V. (2007) *International Relations and World Politics: Security, Economy, Identity*. 3rd edn. New Delhi: Pearson Education, pp. 430-450.
- Goldstein, J.S. (2003) *International Relations*. New Delhi: Pearson Education, pp. 351 354 and 366-375.
- Gordon, L. and Halperin, S. (2003) 'Effective Resistance to Corporate Globalization', in Gordon, L. and Halperin, S. (eds.) *Global Civil Society and its Limits*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan, pp. 1-24.
- O'Brien, R. Goetz, A.M. Scholte, J.C. and Williams, M. (2000) *Contesting Global Governance*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 1-23.

- Brown, C. (2001) Understanding International Relations. 2nd edn. Basingstoke: Palgrave.
- Woods, N. (1996) Explaining International Relations since 1945. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Castells, M. (2000) The Rise of the Network Society. Oxford: Blackwell.
- Porter, G. and Brown, J.W. (2002) Global Environmental Politics. 3rd edn. Boulder: Westview.
- Buzan, B. and Herring, E. (1998) *The Arms Dynamic in World Politics*. London: Lynne Rienner.
- Adams, N.B. (1993) World Apart: The North-South Divide and the International System. London: Zed.



Course structure: FEMINIST THEORY AND PRACTICE – BPS681

Course Title: FEMINIST THEORY AND PRACTICE Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS681

Course Objectives:

• Enable students to understand the concept of feminist theory

• Help students to Understand Patriarchy

• Enable students to strengthen their ideas on Feminism

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Feminist Theory and Practice

	Weightage (%)
Module I Approaches to understanding Patriarchy	
 Feminist theorizing of the sex/gender distinction; Biologism versus Social Constructivism Understanding Patriarchy and Feminism Liberal, Socialist, Marxist, Radical feminism, New Feminist Schools/Traditions 	25%
Module II History of Feminism	

 Origins of Feminism in the West: France, Britain and United States of America Feminism in the Socialist Countries: China, Cuba and USSR Feminist issues and women's participation in anti-colonial and national liberation movements with special focus on India 	25%
 Module III The Indian Experience: Feminist Perspective Traditional Historiography and Feminist critiques, Social Reforms, Movement and position of women in India, History of Women's struggle in India Family in contemporary India – Patrilineal and Matrilineal practices, Gender relations in the family, Patterns of Consumption: Intra Household Divisions, entitlements and bargaining, Property Rights 	25%
 Module IV Understanding Woman's Work and Labour Division Understanding Woman's Work and Labour-Sexual Division of Labour, Productive and Reproductive labour, Visible-invisible work – Unpaid (reproductive and child care), Underpaid and Paid work, Methods of computing women's work, Female headed households, Wage for House work, Me Too Movement 	

- Understand the concepts of Liberal, Socialist, Marxist, Radical feminism, New Feminist Schools/Traditions
- Analyze the role of women in society
- Identify Patrilineal and Matrilineal practices
- Evaluate the origins of Feminism in the West
- Enable students to Understand Woman's Work and Labour Division

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend	Assignment/	End
		ance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
			1 Tojecu Schimari Quiz	

Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential reading

- Jagger, Alison. (1983) Feminist Politics and Human Nature. U.K.: Harvester Press, pp. 25-350.
- Ray, Suranjita. *Understanding Patriarchy*. Available at:
- Lerner, Gerda. (1986) The Creation of Patriarchy. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Rowbotham, Shiela. (1993) Women in Movements. New York and London: Routledge, Section I, pp. 27-74 and 178-218.
- Jayawardene, Kumari. (1986) Feminism and Nationalism in the Third World. London: Zed Books, pp. 1-24, 71-108, and Conclusion.
- Forbes, Geraldine (1998) Women in Modern India. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 1-150.
- Eisentein, Zillah. (1979) Capitalist Patriarchy and the Case for Socialist Feminism. New York: Monthly Review Press, pp. 271-353.
- Funk, Nanette & Mueller, Magda. (1993) Gender, Politics and Post-Communism. New York and London: Routledge, Introduction and Chapter 28.
- Chaudhuri, Maiyatree. (2003) 'Gender in the Making of the Indian Nation State', in Rege, Sharmila. (ed.) *The Sociology of Gender: The Challenge of Feminist Sociological Knowledge*. New Delhi: Sage.
- Banarjee, Sikata. (2007) 'Gender and Nationalism: The Masculinisation of Hinduism and Female Political Participation', in Ghadially, Rehana. (ed.) *Urban Women in Contemporary India: A Reader*. New Delhi: Sage.
- Roy, Kumkum. (1995) 'Where Women are Worshipped, There Gods Rejoice: The Mirage of the Ancestress of the Hindu Women', in Sarkar, Tanika & Butalia, Urvashi. (eds.) Women and the Hindu Right. Delhi: Kali for Women, pp. 10-28
- Chakravarti, Uma. (1988) 'Beyond the Altekarian Paradigm: Towards a New Understanding of Gender Relations in Early Indian History', *Social Scientist*, Volume 16, No. 8.
- Banerjee, Nirmala. (1999) 'Analysing Women's work under Patriarchy' in Sangari, Kumkum & Chakravarty, Uma. (eds.) From Myths to Markets: Essays on Gender. Delhi: Manohar.
- Gandhi, Nandita & Shah, Nandita. (1991) *The Issues at Stake Theory and Practice in Contemporary Women's Movement in India*. Delhi: Zubaan, pp. 7-72.
- Shinde, Tarabai (1993) 'Stri-Purush Tulna', in Tharu, Susie & Lalita, K. (eds.) Women Writing in India, 600 BC to the Present. Vol. I. New York: Feminist Press.
- Desai, Neera & Thakkar, Usha. (2001) Women in Indian Society. New Delhi: National Book Trust



Course structure: THEORIES OF ADMINISTRATION – BPS682

Course Title: THEORIES OF ADMINISTRATION Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS682

Course Objectives:

Enable students to understand the several Theories of Administration

- Help students to understand Administrative theories
- Enable students to strengthen their views on major approaches

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Theories of Administration

•	Weightage (%)
Module I Public administration as a Discipline and Profession	
 Meaning, scope and significance of the subject, public and private administration Evolution and major approaches 	25%
Module II Administrative theories	
Ideal-type bureaucracy	25%
Scientific management	
Human relations theory	

Rational decision-making	
Module III Development administration	
Development administration	25%
Rigg's Ecological Approach	
Module IV Recent Trends	
New public administration	25%
New public management	
Good governance	
Feminist perspectives	
Revisiting Gandhi's concept of Oceanic Circles	

- Understand the concept of New public administration
- Analyze the role of Development administration
- Identify and implement the Good governance
- Evaluate the Scientific management
- Enable students to Rigg's ecological approach

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential readings

- Waldo, D. (1968) 'Public Administration' in International Encyclopedia of the Social Sciences. (s.n.): Macmillan, pp.145-156. 30
- White, D.(2004) 'Introduction To The Study Of Public Administration' in Shafritz, J.M. and Hyde, A.C. (eds.) Classics of Public Administration. 5th Edition. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp.56-63.
- Marini, F. (1998) 'Public administration', in Shafritz, J.M. (ed.) International encyclopedia of Public Policy and Administration. Boulder, Colo: Westview, pp 1782-1788.
- Wilson, W. (2004) 'The Study of Administration', in Shafritz, J.M. and Hyde, A.C. (eds.) Classics of Public Administration. 5th Edition. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp. 22-34.
- Goodnow, F. (2004) 'Politics In Administration', in Shafritz, J.M. and Hyde, A.C. (eds.) Classics of Public Administration. 5th Edition. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp. 35-37.
- Denhardt, B.R. (1992) 'Public Administration Theory: The State of the Discipline' in, Lynn, N.B. and Wildavsky, A. (eds.) Public Administration Theory: The State of the Discipline. 1st Edition. New Delhi: EWP, pp 43-72. Alhson, G.T. (1997) 'Public and Private Management', in Shafritz, J.M. and Hyde, A.C. (eds.) Classics of Public Administration. 4th Edition. Forth Worth: Hartcourt Brace, TX, pp. 510-529.
- Bhattacharya, M. (2008) New Horizons of Public Administration. 5th Revised Edition. New Delhi: Jawahar Publishers, pp. 21-30



Course structure: INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS – BPS683

Course Title: INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BPS683

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Emergence of International Organizations
- Help students to practice of the United Nations
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Peace, Justice and Security

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of International Organizations

	Weightage (%)
Module I Emergence of International Organizations	
Meaning, Nature and Scope	25%
Evolution and Significance of League of Nations	
Emergence and Structure of the United Nations	
Module II Peace, Justice and Security	
• IINSC	25%
- Crise	23 /0
• ICJ	
• IAEA	

• OPCW	
• Interpol	
Module III International Socio – Economic Organizations	
WB, IMF, WTO, FAO, UNDP, UNEP, UNIDO, UNESCO, Amnesty International	25%
Module IV Crisis and Disaster Management	
• UNHCR	25%
• WHO	
Red Cross Society	
Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF)	

- Understand the concept of Disaster Management
- Analyze the roles and functions of the international organizations
- Identify functions and powers of the financial institutions
- Evaluate the role of WHO
- Enable students to the understand the role Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF)

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Reading

- Keohane, R.O. and Nye, (1991) 'Trans-governmental Relations and the International Organization' in Smith, M. and Little, R. (eds.) Perspectives on World Politics. New York: Routledge, rpt. 2000, pp. 229-241.
- Willetts, P. (2005) 'Transnational Actors and the International Organizations in Global Politics', in Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008) The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations. 4th edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 425-447.
- Armstrong, D., Lloyd, L. and Redmond, J. (2004) International Organisations in world politics. 3rd edn. New York: Palgrave Macmillan, pp. 42-43.
- Claude, (1984), Swords into Plowshares: The Progress and Problems of International Organisation (New York: Random House, 1984).

SYLLABUS: YEAR 2022-23



Course structure: INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL SCIENCE – BPS181

CourseTitle:INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL SCIENCE Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BPS181

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand thebasic of political science.
- Help students to practice theoretical aspects of political science.
- Enable students to strengthen their conceptual understanding.

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of political science and theoretical underpinnings.

25%

Module II State	
Meaning, Definition and Elements of State	25%
 Origin of the State: Divine Theory, Social Contract theory and Evolutionary Theory of the State 	
Mo Module III Sovereignty	
Meaning, attributes and Kinds	25%
 Theories of Sovereignty: Monistic and Pluralistic 	
Concept of Sovereignty in the age of Globalization	
Mo Module IV Basic Concepts of Political Science	
<u> </u>	
Rights: Meaning, Importance, Kinds and Safeguards Liberty: Equality and Justice: Meaning Lymportance and Kinds	25%
Liberty, Equality and Justice: Meaning, Importance and Kinds Demography magning and features the original Elitist Physicist	
 Democracy: meaning and features; theories: Classical, Elitist, Pluralist, Participatory 	

- Understand the concepts of political science and state formation.
- Analyzevarious states' institutions and their functions.
- Identify, implement and evolveconceptual understanding of the subject.
- Evaluate the different ideologies in the field of political science.
- Enable students tounderstand politics in the surrounding area.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

- 40) Bhargava, Rajeev and Ashok Acharya, Political Theory: An Introduction, Pearson Longmann: New Delhi, 2008
- 41) Political Theory: Ideas & Concepts, S.Ramaswamy, Delhi, Macmillan, 2002
- 42) Modern Political Theory, S.P Verma, New Delhi, Vikas, 1983
- 43) Principles of Modern, Political Science, J C Johri, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 1995.
- 44) Principles of Political Science, A.C.Kapur, New Delhi, Sultan Chand and Sons, 2004.
- 45) Principles of Political Science, N.N.Agarwal, Vidya Bhushan, Vishnoo Bhawan, R. Chand & Co, New Delhi, 1998.
- 46) Political Science Theory, S.C.Pant, Prakashan Kendra, Lucknow, 1998.
- 47) Political Science Theory, S.N.Dubey, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2002.



Course structure: INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT- I – BPS182

CourseTitle:INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT- I Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BPS182

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand theancient Indian political thought.
- Help students to practice the political philosophy of Kautilya in the contemporary era.
- Enable students to strengthen their knowledge about Indian political thinkers.

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of ancient Indian political thought.

•	Weightage (%)
Module I Indian Political Thought	
Brahamanic and Shramanic	25%
Islamic and Syncretic	
 Ved Vyasa (Shantiparva): Rajadharma 	
Module II	
Manu: Social Laws	25%
• Kautilya: Theory of State	

Module III	
Aggannasutta (DighaNikaya): Theory of Kingship	
Zia Barani: Ideal Polity	25%
Module IV	
Abul Fazl: Monarchy	25%
Kabir: Syncretism	

- Understand the concepts and philosophical ideas of various thinkers.
- Analyzevarious differences between Brahamanic and Shramanic traditions.
- Identify, implement and evolvecritical thinking on DighaNikaya.
- Evaluate the political ideas of Zia Barni
- Enable students to understand Kabir's social philosophy

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended

- 68. Parekh, Bhiku (1986) 'Some reflections on the Hindu Tradition of political though', in Pantham, Thomas and Deutsch, Kenneth. I. (eds.) Political thought in modern India. New Delhi: Sage,pp. 17 31
- 69. Altekar, A.S. (1958) 'The Kingship', in state and Government in Ancient India. (3rd Edition). Delhi: MotilalBanarsidass, pp. 75 108.
- 70. Shakir, Moin (1986) 'Dynamics of Muslim political thought', in Pantham, Thomas and Deutsch, Kenneth I. (eds) Political thought in Modern India. New Delhi: Sage,pp. 142 160.

- 71. Pandey, G.C. (1978) Sraman tradition: Its History and contribution to Indian Culture. Ahmedabad, L.D. Institute of Indology, pp. 52 73.
- 72. M. P. Singh, Himanshu Roy (eds.) (2011) Indian Political Thought: Themes and Thinkers, Delhi: Pearson
- 73. V. R Mehta, (1992), Foundations of Indian Political Thought, Delhi: Manohar Publications
- 74. Chandra, Bipan (2018), History Of Modern India, New Delhi: Orin ant Black Swan



Course structure: NATIONALISM IN INDIA-BAC193

Course Title: NATIONALISM IN INDIA Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAC193

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the approaches on Early Nationalism
- Help students to know about major social and religious movements
- Enable students to strengthen their views on the Emergence of Congress Party

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of History of Nationalism in India

	Weightage (%)
Module I Approaches to the study of Nationalism in India	
Colonialist	25%
 Nationalists 	
Cambridge School	
• Marxists	
Subaltern interpretations	
Debate on Early Nationalism	
Module II Major Social and Religious movements among Hindus and Muslims	
Brahmo Samaj	25%
Arya Samaj	
Dharma Sabha	
Aligarh Movement	
Wahabi Movement	
Deoband Movement	
Prathana Samaj	

Vivekananda and Ramakrishna Mission	
Module III National Movement in India	
Emergence of Congress Party	25%
Formation of the Muslim League	
Differences between Moderates and Extremists	
Swadeshi and Revolutionary Movements in 1920s	
 Socialist alternatives: Congress Socialists, Communists 	
The Caste question: Anti-Brahmanical Politics	
Ambedkar and the Dalit Movement	
Module IV Gandhian Era and Role of Women in National Movement	
Role of Gandhi in Indian National movement: Rowlatt, Khilafat and Non-	25%
Cooperation Movements; Civil Disobedience Movement of 1930; Quit India	
Movement of 1942; Partition of India in 1947	
• The Women's Question: Participations in the National Movement and its Impact	

- Understand the concepts the nationalism in India
- Analyze Indian Independence movement and the emergence of a new State
- Identify the Intellectual foundations of Gandhian Nationalism
- Evaluate the Differences between Moderates and Extremists
- Enable students to understand Major Social and Religious movements among Hindus and Muslims.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended

- 1. Bandhopadhyay, Shekhar. From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2004
- 2. Bayly, C. A. Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire.
- 3. Habib, Irfan. Indian Economy Under Early British Rule 1757-1857, Delhi: Tulika, 2013
- 4. The British Bridgehead: The New Cambridge History of India. Volume II.1. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1990.
- 5. Roy, Tirthankar. An Economic History of Early Modern India. London and New York: Routledge, 2013.
- 6. Subramanian, Lakshmi. History of India, 1707-1857. Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2010.
- 7. Alavi, Seema, ed. *The Eighteenth Century in India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2007.
- 8. Alavi, Seema. The Sepoys and the Company: Tradition and Transition in Northern India, 1770–1830. New Delhi: Oxford UniversityPress, 1998
- 9. Bayly, Susan. Caste Politics and Indian Society from the Eighteenth Century to the Modern Age. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press,1999.
- 10. Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi, ed. Rethinking 1857. Delhi: Orient Longman, 2007.
- 11. Choudhary, Sushil. Prelude to Empire: Plassey Revolution of 1757. Delhi: Manohar, 2000.
- 12. Dirks, Nicholas B. Castes of Mind. Princeton, New Jersey: Princeton University Press, 2001.
- 13. Guha, Ranajit. Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1983.
- 14. Chaudhary, Latika et. al., eds. A New Economic History of Colonial India. London and New York: Routledge, 2016.



Course structure: CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY OF INDIA – BAC194

CourseTitle:CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY OF INDIA Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAC194

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand thebackground of the constitutional history
- Help students to practice constitutional ideas
- Enable students to strengthen their understanding regarding various charters and Govt. India Acts

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of the constitutional history of India.

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
Regulating Act of 1773, Pitt's India Act of 1784	10%
The Charter Act of 1833 and 1853	
The Government of India Act 1858	
Module I	
Indian Council Act 1861	25%
Indian Council Act 1909	
Module III	

 The Government of India act 1919, effects of the Act, various aspects of Diarchy System, member qualification, power, and defects of the Act The Government of India act 1935, Central Legislature, Constituent Assembly 	25%
 Module IV Cripps Mission, Wavell Plan and Cabinet Mission The India Independence Act 1947 The Constituent Assembly of India 	25%
 Module V Constitutional development in Jammu and Kashmir Significance of A 370 Revocation of A 370 and after Response of J&K people to the removal of A 370 	15%
• Response of J&K people to the removal of A 570	

- Understand the conceptsDiarchy System in India
- Analyzevarious charters and acts passed by the British Government
- Identify the role of India Council Acts
- Evaluate the various missions sent the British government
- Enable students tounderstand the historical background of Jammu & Kashmir

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Readings:

- 1. Singh, M.P. (2019), Outlines of Indian Legal & Constitutional History, Lexis Nexis: Haryana
- 2. Pylee, M.V. (2011), Constitutional History of India [1600 2010], S. Chand & Company: New Delhi
- 3. D.D Basu, (2020), An Introduction to the Constitution of India, Prentice Hall, New Delhi. (Latest Edition).
- 4. M.V. Pylee, (1998), An Introduction to the Constitution of India, Vikas, New Delhi,
- 5. V.D. Mahajan, (1986), Constitutional Development and National Movement in India, S. Chand and Co, New Delhi,



Course structure: POLITICAL THEORY: CONCEPTS & DEBATE-BPS281

CourseTitle:POLITICAL THEORY: CONCEPTS & DEBATE Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BPS281

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the political theory
- Help students to practice political rights in our life.
- Enable students to strengthen their political understanding of state

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of political theory and its concepts.

•	Weightage (%)
Module I Importance of Liberty	
Liberty: Meaning and Nature, Kinds of Liberty	25%
Freedom as Emancipation and Development	25 / 0
Important Issue: Freedom of thought, Expression and Dissent	
Module II Significance of Equality	
Formal Equality: Equality of opportunity	25%
Political equality	
Egalitarianism: Background inequalities and differential treatment	
Important Issue: affirmative action	
Indispensability of Justice	
Procedural Justice	
Distributive Justice	
Global Justice	

Importance Issue: Capital punishment.	
Module III The Universality of Rights	
Natural Rights	25%
Moral and Legal Rights	
Three generations of Rights	
Rights and Obligations	
Important Issue: Right of the girl child	
Module IV Major Debates	
Why should we obey the state? Issues of political obligation and Civil Disobedience.	25%
Are human rights universal? Issue of cultural relativism	
How do we accommodate diversity in plural society? Issues of multiculturalism and	
toleration.	

- Understand the concepts of rights
- Analyzevarious types of justice
- Identify, implement and evolvethe idea of liberty
- Evaluate theissue of capital punishment
- Enable students tounderstand the concept of equality

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings:

- 15. Bhargava, Rajeev and Ashok Acharya, Political Theory: An Introduction, Pearson Longmann: New Delhi, 2008
- 16. Vincent, A. (2004) The Nature of Political Theory. New York: Oxford University Press.
- 17. O. P. Gauba (2019), An Introduction to Political Theory, New Delhi: MACMILLAN
- 18. J. C. Johri, (2009), Principles of Modern Political Science, New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd
- 19. Hyums, Keith. (2008) 'Political Authority and Obligation', in Mckinnon, Catriona. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 9-26
- 20. Martin, Rex. (2003) 'Political Obligation', in Bellamy, Richard and Mason, Andrew. (eds.)
- 21. Political Concepts, Manchester: Manchester University Press, pp. 41-51.
- 22. Campbell, Tom. (2008) 'Human Rights' in Mckinnon, Catriona. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 194-210.
- 23. Mookherjee, Monica, 'Multiculturalism', in Mckinnon, Catriona. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 218-234.
- 24. Seglow, Jonathan, 'Multiculturalism', in Bellamy, Richard and Mason, Andrew. (eds.) *Political Concepts*, Manchester: Manchester University Press, pp. 156-168.
- 25. Andrew Heywood, (2015), Political Theory: An introduction, New York: MACMILLAN



Course structure: INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT – II – BPS282

CourseTitle:INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT - II Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BPS282

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the philosophy of Indian political thinkers.
- Help students to practice the Idea of Gandh's Swaraj
- Enable students to strengthen their knowledge of Hindutva

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Indian Political Though in the contemporary era

•	Weightage (%)
Module I Understanding Indian Political Thought	
	30%
Rammohan Roy: Rights	
Pandita Ramabai: Gender	
Vivekananda: Ideal Society	
Module II State	

Gandhi: SwarajAmbedkar: Social Justice	20%
M Module III Sovereignty	
Tagore: Critique of NationalismIqbal: Self and Community	20%
MoModule: IV Basic Concepts of Political Ideology	
Savarkar: Hindutva	30%
Nehru: Secularism	
Lohia: Socialism	
M. N. Roy: Humanism	

- Understand the concepts of Iqbal's Self and Community
- Analyzevarious political ideologies of Indian Political thinkers
- Identify the significance of Pandita Ramabai
- Evaluate Ambedker's Idea of social justice
- Enable students tounderstand the concept of Socialism

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

23. Understanding Modern Indian Political Thought

- e. Mehta, V.R. and Pantham Thomas (eds.) (2006), 'A thematic introduction to Political Ideas in Modern India: Thematic Explorations, history of Science, Philosophy and Culture in Indian civilization' Vol: 10, Part:7, New Delhi: Sage Publications, pp. xxvii ixi
- f. Dalton, D., (1982) 'Continuity of Innovation', in Indian Idea of Freedom: Political thought of Swami Vivekananda, Arbindo Ghose, Rabindranath Tagore and Mahatma Gandhi. Academic Press: Gurgaon, pp. 1-28.

24. Rammohan Roy: Rights

- e. Bayly, C.A. (2010) 'Rammohan and the Advent of Constitutional Liberalism in India 1800 1830', in Kapila, Shruti (ed). An intellectual History for India. New Delhi: Cambridge University Press, pp. 18 34.
- f. Pantham, Thomas (1986) 'The Socio Religious thought of Rammohanroy', in Panthom, Thomas and Deutsch, Kenneth. (eds.) Political Thought in Modern India. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 32 -52

25. Pandita Ramabai: Gender

c. Kosambi, Meera (1988) 'Women's Emancipation and Equality: Pandita Ramabai's Contribution to Women's Cause', Economic and Political Weekly, vol. 23, No. 44: Oct., pp. 38 – 49

Further Readings

Chakravarti, Uma (2007) Pandita Ramabai – A life and a Time. New Delhi: Critical Quest, pp. 1 – 40.

Omvedt, Gail (2008) 'Ramabai: omen in the kingdom of God', in Seeking Begumpura: The Socila Vision of Anti Caste Intellectual. New Delhi: Navayana. Pp. 205 – 224.

26. Vivekananda: Ideal Society

- e. Sen. Amiya. P. (2003) 'Swami Vivekananda on history and Society', in Swami Vivekananda. Delhi: OUP, pp. 62 79
- f. Rustav, Hilfred (1998) 'Swami Vivekananda and the Ideal Society', in Radice, William (ed.) Swami Vivekananda and the modernization of Hinduism. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 264 280.

Further Reading

Raghuramaraju (2007) 'Swami and Mahatma Paradigm: State and Civil Society', in Debates in Indian Philosophy: Classical, Colonial, and Contemporary. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 29 – 65

27. Gandhi: Swaraj

- e. Parel, Anthony J. (ed.) (2002) 'Introduction', in Gandhi, freedom and Self Rule. Delhi: Vistarr Publication.
- f. Dalton, dennis (1982) Indian Idea of Freedom: Political Thought of Swami Vivekananda, Aurobindo Ghose, Mahatma Gandhi and Rabindranath Tagore Gurgaon: The Academic Press,pp. 154 190

Further Reading

Terchek, Ronald (2002) 'Gandhian Autonomy in Late Modern World', in Parel, Anthony J. (ed.) Gandhi, freedom and Self Rule. Delhi: Sage.

28. Ambedkar: Social Justice

- e. Rodrgues, Valetian (2007) 'Good Society, rights, Democracy Socialism', in ThoratSukjdeo and Aryama (eds.) Ambedkar in Retrospect Essays on Economics, politics and Society. Jaipur: IID Sand Rawat Publication.
- f. Mangekar, Bhalachandra (2007) 'Quest for Democratic Socialism', in Thorat, Sukhdeo and Aryana (eds.) Ambedkar in retrospect Essays on Economics, Politics and Society. Jaipur: IIDS and Rawat Publication, pp. 121 142

Further Readings

Chatterjee Partah (2005) 'Ambedkar and the troubled times of Citizenship', in Mehta, V.R. and Pantham, Thomas (eds.) Political ideas in modern India: Thematic Explorations. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 73 -92.

29. Tagore: Critique of Nationalism

- e. Chakravarty, Randharaman (1986) 'Tagore, Politics and Beyond', in Pantham, Thomas and Deutsch, Kenneth I (Eds.) Political Thought in Modern India. New Delhi: Sage,pp. 177 191
- f. Radhakrishnan, Manju and Debasmita (2003) 'Nationalism is a Great Menace: Tagore and Nationalism' in Hogan, Patrick, Colm and pandit, Lalita (eds.) Rabindranath Tagore: Universality and Tradition. London: Rosemont Publishing and Printing Corporation, pp. 29 39.

Further Reading

Nandy, Ashis (1994), 'Rabindranath Tagore & Politics of Self', in Illegitimacy of Nationalism. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 1 – 50

30. Iqbal: Community

- e. Engineer, Asghar Ali (1980) 'Iqbal's Reconstruction of religious Thought in Islam', Social Scientist, Vol.8, No.8, March, pp. 52 63
- f. Madani (2005), Composite Nationalism and Islam. New Delhi: Manohar, pp. 66 91.

Further Reading

Gordon – Polonskya, L. R. (1971) 'Ideology of Muslim Nationalism', in Malik, Hafiz (ed.) Iqbal: Poet-philosopher of Pakistan. New York: Columbia University Press, pp. 108 – 134.

31. Savarkar: Hindutva

c. Sharma, Jyotirmaya (2003) Hindutva: Exploring the idea of Hindu Nationalism. Delhi:Panguin, pp. 124 – 172.

Further Reading

Keer, Dhananjay (1966) Veer Savarkar. Bombay: Popular Prakashan, pp. 223 – 250.

32. Nehru: Secularism

- e. Pillai, R.C. (1986) 'Political thought of Jawaharlal Nehru', in Pantham, Thomas and Deutsch Kenneth I. (eds.) Political Thought in Modem India. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 260 274.
- **f.** Zachariah, Benjamin (2004) Nehru. London: Routledge Historical Biographies, pp. 169 213.

Further Reading

Chatterje, Partha (1986) 'The Moment of Arrival: Nehru and the Passive Revolution', in Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: A Derivative Discourse? London: Zed Books, pp. 131 – 166.

33. Lohia: Socialism

Sinha, Sachinananda(2010), 'Lohia's Socialism: An underdog's perspective', in Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. XLV, No. 40, October 02 – October 08, pp. 51 – 55.

Kumar, Anand (2010) 'Understanding Lohia's Political Sociology: Intersectionality of caste, Class, Gender and Language Issue', Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. XLV, No 40, October 02 – October 08, pp. 64 – 70.

Original Excerpts

- g. Roy,R. (1991) 'The Percepts of Jesus the Guide to Peace and happiness', Hay,S. (ed.) Sources of Roy, R. (1991) 'The percepts of Jesus, The Guide to Peace and happiness', Hay,S. (ed.) Source of Indian Tradition Vol. 2. Second Edition. New Delhi: Penguin, pp. 24 29.
- h. Ramabai, P. (2000), 'Women's place in Religion and Society', Kosambi, M. (ed.) Pandita Ramabai Through her Own Words: Selected Works. N. Delhi:OUP, pp. 150 155.
- i. Vivekananda, S. (2007) 'The Real and the Apparent Man', Bodhasarananda, S. (ed.) Selections from the Complete Works of Swami Vivekananda, Kolkata: Advaita Ashrama, pp.126 129.



Course structure: WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT - I – BPS283

CourseTitle:WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT - I Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BPS283

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Political philosophy of Plato and Aristotle
- Help students to practice the Ideas of Machiavelli
- Enable students to strengthen the understanding of Social Contract Theory

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Western Political thought

	Weightage (%)
Module I Ancient Greek Political Thought	
Plato – Life & Works, Ideal State, Justice, Education, Communism of Wives & Property, Philosopher King	25%
 Aristotle – Life & Works, Origin, Nature and Ends of State, Slavery, Classification of Constitutions & Revolutions 	
Iodule II Social Contract Thinkers	
 Thomas Hobbes: State of nature, Social Contract, Nature and Attributes of State John Locke: State of Nature, Natural Rights, Nature and Functions of State 	25%
J.J. Rousseau: State of nature, Social Contract and General Will	

Module III Machiavelli	
 Features of Modern Political Thought Machiavelli – Human nature, Concept of State & Government, Theory of ethics & politics, tips to Successful ruler. 	25%
Module IVLiberal Thinkers	
 J.S Mill – Concept of Liberty, Individual Freedom and Individuality, Democracy and Representative Government T.H. Green – Theory of State, Liberty & Rights 	25%

- Understand the concept of Ideal State
- Analyzevarious on Social Contract theory
- Identify the functions of the State by Locke
- Evaluate theidea of Individual Liberty
- Enable students tocritically analyze the views of Machiavelli on human nature.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/	End term
		ance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	ter in
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

1. A History of Political Theory, George, H. Sabine, Oxford and IBH Publishing, New Delhi 1973.

- 2. The Political thought, J.C Johari, Metropolitan Book Co. Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2008
- 3. Modern Political thought, Nayyar Shamsi, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2006
- 4. Great Political Thinkers, East & West, R.C Gupta, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2010.
- 5. Ancient Political Thought, V. Venkata Rao, S. Chand & Co Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,1988
- 6. A History of Political thought, Jyoti Prasad Suda, K. Nath & Co. Meerut, 1984.



Course structure: THEORIES OF ADMINISTRATION – BPS284

CourseTitle: THEORIES OF ADMINISTRATION Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BPS284

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand theseveral Theories of Administration
- Help students to understand Administrative theories
- Enable students to strengthen their views on major approaches

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Theories of Administration

	Weightage (%)
Module I Public administration as a Discipline and Profession	
Meaning, scope and significance of the subject, public and private administration	25%
Evolution and major approaches	
Module II Administrative theories	
Ideal-type bureaucracy	25%
Scientific management	
Human relations theory	

Rational decision-making	
Module III Development administration	
Comparative Public Administration	25%
Development administration	
Rigg's Ecological Approach	
Module IV Recent Trends	
New Public Administration	25%
New Public Management	
Good Governance	
Feminist perspectives	
Revisiting Gandhi's concept of Oceanic Circles	

- Understand the concept of New public administration
- Analyzethe role of Development administration
- Identify and implement the Good governance
- Evaluate the Scientific management
- Enable students toRigg's ecological approach

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential readings

- 1. Chakrabarty, Bidyut(2017), Public Administration: From Government to Governance, Orient Blackswan: New Delhi
- 2. Waldo, D. (1968) 'Public Administration' in International Encyclopedia of the Social Sciences. (s.n.): Macmillan, pp.145-156. 30
- 3. White, D.(2004) 'Introduction To The Study Of Public Administration' in Shafritz, J.M. and Hyde, A.C. (eds.) Classics of Public Administration. 5th Edition. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp.56-63.
- 4. Marini, F. (1998) 'Public administration', in Shafritz, J.M. (ed.) International encyclopedia of Public Policy and Administration. Boulder, Colo: Westview, pp 1782-1788.
- 5. Wilson, W. (2004) 'The Study of Administration', in Shafritz, J.M. and Hyde, A.C. (eds.) Classics of Public Administration. 5th Edition. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp. 22-34.
- 6. Goodnow, F. (2004) 'Politics InAdminstration', in Shafritz, J.M. and Hyde, A.C. (eds.) Classics of Public Administration. 5th Edition. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp. 35-37.
- 7. Denhardt, B.R. (1992) 'Public Administration Theory: The State of the Discipline' in, Lynn, N.B. and Wildavsky, A. (eds.) Public Administration Theory: The State of the Discipline. 1st Edition. New Delhi: EWP, pp43-72.
- 8. Alhson, G.T. (1997) 'Public and Private Management', in Shafritz, J.M. and Hyde, A.C. (eds.) Classics of Public Administration. 4th Edition. Forth Worth: HartcourtBrace, TX, pp. 510-529.
- 9. Bhattacharya, M. (2008) New Horizons of Public Administration. 5th Revised Edition. New Delhi: Jawahar Publishers, pp. 21-30



Course structure: COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT & POLITICS - I – BPS381

CourseTitle:COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT & POLITICS - I Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BPS381

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the comparative politics
- Help students to analyze the idea of state capitalism
- Enable students to strengthen their knowledge of several ideologies

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Comparative Government & Politics.

	Weightage (%)
Iodule I Comparative Government and Politics	
Nature and Scope	25%
• Why compare?	
Going beyond Euro-centrism	
Iodule II Historical context of Modern Government	

Capitalism: Meaning and Development; Globalization	250/
State Socialism: Meaning, Growth and Development	25%
State Capitalism: Meaning, Growth and Development	
Module III Themes for Comparative Analysis	
A Comparative Study of Constitutional Developments	25%
Political Economy	
• Executive, Judiciary, Representation and Participation in the following countries:	
Britain, Brazil, Nigeria and China	
Module IV Trends in Comparative Politics	
	2=0/
	25%
Colonialism and Decolonization: Meaning, context, forms of Colonialism; Anti- Colonial Struggles and Process of Decolonization.	
Colonial Struggles and Process of Decolonization	
 Democratic Socialism: Meaning, Growth and Development 	

- Understand the concepts of comparative government and politics
- Analyze the comparative study of various countries
- Identify various forms of colonialism
- Evaluate therole of capitalism in the globalization
- Enable students tounderstand about Democratic Socialism

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend	Assignment/	End
		ance		term
			Project/Seminar/Quiz	

Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

- 1. Kopstein, J. and Lichbach, M. (eds.) (2005) Comparative Politics: Interests, Identities, and InstitutionsinaChangingGlobalOrder. Cambridge: CambridgeUniversityPress,pp.1-15; 16-36;253-290.
- 2. Roy, A. (2001) 'Comparative Method and Strategies of Comparison', *Punjab Journal of Politics*. Vol. XXV (2), pp. 1-15.
- 3. Blondel, J. (1996) 'Then and Now: Comparative Politics', Political Studies. Vol 47 (1),pp.152-160.
- 4. Monoranjan, M. (1975) 'Comparative Political Theory and Third World Sensitivity', *Teaching Politics*, Nos. 1 & 2, pp. 22-38
- 5. Chandhoke, N. (1996) 'Limits of Comparative Political Analysis', Economic and Political Weekly. Vol 31 (4), January 27, pp. PE 2-PE8
- 6. Dobb, M. (1950) 'Capitalism', in Studies in the Development of Capitalism. London: Routledge and Kegan Paul Ltd, pp. 1-32.
- 7. Wood, Ellen M. (2002) 'The Agrarian Origin of Capitalism', in Origin of Capitalism: ALong View. London: Verso, pp. 91-95;166-181.
- 8. Hoogvelt, A. (2001) 'History of Capitalist Expansion', in Globalization and Third World Politics. London: Palgrave, pp. 14-28.
- 9. Harrison, G. (2002) 'Globalization', in Blakelay, G. and Bryson, V. (eds.) *Contemporary Political Concepts: A Critical Introduction*. London: Pluto Press, pp. 14-34.
- **10.** Ritzer, G. (2010) 'Globalization and Related Processes I: Imperialism, Colonialism, Development, Westernization', in *Globalization: A Basic Text*. London: Wiley-Blackwell, pp.63-84.
- 11. Modelski, G. (2003) 'Globalization' in Held, D. and McGrew, A. (eds.) *The Global TransformationsReader:AnIntroductiontotheGlobalizationDebate*. UnitedKingdom: Polity Press, pp. 1-50;54-59.
- 12. Roberts, A. (2004) 'The State of Socialism: A Note on Terminology', Slavic Review. Vol. 63 (2), pp. 349-366.
- 13. Brown, A. (2009) 'The Idea of Communism', in Rise and Fall of Communism, Harper Collins (e-Book), pp. 1-25;587-601



Course structure: CONSTITUTION OF INDIA-BPS382

CourseTitle:CONSTITUTION OF INDIA Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BPS382

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand thephilosophy of Indian Constitution
- Help students to understand the salient features of the constitution of India
- Enable students to strengthen the concept of Citizenship

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Constitution of India

·	Weightage (%)
Module I Introduction to the Indian Constitution	
Preamble & its Philosophy	25%
 Salient features of Indian Constitution 	
 Comments on Indian constitution 	
 Concept of Federalism and its types 	
Module II Key Concepts	
Citizenship – Methods of acquiring & losing,	25%
 Fundamental Rights & Fundamental Duties 	
Directive Principles of State Policy	

Module III Union Government: Organization, Power & functions	
Legislature: Union Parliament Fig. 12. A Sign of Control of	25%
• Executive: President, Vice President, Prime Minister & Council of Ministers	
Judiciary: Supreme Court, Judicial Activism and Judicial Review	
Module IV State Government: Organization, power & functions	
State legislature	25%
State Executive: Governor, Chief Minister & Council of Ministers	
State Judiciary: High Court	

- Understand the concepts fundamental rights
- Analyzevarious functions and powers of the Legislature
- Identify the role of judiciary
- Evaluate the power and functions of the Governor, Chief Minister & Council of Ministers
- Enable students to understandDirective Principles of State Policy

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

- 15. An Introduction to the Constitution of India, D.D Basu, Prentice Hall, New Delhi. (Latest Edition).
- 16. An Introduction to the Constitution of India, M.V. Pylee, Vikas, New Delhi, 1998.
- 17. Constitutional questions in India: The President, Parliament and the States, A.G. Noorani, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2000.
- 18. Indian Political System, J.C Johari, Anmol Publishers, New Delhi, 1966.

- 19. Constitutional Development and National Movement in India, V.D. Mahajan, S. Chand and Co, New Delhi, 1986.
- 20. The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation, Granville Austin, Oxford University Press, USA, 1999
- 21. Our Constitution: An Introduction to India's Constitution And Constitutional Law, Subhash C. Kashyap, National Book Trust, India, 2008



Course structure: WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT - II – BPS383

CourseTitle:WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT - II Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BPS383

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Western Political thought
- Help students to practice pleasure and pain theory given by Bentham
- Enable students to strengthen their knowledge of Utilitarianism

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Western Political Thought in the contemporary era

	Weightage (%)
Module IUtilitarian	
Jeremy Bentham: Utilitarianism, Pleasure & Pain theory	25%
J.S. Mill: Modifications of Bentham's theory, Critique of Utilitarianism	
Module II Idealists	
Hegel: On Dialects, State and Freedom	25%
Mary Wollstonecraft: Feminist Ideas	
Hannah Arendt: Totalitarianism	

Module III Socialists	
 Karl Marx: Materialistic Dialectics and Historical Materialism, Theory of Surplus Value, Class Struggle, Base super structure Relations, Critique of Capitalism V.I. Lenin: Imperialism and Democratic Centralism Mao- Tse-Tung: Role of Peasantry Gramsci: Neo-Marxist 	25%
Module IV Anarchist	
Bakunin and KropotkinGandhi	25%

- Understand the concepts of Karl Marx
- Analyzethe feminist ideas of Mary Wollstonecraft
- Identify the role of peasantry by Mao
- Evaluate the political thought of Gandhi ji
- Enable students to Imperialism and Democratic Centralism

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

- 1. A History of Political Theory, George, H. Sabine, Oxford and IBH Publishing, New Delhi 1973.
- 2. The Political thought, J.C Johari, Metropolitan Book Co. Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2008
- 3. Modern Political thought, Nayyar Shamsi, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2006
- 4. Great Political Thinkers, East & West, R.C Gupta, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2010.
- 5. Ancient Political Thought, V. Venkata Rao, S. Chand & Co Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,1988
- 6. A History of Political thought, Jyoti Prasad Suda, K. Nath & Co. Meerut, 1984.



Course structure: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - I -BPS384

CourseTitle:PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - I Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BPS384

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand therole of Public administration.
- Help students to understand the practice of state institutions.
- Enable students to strengthen the knowledge of political system.

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Public Administration and the institutions.

	Weightage (%)
Module I Introduction to Public Administration	
Meaning, Nature, Scope & Importance of Public Administration	25%
 Approaches to the Study of Public Administration – Philosophical, Legal & 	
Historical	
Module II Basic Concepts and Principles	
• Organization, Hierarchy, Unity of Command, Span of Control, Centralization, Decentralization, Co – ordination, Delegation, Supervision and Line & Staff	25%

Module III Personnel Administration	
Civil Service – Meaning, Features, Functions, Recruitment, Training, Promotion & Morale	25%
• Role of Civil Services in Developing societies, Relation with Political Executives, Generalists vs Specialists	
Module IV Indian Administration Structure	
Central Secretariat – Cabinet Secretariat – Meaning, Organization & Functions of Chief Secretary	25%
• State Secretariat – Organization, Function & role of Chief Secretary.	
 District and Local Administration – Divisional Commissioner, Chief Executive Officer and Panchayat Development Officer (PDO) 	

- Understand the concept of Hierarchy.
- Analyzevarious roles and functions of the Chief Secretary.
- Identify the principles of Organization.
- Evaluate thefunctions and powers of the District Officer.
- Enable students tounderstand the approaches to the Study of Public Administration.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

54. Public Administration: From Government to Governance, Chakrabarty, Bidyut, Orient Blackswan: New Delhi 2017

- 55. Public Administration: Principles & Practice, A.R Tyagi, Atma Ram & Sons, Delhi, 2001.
- 56. Public Administration, Avasthi& Maheshwari, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra 2009.
- 57. Public Administration in Theory & Practice, M.P Shrma& B.L Sadana, Kitab Mahak, Allahabad, 1994.
- 58. Public Administration, Mohit Bhattacharya, World Press, Kolkata, 2002.
- 59. Introduction to the study of Public Administration, Leonard. D. White, Eurasia Publishing House, New Delhi, 1982.
- 60. Public Administration, VishnoBhagawan, Vidhya Bhushan, S. Chand &Co.Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
- 61. Public Administration, Theory & Practice, Sahib Singh & Swinder Singh, New Academic Publishing Co. Jalandhar, 2003.
- 62. Public Administration, T.K Agarwal, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra 2005.
- 63. Public Administration & Public Affairs, Nicholas Henry, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1999.
- 64. Public Administration, KK Ghai, Kalyani Publishers, New delhi, 2007.
- 65. Indian Administration, Avasthi&Avasthi, Laxminarain Agarwal, Agra, 1995.
- 66. Indian Administration, Shriram Maheshwari, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1997.
- 67. Indian, Administration, Hoshir Singh, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi, 2005.



Course structure: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION – II -BPS481

CourseTitle:PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - II Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BPS481

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the basic ideas of Public Administration
- Help students to practice of New Public Management
- Enable students to strengthen their view on Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Public Administration

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
	25%
Globalization, Liberalization, Public Administration since World War II	
New PublicManagement, Features of New Public Management	
Evaluation of New Public Management	
Module II	
Democracy and Good Governance, Features of Good Governance, Evaluation of GoodGovernance, The Cook of Good Governance	25%
Right To Information and E-Governance	

Module III	
 Introduction, Changing Nature-with reference to Liberalization and Privatization Public-Private Partnership, Shift in Economic Policy in Indian Economy after 1991, Behaviour and attitudinal influence of GLP on the Administration Public Private Partnerships in India 	20,0
Module IV	
 Introduction to Policy Analysis The Analysis of Policy in the context of Theories of State Political Economy and Policy: Interest Groups and Social Movement Models of Policy Decision Making 	25%

- Understand the concept of Globalization
- Analyzevarious theories of the State
- Identify the role of the interest Groups
- Evaluate theconcept of political economy
- Enable students tounderstand the Models of Policy Decision Making

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

- 1. Public Administration: From Government to Governance, Chakrabarty, Bidyut, Orient Blackswan: New Delhi 2017
- 2. Public Administration: Principles & Practice, A.R Tyagi, Atma Ram & Sons, Delhi, 2001.
- 3. Public Administration, Avasthi& Maheshwari, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra 2009.
- 4. Public Administration in Theory & Practice, M.P Shrma& B.L Sadana, Kitab Mahak, Allahabad, 1994.
- 5. Public Administration, Mohit Bhattacharya, World Press, Kolkata, 2002.
- 6. Introduction to the study of Public Administration, Leonard. D. White, Eurasia Publishing House, New Delhi, 1982.
- 7. Public Administration, VishnoBhagawan, Vidhya Bhushan, S. Chand &Co.Ltd,New Delhi, 2005.
- 8. Public Administration, Theory & Practice, Sahib Singh & Swinder Singh, New Academic Publishing Co. Jalandhar, 2003.
- 9. Public Administration, T.K Agarwal, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra 2005.
- 10. Public Administration & Public Affairs, Nicholas Henry, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1999.
- 11. Public Administration, KK Ghai, Kalyani Publishers, New delhi, 2007.
- 12. Introduction to the study of Public Administration, L.D White, Macmillian Company, 1955
- 13. Public Administration: Concepts and Theories, RumkiBasu, Sterling New Delhi, 1986.
- 14. Public Administration in India, Padma Ramachandran, National, New Delhi, 1996.
- 15. Indian Administration, Avasthi&Avasthi, Laxminarain Agarwal, Agra, 1995.
- 16. Indian Administration, Shriram Maheshwari, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1997.



Course structure: INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS – BAC494

CourseTitle:INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BAC494

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand therole and powers of the political parties
- Help students to practice electoral System
- Enable students to strengthen their idea of Federalism

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Indian Government and Politics

	Weightage (%)
Module I Political Parties and the Party System & Elections and the Electoral System	25%
 National and regional parties; trends in the party system – from the Congress system to the era of multiparty coalitions The nature of and challenges to, the electoral system; social determinants of voting 	25 / 0
Module II Federalism and Regional Aspirations,	

 Politics of Secession, autonomy and accommodation Debates on secularism; majority and minority communalism 	25%
 Module III Caste and Politics, Caste in Politics and the politicization of caste; interaction of caste with class and 	25%
 gender; caste discrimination and affirmative action policies The nature of political power in India with reference to developmental, welfare, ideology and coercive dimensions. 	
Module IV	
 Religion and Politics Changing Nature of Indian Politics Identity Politics 	25%

- Understand the concept caste in politics
- AnalyzeChanging Nature of Indian Politics
- Identify the relation between Religion and Politics
- Evaluate therole of communalism in politics
- Enable students tounderstand vote bank politics

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essentials Readings:

- 1. Austin, Granville, Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience, OUP, Delhi, 1999.
- 2. Basu, DD, Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice-Hall, 1980.
- 3. Bhargava, Rajeev ed., Secularism and its Critics, OUP, New Delhi, 1998.
- 4. Brass, Paul R., The Politics of India since Independence, Cambridge University Press and Foundation Books, New Delhi, Second Edition, reprinted 1999
- 5. Chandra, Bipan, Mridula Mukherjee and Aditya Mukherjee, India after Independence 1947-2000, Penguin Books, Delhi, 2000
- 6. Chaube, S.K., Constituent Assembly of India: Springboard of Revolution, Peoples' Publishing House, New Delhi, 1973.
- 7. Chakrabarty, Bidyut, Forging Power, Coalition Politics in India, OUP, New Delhi, 2006.
- 8. Chatterjee, Partha, State and Politics in India, OUP, New Delhi, 2004 (paperback)
- 9. Rajni Kothari, Caste in Indian Politics, Sangam Books Limited, 1970



Course structure: COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT & POLITICS - II- BPS482

CourseTitle:COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT & POLITICS - II Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BPS482

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Approaches to Studying Comparative Politics.
- Help students to analyze political systems
- Enable students to strengthen their knowledge of political culture

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Comparative Government & Politics.

	Weightage (%)
Module I Approaches to Studying Comparative Politics	
Traditional Institutional	25%
Political Systems	
Political Culture	
New Institutionalism	
Module II Electoral System	
Definition and procedures: types of electoral systems (first past the post, Proportional Representation, Mixed Representation)	25%

Historical contexts of emergence of the party system and types of parties	
Module III Nation – State	
• What is a nation – state?	25%
Historical evolution in Western Europe and Postcolonial Contexts.	
'Nation 'Vs State: debate	
Module IV Democratization	
Process of democratization in postcolonial, post – authoritarian, and post communist countries	25%
Federation and Confederation: Debates around territorial division of power	

- Understand the concept of State
- AnalyzevariousProcess of democratization in postcolonial countries
- Identify the types of electoral systems
- Evaluate therole of New Institutionalism
- Enable students to understand representative system

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend	Assignment/	End
		ance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

1. Almond, G. A. (ed.) (2000) 'Comparing Political Systems', in Gabriel A. et al. (eds.) *Comparative Politics Today: A World View*. New York: Longman, pp. 39-46.

- 2. Pennington, M. (2009) 'Theory, Institutions and Comparative Politics', in Bara, J. and Pennington, M. (eds.) *Comparative Politics: Explaining Democratic System.* Sage, NewDelhi, pp 13-40.
- 3. Hall, P. And Taylor, Rosemary C. R. (1996) 'Political Science and the Three New Institutionalisms, *Political Studies*. XLIV, pp. 936-957.
- 4. Rosamond, B. (2005) 'Political Culture', in Axford, B. et al. (eds.) Politics, London: Routledge, pp. 57-81.
- 5. Howard, M. (2009) 'Culture in Comparative Political Analysis', in Lichback, M. I. and Zuckerman, A. S. (eds.) *Comparative Politics: Rationality, Culture, and Structure*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 134-161.
- 6. Fisher, J. R. (2011) 'Systems Theory and Structural Functionalism', in Ishiyama, J. T. and Breuning, M. (eds.) 21st Century Political Science: A Reference Handbook. Los Angeles:Sage, pp. 71-80.
- 7. Rakner, L. and Vicky, R. (2011) 'Institutional Perspectives', in Burnell, P. et.al. (eds.) *Politics in the Developing World*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 53-70.
- 8. Moser, R. G. and Ethan, S. (2004) 'Mixed Electoral Systems and Electoral System Effects Controlled Comparison and Cross-national Analysis', *Electoral Studies*. 23, pp. 575–599.
- 9. Heywood, A. (2002) 'Representation, Elections and Voting', in *Politics*. New York: Palgrave, pp. 223-245.
- 10. Evans, Jocelyn A.J. (2009) 'Electoral Systems', in Bara, J. and Pennington, M. (eds.) Comparative Politics. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 93-119.
- 11. ole, A. (2011) 'Comparative Political Parties: Systems and Organizations', in Ishiyama, John T. and Breuning, M. (eds.) 21st Century Political Science: A Reference Book. LosAngeles: Sage, pp. 150-158.
- 12. Criddle, B. (2003) 'Parties and Party System', in Axtmann, R. (ed.) Understanding Democratic Politics: An Introduction. London: Sage, pp. 134-142.
- 13. Heywood, A. (2002) 'Parties and Party System' in *Politics*. New York: Palgrave, pp. 247-268.
- 14. Boix, Ch. and Stokes, S. (eds.) (2007) Handbook of Comparative Politics, Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 499-521; 522-554



Course structure: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS - I – BAC493

CourseTitle:INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS - I Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BAC493

Course Objectives:

• Enable students to understand the International politics

- Help students to understand the concept of Cold War
- Enable students to strengthen their knowledge about the theories of IR

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of international relations and global politics

	Weightage (%)
odule I Origin and Growth of IR	
Meaning, nature (traditional view, modern view and current view) & Scope and Subject-	25%
matter	
Purpose and significance	
IR development as an academic discipline	
odule IITheories of IR	
• Realism	25%
Neo-Realism	
• Liberalism	
Neo-Liberalism	
Neo-LiberalismFeminism	

 Cold War setup: NATO, SEATO, CENTO and Warsaw Pact 	2507
 Collapse of the USSR and the End of the Cold War 	25%
Post-Cold War era: Collective Security through UN	
War On Terror: Afghanistan and Iraq	
• QUAD	
M. J. I. IV. I. A 42 1 D. 122 1 E	
Module IV: International Political Economy	
Aid and Development	25%
 Debt for Development: OBOR and CPEC 	
Trade and Protectionism	
Trade War	

- Understand the concept of collective security
- Analyze the role of various military organizations
- Identify the concept of liberalism and neo-liberalism
- Evaluate therole of Peace-Keeping operations
- Enable students tounderstand realism and neo-realism

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended

- 1. International systems in world History Remaking the study of International Relations, Barry Buzan and Richard Little, Oxford University, Press, New York, 2000.
- 2. International relations, Vinay kumar Malhotra, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2012
- 3. Rajan, M.S., and Shivaj Ganguli, (eds.) India and international System, New Delhi, Vikas, 1981
- 4. Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Mahendra Kumar, Shiva Lal Agarwal, Agra, 1967
- 5. K.P. Mishra and R.S. Beal, International Relations Theory, Vikas Publishers, New Delhi, 1990
- 6. Gujral, I.K., A foreign policy for India, Externla publicity division, MEA, Government of India, Delhi, 1998
- 7. India's Foreign Policy, Subhas Shukla, Anamika Publishers, New Delhi, 2007
- 8. India's Foreign & Sub Continental Politics, Vandana Asthana, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 1999
- 9. India's Foreign Policy & its Neighbours, Dhiraj Shrivastava, ABD Publishers, Jaipur, 2007.
- 10. India's Foreign policy of India, Sudhir Pattnaik, Arise Publishers, New Delhi, 2008
- 11. Foreign Policy of India, V.N. Khanna, vikas publishing house Pvt. Ltd. 2007.
- 12. M. Nicholson, (2002) International Relations: A Concise Introduction, New York: Palgrave, pp. 1-4.
- 13. R. Jackson and G. Sorensen, (2007) *Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approches*, 3rd Edition, Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 2-7
- 14. S. Joshua. Goldstein and J. Pevehouse, (2007) International Relations, New York: Pearson Longman, 2007, pp. 29-35
- 15.C. Brown and K. Ainley, (2009) *Understanding International Relations*, Basingstoke: Palgrave, pp. 1-16.



Course structure: PUBLIC POLICY AND ANALYSIS – BPS581

CourseTitle:PUBLIC POLICY AND ANALYSIS

Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BPS581

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the concept of public policy
- Help students to understand the basic idea of Decentralization
- Enable students to strengthen their knowledge of Budget

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Public Policy

25%
25%
25%

Bringing people closer to Administration: E – governance
 Meaning and forms of public accountability, and Re-dressal of Public Grievances: RTI, Lokpal
 Education: SarvSiksha Abhiyan
 Health: NRHM
 Employment: MNREGA

Student Learning Outcomes:

UijwalaYojna

- Understand the concept of MNREGA
- Analyzethe role of Lokpal
- Identify the role and functions of the E-governance
- Evaluate the role of public finance
- Enable students tounderstand the idea of SarvSiksha Abhiyan

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

- 18. Dye, T.R. (1984) Understanding Public Policy. 5th Edition. USA: Prentice Hall, pp. 1 44.
- 19. Sapru, R.K. (1996) Public Policy: Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, pp. 1 16.
- 20. Dror, Y. (1989) Public Policy: making Reexamined. Oxford: Transaction Publication, pp. 3 24, 73 128 and 129 216.

- 21. Wildavsky, A (2004) 'Rescuing Policy Analysis from PPBS', in Shafritz, J.M. & Hyde, A.C. Eds. Classics of Public Administration. 5th Edition. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp. 271 284.
- 22. Manor, J. (1999) 'Defining Terms', in the Political Economy of Democratic Decentralization. Washington D.C: The World Bank, pp.15 23.
- 23. Jayal, N.G.; Prakash, A. and Sharma, p. (2006) Local Governance in India: Decentralisation and Beyond. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Pp. 1 26.
- 24. Erik lane, J. (2005) Public Administration and Public Management: The Principal Agent Perspective. New York: Routledge, pp. 1 28 and 48 76.
- 25. Denhardt, R.B and Denhardt, J.V. (2009) Public Administration. New Delhi: Brooks/Cole, pp. 194 230.
- 26. Henry, N. (1999) Public Administration and Public Affairs. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, pp 242 280.
- 27. Caiden, N. (2004) 'Public Budgeting amidst Uncertainity and Instability', in Shafritz, J.M & Hyde, A.C. (eds.) Classics of Public Administration. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp. 423 433.
- 28. Singh, A. and Prakash, G. (2008) 'A New Public Management Perspective in Indian E Governance Initiatives', in Critical Thinking In E Governance. Delhi: International Congress of E Governance.
- 29. Mukhopadyay, A. (2005) 'Social Audit', in Seminar. No. 551.
- 30. Jenkins, R. and Goetz, A.. (1999) 'Accounts and Accountability: Theoretical implications of the Right to Information Movement in India', in Third World Quarterly. June, pp. 603 622.
- 31. Sharma, P.K. &Devasher, M (2007) 'Right to information in India' in Singh, S. and Sharma, P. (eds.) Decentralization: Institutions and Politics in Rural India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 348 382.



Course structure: WORLD HISTORY-BPS582

Credit Units:4

CourseTitle:WORLD HISTORY

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BPS582

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Effects of World Wars
- Help students to understand the causes and consequences of war
- Enable students to strengthen the knowledge of Third World Countries and Cold War

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of world history

	Weightage (%)
Module I Effects of World War – I	
World War I: Causes and Consequences	25%
 Significance of the Bolshevik Revolution 	
Establishment of League of Nations and after	
Module II Effects of World War – II	
Rise of Fascism/Nazism	25%
 World War II: Causes and Consequences 	
Module III Third World Countries and Cold Waves	
Cold War: Different Phases	25%
Emergence of the Third World	
 Armament, Disarmament and Arms Control 	
• Collapse of the USSR	
The End of the Cold War	

Post Cold War Developments
Emergence of other Power centers of Power
ASEAN
BRICS
SAARC
IBSA
SCO
RCEP

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the concepts regional organizations
- Analyzevarious developments in the post cold war era
- Identify the emergence of third world countries
- Evaluate the rise of Nazism
- Enable students tounderstand the collapse of the USSR

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/	End term
			Project/Seminar/Quiz	
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings:

1. Hobsbawm, E. (1995) Age of Extreme: The Short Twentieth Century, 1914—1991. London: Abacus, pp. 108-141.

- 2. Carr, E.H. (2004) *International Relations between the Two World Wars: 1919-1939*. New York: Palgrave, pp. 197-231 and 258-278.
- 3. Taylor, A.J.P. (1961) The Origins of the Second World War. Harmonds worth: Penguin, pp. 29-65.
- 4. Carrtuthers, S.L. (2005) 'International History, 1900-1945' in Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008)
- 5. Calvocoressi, P. (2001) World Politics: 1945—2000. Essex: Pearson, pp. 3-91.
- 6. Scott,L.(2005)'InternationalHistory,1945-1990'inBaylis,J.andSmith,S.(eds.)(2008)*The GlobalizationofWorldPolitics.AnIntroductiontoInternationalRelations*.4thed.Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp.93-101.
- 7. Brezeznski, Z. (2005) Choice: Global Dominance or Global Leadership. New York: Basic Books, pp. 85-127.
- 8. Gill, S. (2005) 'Contradictions of US Supremacy' in Panitch, L. and Leys, C. (eds.) *SocialistRegister:TheEmpireReloaded*.London:MerlinPress.2004,London,MerlinPressandNew York, Monthly Review Press. *Socialist Register*,pp.24-47.
- **9.** Therborn, G. (2006) 'Poles and Triangles: US Power and Triangles of Americas, Asia and Europe'inHadiz,V.R.(ed.)*EmpireandNeoLiberalisminAsia*.London:Routledge,pp.23-37.



Course structure: CONTEMPORARY DIPLOMACY- BPS583

CourseTitle:CONTEMPORARY DIPLOMACY Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BPS583

Course Objectives:

• Enable students to understand the basic concept of Contemporary Diplomacy

- Help students to understand the practice of diplomacy
- Enable students to strengthen the diplomatic functions of the envoy

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Contemporary Diplomacy

	Weightage (%)
Module I Instrument of National Interest	
National Interest: The Core in International Affairs	25%
• Types of instruments (Diplomacy, Propaganda, Economic Instruments and War):	
meaning, purpose, effectiveness, consequences	
Meaning of Diplomacy	
Nature, purpose and historical development, types	
Diplomatic Practices: Diplomats, Rights and Privileges, Skills, Assignments	
Module IIDiplomacy for Economic Blocks	
Economic blocs: OECD, OPEC, EU, ASEAN, SAARC, BRICS	25%
Free Trade Agreements: Importance & Concerns	
Module III Cultural Diplomacy	
History, Characteristics and Relevance of Cultural Diplomacy	25%
 Methods of Cultural Diplomacy: Exchanges, Sports, Art & Photography, Music, Film & TV 	
Approaches and Challenges of Cultural Diplomacy	
Module IV Diplomacy for Security and Peace Issues	
Disarmament: nuclear proliferation, Weapons of Mass Destruction	25%
Security: terrorism (state/non-state actors), Cyber-Crimes	
Peace Issues: Ethnic Cleansing, Genocide, Civil Wars,	
Humanitarian Interventions: Refugees, Migration, Human Rights Violations	

- Understand the concept of disarmament
- Analyzevarious peace issues at the international politics
- Identify the conditions of Free Trade Agreements
- Evaluate therole of the economic blocks at the global level
- Enable students to understand the Cyber Crimes

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

- 1. Pant, H. V. (2008), Contemporary Debates in Indian Foreign and Security Policy: India Negotiates Its Rise in the International System. United Kingdom: Palgrave Macmillan.
- 2. Joshi, Y., Sowerbutts., Pant, H. V. (2015), The US Pivot and Indian Foreign Policy: Asia's Evolving Balance of Power. United Kingdom: Palgrave Macmillan UK.
- 3. Pant, H. (2016). Indian Foreign Policy: An Overview. United Kingdom: Manchester University Press.
- 4. R. J. Vincent 1995 Human rights and International Relations. Cambridge: CUP
- 5. Trevor Samson 2000 Issues in International Relations London: Routledge
- 6. John Vogler and Mark Imber. 1996 Eds. The Environment and International Relations: Global Environmental Change Programme. Londo: Routledge
- 7. Jill Steans. 2006. Gender and International Relation. Cambridge: Polity Press.
- 8. John Baylis and Steven Smith. 2014 Eds. The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations. London: OUP
- 9. James M. Lutz and Brenda J. Nutz Eds. The Global Terrorism. London: Routledge, 2004
- 10. Jennifer M Welsh. 2004. Eds. Humanitarian Interventions and International Relations. Oxford: Oxford University press.
- 11. Monika Szkariat and KatarzyraMojska. 2016. Eds. New Technologies as a factor of International Relations. Cambridge: Cambridge Scholars Publishing.

- 12. Alexander Betts and Gill Loescher. 2011. Eds. Refiges in International Relations. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- 13. Colin Mcinnes and Kelley Lee. 2012. Global Health and International Relations. London: Polity Press
- 14. Martin Slaw; Genocide and International relations, charging Patterns in the Transitions of the Late Modern World, Cambridge University Press, 2013.
- 15. Helena K. Finn 'The Case for Cultural Diplomacy: Engaging Foreign Audiences,' Foreign Affairs, Nov/Dec 2003, Vol. 82, Issue 6, pp. 15-20.
- 16. Bu Liping, 'Educational Exchange and Cultural Diplomacy in the Cold War,' Journal of American Studies (1999), 33: 393-415
- 17. Barbara Keys, 'Spreading Peace, Democracy, and Coca-Cola,' Diplomatic History, Volume 28 Number 2 April 2004



Course structure: GLOBALIZATION AND SOCIETY-BPS584

CourseTitle:GLOBALIZATION AND SOCIETY Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BPS584

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the concept of Globalization
- Help students to understand the Global economy

• Enable students to strengthen their views on Sociology of Globalization

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Globalization and Society

Course Contents/Syllabus:

	Weightage (%)
Module I Globalization: Conception and Perspectives	
Political, Cultural and Technological Dimensions	25%
Global Economy: Its Significance and anchors	
Global Social Networks/Global Resistances	
Module II Sociology of Globalization	
Democratization of opportunities: Information and Career	25%
 Transnational Migration: families, communities, ethnicities 	
• Seamless Cultural Assimilation: Real time interaction/transaction, Global Civil	
Society, media/entertain industry and consumption	
Module III Globalization in Reverse	
Identity & Social conflicts	25%
 Economies of scale: Poverty & Inequality 	
Global governance and privacy protection	
Module IV Globalization and Its Impact on Society	
Changes in Social Norms and Values, Consumerism	25%
From mono-culture to multi-Culturalism	
Changes in family structures	
 Protecting Languages, Culture and Values, Reaffirmation of local Culture 	

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the concept of Transnational Migration
- AnalyzevariousChanges in family structures

- Identify, implement and evolve.....
- Evaluate the Globalization in reverse
- Enable students tounderstandmulti-Culturalism

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Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

- 1. Held, D. and McGrew, A. (eds.) (2002) Global Transformations Reader: Politics, Economics and Culture. 2nd edn. Stanford: Stanford University Press.
- 2. Nicholson, M. (2002) International Relations: A Concise Introduction. New York: Palgrave, pp. 18-24. Ravenhill, J. (ed.) (2008) Global Political Economy. 2nd edn. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 18-24.
- 3. Willetts, P. (2005) 'Transnational Actors and the International Organizations in Global Politics', in Baylis, J. and Smith,
- S. (eds.) (2008) The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations. 4th edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 425-447.
- 4. Goddard, C.R. (2003) 'The IMF', in Goddard, C.R., Cronin, P. and Dash, K.C. (eds.) International Political Economy: State-Market Relations in a Changing Global Order. 2ndedn. Boulder: Lynne Rienner.
- 5. Picciotto, R. (2003) 'A New World bank for a New Century', in Goddard, C.R., Cronin, P. and Dash,K.C. (eds.) International Political Economy: State-Market Relations in a Changing Global Order. 2ndedn. Boulder: Lynne Rienner.
- 6. Clegg, L.J. (1996) 'The Development of Multinational Enterprises', in Daniels, P.W. and Lever, W.F. (eds.) The Global Economy in Transition. London: Longman, pp. 103-34.
- 7. Narlikar, A. (2005) The World Trade Organisation : A Very Short Introduction. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 22-98.

- 8. Winham, G.R. (2008) 'The Evolution of the Trade Regime', in Ravenhill, J. (ed.) Global Political Economy. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 152-171.
- 9. Nicholson, M. (2002) International Relations: A Concise introduction. New York: Palgrave, pp. 185-204.



Course structure: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS – II- BAC595

CourseTitle:INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS - II Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAC595

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the concept of Foreign Policy
- Help students to aware about area studies
- Enable students to strengthen their understanding of third world countries

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of theories of International Relations.

Course Contents/Syllabus:

Course Contents, Sylvacus.	Weightage (%)
Module I Foreign Policy of Great Powers	
Foreign Policy of USA	25%
Foreign Policy of Russia	
Foreign Policy of China	
Module II India and Regions	
	25%
West Asia	
South Asia	
Indo-Pacific	
Module III Third World in IR	
Defining First, Second and Third World	25%
North – South Dialogue	
• South – South Cooperation	
Module IV International Politics in Indian Ocean	
Geo-Strategic Importance	25%
Indian Ocean: Problems and Prospects	
Quest for influence: India, USA & China	

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the concepts Geo-Strategic Importance
- Analyze the role of various organizations
- Identify the problems and prospects in Indian Ocean
- Evaluate the foreign policy of USA
- Enable students tounderstand Quest for influence.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended

- 1. International systems in world History Remaking the study of International Relations, Barry Buzan and Richard Little, Oxford University, Press, New York, 2000.
- 2. International relations, Vinay kumar Malhotra, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2012
- 3. Rajan, M.S., and Shivaj Ganguli, (eds.) India and international System, New Delhi, Vikas, 1981
- 4. Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Mahendra Kumar, Shiva Lal Agarwal, Agra, 1967
- 5. K.P. Mishra and R.S. Beal, International Relations Theory, Vikas Publishers, New Delhi, 1990
- 6. Gujral, I.K., A foreign policy for India, External publicity division, MEA, Government of India, Delhi, 1998
- 7. India's Foreign Policy, Subhas Shukla, Anamika Publishers, New Delhi, 2007
- 8. India's Foreign & Sub Continental Politics, Vandana Asthana, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 1999
- 9. India's Foreign Policy & its Neighbours, Dhiraj Shrivastava, ABD Publishers, Jaipur, 2007.
- 10. India's Foreign Policy of India, Sudhir Pattnaik, Arise Publishers, New Delhi, 2008
- 11. Foreign Policy of India, V.N. Khanna, Vikas publishing house Pvt. Ltd. 2007.



Course structure: FEMINIST THEORY AND PRACTICE – BPS681

CourseTitle:FEMINIST THEORY AND PRACTICE Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel Course Code: BPS681

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the concept of feminist theory
- Help students to Understand Patriarchy
- Enable students to strengthen their ideas on Feminism

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Feminist Theory and Practice

•	Weightage (%)
Module I Approaches to understanding Patriarchy	

 Feminist theorizing of the sex/gender distinction; Biologism versus Social Constructivism Understanding Patriarchy and Feminism Liberal, Socialist, Marxist, Radical feminism, New Feminist Schools/Traditions 	25%
Module II History of Feminism	
 Origins of Feminism in the West: France, Britain and United States of America Feminism in the Socialist Countries: China, Cuba and USSR Feminist issues and women's participation in anti-colonial and national liberation movements with special focus on India 	25%
Module III The Indian Experience: Feminist Perspective	
 Traditional Historiography and Feminist critiques, Social Reforms, Movement and position of women in India, History of Women's struggle in India Family in contemporary India – Patrilineal and Matrilineal practices, Gender relations in the family, Patterns of Consumption: Intra Household Divisions, entitlements and bargaining, Property Rights 	20 / 0
Module IVUnderstanding Woman's Work and Labour Division	
 Understanding Woman's Work and Labour-Sexual Division of Labour, Productive and Reproductive labour, Visible-invisible work – Unpaid (reproductive and child care), Underpaid and Paid work, Methods of computing women's work, Female headed households, Wage for House work, Me Too Movement 	

- Understand the concepts of Liberal, Socialist, Marxist, Radical feminism, New Feminist Schools/Traditions
- Analyzethe role of women in society
- Identify Patrilineal and Matrilineal practices
- Evaluate theorigins of Feminism in the West
- Enable students to Understand Woman's Work and Labour Division

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential reading:

- 1. Menon, N. (2012). Seeing Like a Feminist. India: Penguin Books Limited.
- 2. Nigam, A., Menon, N. (2013). Power and Contestation: India Since 1989. United Kingdom: Zed Books.
- 3. Menon, N. (2004). Recovering Subversion: Feminist Politics Beyond the Law. India: Permanent Black.
- 4. Rowbotham, Shiela. (1993) Women in Movements. New York and London: Routledge, Section I, pp. 27-74 and 178-218.
- 5. Forbes, Geraldine (1998) Women in Modern India. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 1-150.
- 6. Funk, Nanette & Mueller, Magda. (1993) Gender, Politics and Post-Communism. New York and London: Routledge, Introduction and Chapter 28.
- 7. Chaudhuri, Maiyatree. (2003) 'Gender in the Making of the Indian Nation State', in Rege, Sharmila. (ed.) The Sociology of Gender: The Challenge of Feminist Sociological Knowledge. New Delhi: Sage.
- 8. Banarjee, Sikata. (2007) 'Gender and Nationalism: The Masculinisation of Hinduism and Female Political Participation', in Ghadially, Rehana. (ed.) Urban Women in Contemporary India: A Reader. New Delhi: Sage.
- 9. Roy, Kumkum. (1995) 'Where Women are Worshipped, There Gods Rejoice: The Mirage of the Ancestress of the Hindu Women', in Sarkar, Tanika &Butalia, Urvashi. (eds.) Women and the Hindu Right. Delhi: Kali for Women, pp. 10-28
- 10. Banerjee, Nirmala. (1999) 'Analysing Women's work under Patriarchy' in Sangari, Kumkum & Chakravarty, Uma. (eds.) From Myths to Markets: Essays on Gender. Delhi: Manohar.
- 11. Gandhi, Nandita & Shah, Nandita. (1991) The Issues at Stake Theory and Practice in Contemporary Women's Movement in India. Delhi: Zubaan, pp. 7-72.



Course structure: INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY – BPS682

CourseTitle:INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY Credit Units:4

Course Level:UGLevel

Course Code: BPS682

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Determinants of India's Foreign Policy
- Help students to analyze policy of Non –Alignment
- Enable students to strengthen the knowledge of Objectives and Principles

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of India's Foreign Policy

Course Contents/Syllabus:

Weightage (%)

Module I Determinants and Principles of India's Foreign Policy	
Determinants of India's Foreign Policy	25%
Objectives and Principles	
Non –Alignment: Concepts, Policy and Relevance in the contemporary Era	
Indian Foreign Policy during the Cold War and The Post Cold War	
Module II Changing Relations with the US, Russia and China in the 21st Century	
India and US	25%
India and Russia	
India and China	
Module III India and Neighbors	
Pakistan: Challenges and Prospects	25%
Afghanistan, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan and Maldives	
Module IVIndia and the Security Challenges	
Challenges to the India's National Security:	1
Terrorism	
Energy Security	
Nuclear Policy	25%
• Environmental Issues	

- Understand the concept of energy Security
- Analyzevarious environmental issues
- IdentifytheChallenges to the India's National Security
- Evaluate theIndia-US relations
- Enable students tounderstand India's Nuclear policy

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

- 1. Appadorai, A. (1981) Domestic Roots of Foreign Policy. New Delhi: Oxford University Press Bandhopadhyaya, J. (1970) Making of India's Foreign Policy: New Delhi: Allied
- 2. Rana, A.P. (1976) Imperatives of non Alignment: A Conceptual srtudy of India's Foreign Policy Strategy in the Nehru Period. New Delhi: MacmillanMishra, K.P. (eds.) (1969) Studies in India's Foreign Policy. New Delhi: Vikas, pp. 90 06.
- 3. Ashok Kapur, A. Jeyaratnam Wilson (1996), The Foreign Policy Of India And Her Neighbours, Palgrave Macmillan
- 4. V. P. Dutt (1999), India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World, New Delhi: NBT
- 5. David M. Malone (2014), Does the Elephant Dance?: Contemporary Indian Foreign Policy: New Delhi: Oxford India Paperback
- 6. Pant, H. V. (2008), Contemporary Debates in Indian Foreign and Security Policy: India Negotiates Its Rise in the International System. United Kingdom: Palgrave Macmillan.
- 7. Joshi, Y., Sowerbutts., Pant, H. V. (2015), The US Pivot and Indian Foreign Policy: Asia's Evolving Balance of Power. United Kingdom: Palgrave Macmillan UK.
- 8. Pant, H. (2016). Indian Foreign Policy: An Overview. United Kingdom: Manchester University Press.



Course structure: INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS – BPS683

CourseTitle:INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BPS683

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Emergence of International Organizations
- Help students to practice of the United Nations
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Peace, Justice and Security

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of International Organizations

Module I Emergence of International Organizations	
 Meaning, Nature and Scope 	25%
Evolution and Significance of League of Nations	
 Emergence and Structure of the United Nations 	

• UNSC	
• ICJ	25%
• IAEA	
• OPCW	
• Interpol	
Module III International Socio – Economic Organizations	
WB, IMF, WTO, FAO, UNDP, UNEP, UNIDO, UNESCO, Amnesty International	25%
Module IV Crisis and Disaster Management	
• UNHCR	25%
• WHO	
Red Cross Society	
Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF)	

- Understand the concept of Disaster Management
- Analyzethe roles and functions of the international organizations
- Identify functions and powers of the financial institutions
- Evaluate therole of WHO
- Enable students to the understand the role Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF)

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Reading

- 1. Keohane, R.O. and Nye, (1991) 'Trans-governmental Relations and the International Organization' in Smith, M. and Little, R. (eds.) Perspectives on World Politics. New York: Routledge, rpt. 2000, pp. 229-241.
- 2. Willetts, P. (2005) 'Transnational Actors and the International Organizations in Global Politics', in Baylis, J. andSmith, S. (eds.) (2008) The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations. 4th edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 425-447.
- 3. Armstrong, D., Lloyd, L. and Redmond, J. (2004) International Organizations in world politics. 3rd edn. New York: Palgrave Macmillan, pp. 42-43.
- 4. Claude, (1984), Swords into Plowshares: The Progress and Problems of International Organization (New York: Random House, 1984).



Course structure: GANDHI AND THE CONTEMPORARY WORLD - BAC694

CourseTitle:GANDHI AND THE CONTEMPORARY WORLD Credit Units:4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BAC694

Course Objectives:

- Elaborate Gandhian thought and examine its practical implications
- Introduce students to key instances of Gandhi's continuing influence right up to the contemporary period
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Peace, Justice and Security
- Enable them to critically evaluate his legacy.

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Gandhi and Gandhism

		Weightage (%)	
le I	Gandhi on Modern Civilization and Ethics of Development		
a)	Conception of Modern Civilization and Alternative Modernity	20%	
b)	Critique of Development: Narmada Bachao Andolan		

a. Theory of Satyagraha	30%
b. Satyagraha in Action	3070
i. Peasant Satyagraha: Kheda and the Idea of Trusteeship	
ii. Temple Entry and Critique of Caste	
iii. Social Harmony: 1947 and Communal Unity	
Module III Gandhi's Legacy	
	30%
a) Tolerance: Anti - Racism Movements (Anti - Apartheid and Martin Luther King)	
b) The Pacifist Movement	
c) Women's Movements	
d) Gandhigiri: Perceptions in Popular Culture	
Module IV Gandhi and his Political Ideas	
a) Swaraj	20%
b) Swadeshi	
c) Sarvodaya	

- Understand the Gandhian thought and its practical implications
- Learn about the key instances of Gandhi's continuing influence right up to the contemporary period
- Identify and critically evaluate his legacy.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

Module I: Gandhi on Modern Civilization and Ethics of Development:

- 1. B. Parekh, (1997) 'The Critique of Modernity', in Gandhi: A Brief Insight, Delhi: Sterling Publishing Company, pp. 63-74.
- 2. K. Ishii, (2001) 'The Socio-economic Thoughts of Mahatma Gandhi: As an Origin of Alternative Development', Review of Social Economy. Vol. 59 (3), pp. 297-312.
- 3. D. Hardiman, (2003) 'Narmada BachaoAndolan', in Gandhi in his Time and Ours. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 224-234.

Module II: Gandhian Thought: Theory and Action:

- 1. B. Parekh, (1997) 'Satyagrah', in Gandhi: A Brief Insight, Delhi: Sterling Publishing Company, pp. 51-63.
- 2. D. Dalton, (2000) 'Gandhi's originality', in A. Parel (ed) Gandhi, Freedom and Self-Rule, New Delhi: Lexington Books, pp.63-86.
- 3. D. Hardiman, (1981) 'The Kheda Satyagraha', in Peasant Nationalists of Gujarat: Kheda District, 1917-1934, Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 86-113.
- 4. J. Brown, (2000) 'Gandhi and Human Rights: In search of True humanity', in A. Parel (ed) Gandhi, Freedom and Self-Rule, New Delhi: Lexington Books, pp. 93-100.
- 5. R. Iyer, (2000) 'Chapter 10 and 11', in The Moral and Political Thought of Mahatma Gandhi, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 251-344

Module III: Gandhi's Legacy

- 1. D. Hardiman, (2003) 'Gandhi's Global Legacy', in Gandhi in His Time and Ours. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 238-283.
- 2. Manimala, (1984) 'Zameen Kenkar? Jote Onkar: Women's participation in the Bodhgaya struggles', in M. Kishwar and R. Vanita (eds) In Search of Answers: Indian Women's Voices from Manushi, London: Zed Press.
- 3. M. Shah, (2006) 'Gandhigiri; A Philosophy of Our Times', The Hindu Available at http://www.hindu.com/2006/09/28/stories/2006092802241000.htm, Accessed: 14.04.2013.

Module IV: Gandhi and the Idea of Political

- 1. P. Chatterjee, (1986) 'The Moment of Maneuver', in Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: A derivative discourse?, Delhi: Zed Books.
- 2. Indian Council for Historical Research (1976) 'The Logic of Gandhian Nationalism: Civil Disobedience and the Gandhi Irwin Pact, 1930-31', Indian Historical Review, Available at http://www.ichrindia.org/journal.pdf, Accessed: 18.04.2013.
- 3. D. Dalton, (1996) 'Swaraj: Gandhi's Idea of Freedom', in Mahatma Gandhi: Selected Political Writings, USA: Hackett Publishing, pp. 95-148.
- 4. A. Parel (ed.) (1997) 'Editor's Introduction', in Gandhi, Hind Swaraj and Other Writings Cambridge: Cambridge University Press

Activities: Module I

- 1. Reading of primary texts:- M K Gandhi Chapter VI and XIII "Hind Swaraj" Navjeevan Trust, Ahmedabad, 1910
- 2. A site visit to any on-going developmental project preferably in NCT Delhi by students and submission of report on Environmental law Violation and Resistance by People in a Gandhian Way.

Activities: Module II

- 1. Reading of primary texts:- M K Gandhi Chapter XII&XIII, "Satyagraha in South Africa, Navjivan Trust, Ahmmedabad, 1928, pp. 95-107
- 2. A Report followed by presentation on functioning of Cooperative and Community engagement for example Amuland/or SEWA in Gujarat to understand Trusteeship and its relevance

Activities: Module III

1. Movie Screenings (Movies like Lage RahoMunna Bhai, Gandhi by Richard Attenborough and Student's Participation in reviewing/discussing the movie from a Gandhian perspective or Cultural engagement of Students with Gandhian Ideas through Staging of a street play.

Activities: Module IV

1. Student Visit to Any Gandhian Institution in Delhi like, Gandhi Darshan and Smiriti to understand on-going Gandhian work and programme and interacting with Gandhian activists.



Course structure: HISTORY OF MADHYA PRADESH – BAC695

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF MADHYA PRADESH Credit Units:4

Course Level: UG Level Course Code: BAC695

Course Objectives:

- Elaborate the History of Madhya Pradesh
- Introduce students to History of Madhya Pradesh
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Art and Architecture and culture
- Enable them to critically evaluate his legacy

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of History of Madhya Pradesh

Weightage
(%)

Module IMajor events and Major dynasties in the history of Madhya Pradesh.

 Muslim invasion on Malwa and Bundelkhand Resistance to their dominance, Mughal attack on Malwa and Bundelkand resistance of Durgawati and her family Madhya Pradesh in 18 century Chatrasaal and the Mughals Module II Contribution of Madhya Pradesh in Freedom Movement 	25%
 of Malwa, and the Chandellas of Jejakbhuktis Muslim invasion on Malwa and Bundelkhand Resistance to their dominance, Mughal attack on Malwa and Bundelkand resistance of Durgawati and her family Madhya Pradesh in 18 century Chatrasaal and the Mughals Module II Contribution of Madhya Pradesh in Freedom Movement The revolt of 1857 in M.P. led by leaders 	25%
 Muslim invasion on Malwa and Bundelkhand Resistance to their dominance, Mughal attack on Malwa and Bundelkand resistance of Durgawati and her family Madhya Pradesh in 18 century Chatrasaal and the Mughals Module II Contribution of Madhya Pradesh in Freedom Movement The revolt of 1857 in M.P. led by leaders 	25%
 Muslim invasion on Malwa and Bundelkhand Resistance to their dominance, Mughal attack on Malwa and Bundelkand resistance of Durgawati and her family Madhya Pradesh in 18 century Chatrasaal and the Mughals Module II Contribution of Madhya Pradesh in Freedom Movement The revolt of 1857 in M.P. led by leaders 	
 Mughal attack on Malwa and Bundelkand resistance of Durgawati and her family Madhya Pradesh in 18 century Chatrasaal and the Mughals Module II Contribution of Madhya Pradesh in Freedom Movement The revolt of 1857 in M.P. led by leaders 	
 Madhya Pradesh in 18 century Chatrasaal and the Mughals Module II Contribution of Madhya Pradesh in Freedom Movement The revolt of 1857 in M.P. led by leaders 	
Module II Contribution of Madhya Pradesh in Freedom Movement The revolt of 1857 in M.P. led by leaders	
• The revolt of 1857 in M.P. led by leaders	
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Nationalist Mayamants in MP Ihanda Satyagraha Jungla Satyagraha Salt Satyagraha	25%
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Quit India Movement in MP, Freedom Fighters of MP after 1900	
Quit maia 110 venient in 111; 1 recuoni 1 ignerio of 1111 ureci 1700	
Module III Major arts and Sculpture of Madhya Pradesh	
	3 50/
	25%
Religious and tourist places of Madhya Pradesh.	
festivals, Folk music, Folk Arts and Folk literature of Madhya Pradesh.	
1 Costivato, 1 oik maste, 1 oik ritto and 1 oik meratare of madifya i radesii.	
Module IV History of Gwalior	
Major Dynasties of Gwalior (Kacchaps, Tomars, Scindiasetc)	
 Major Dynasties of Gwalior (Kacchaps, Tomars, Scindiasetc) Muslim Invasion on Gwalior (Delhi Sultanate and Mughals) 	
• Muslim Invasion on Gwalior (Delhi Sultanate and Mughals) 25%	

- Understand the concepts of society, economy, polity and culture
- Analyzethe political development of MP
- Identify Religious and cultural life of MP
- Enable students toknow about Muslim ideologies

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings:

- 1. History of the Fortress of Gwalior, Shrimant Balwant Row Bhayasaheb, Scindia, The Education Society's Steam Press, Bombay,1892
- 2. McGraw Hill Education, 'An Introduction to Madhya Pradesh General Knowledge', 2018
- 3. India's Heritage of Gharana Music Pandits of Gwalior Hardcover -1 January 2018, Dr. Meeta Pandit Publisher, Shubhi Publications (1 January 2018)
- 4. Malwa Through the Ages, Kailash Chand Jain Motilal Banarsidass Publ., 31-Dec-1972
- 5. Malwa Through the Ages: From the Earliest Times to 1305 A.D.K.C. Jain, 1 January 1972

ISTORY SYLLABUS: 2020-2021



Course structure: HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA I (1707 - 1858) – BAH191

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA I Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH191

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand India in the mid-18th Century
- Help students to understand the Emergence of the Company State
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Modern India

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
India in the mid-18th Century: society, economy, polity and culture	25%
• Issues and Debates	
Continuity and change	
Module II	

Dynamics of colonial expansion: indigenous states and Company power	25%
• Regional kingdoms: economic and military dimensions of colonial expansion: Bengal,	25 / 0
Mysore, Marathas, Awadh and Punjab	
 Variations in development of agriculture, trade and technology 	
Module III	
Colonial state and ideology: Emergence of the Company State	25%
• Imperial ideologies: Orientalism, Utilitarianism, Evangelicalism and the question of	
Race	
 Culture and society and its impact on India 	
Module IV	
The colonial army: military culture and recruitment	25%
• Peasant resistance to colonial rule: Santhal Uprising (1856);	
• The Uprising of 1857: Causes of failures and sgnificance	

- Understand the concepts of society, economy, polity and culture
- Analyzevarious the Dynamics of colonial expansion
- IdentifyPeasant resistance to colonial rule
- Evaluate thequestion of Race
- Enable students toknow about Imperial ideologies

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings:

- Bandhopadhyay, Shekhar. From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2004
- Bayly, C. A. Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire.
- Habib, Irfan. Indian Economy Under Early British Rule 1757-1857, Delhi: Tulika, 2013
- The British Bridgehead: The New Cambridge History of India. Volume II.1. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1990.
- Roy, Tirthankar. An Economic History of Early Modern India. London and New York: Routledge, 2013.
- Subramanian, Lakshmi. History of India, 1707-1857. Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2010.
- Alavi, Seema, ed. The Eighteenth Century in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2007.
- Alavi, Seema. The Sepoys and the Company: Tradition and Transition in Northern India, 1770–1830. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1998
- Bayly, Susan. Caste Politics and Indian Society from the Eighteenth Century to the Modern Age. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1999.
- Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi, ed. Rethinking 1857. Delhi: Orient Longman, 2007.
- Choudhary, Sushil. Prelude to Empire: Plassey Revolution of 1757. Delhi: Manohar, 2000.
- Dirks, Nicholas B. Castes of Mind. Princeton, New Jersey: Princeton University Press, 2001.
- Guha, Ranajit. Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1983.



Course structure: HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA II (1858 - 1950) – BAH192

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA II Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH192

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Debate on Early Nationalism
- Help students to know about Ambedkar and the Dalit Movement
- Enable students to strengthen their views on the Emergence of Congress Party

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of History of Modern India

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
Popular resistance: Indigo Rebellion (1860); Pabna Agrarian Leagues (1873); Deccan	25%
Riots 1875)	
Module II	
Debate on Early Nationalism;	25%
Emergence of Congress Party;	
Differences between Moderates and Extremists	
Swadeshi and Revolutionary Movements in 1920s	
Ambedkar and the Dalit Movement	

Module III	
Emergence and social base of Gandhian Nationalism	25%
Intellectual foundations of Gandhian Nationalism	
Rowlatt, Khilafat and Non-Cooperation Movements	
Civil Disobedience Movement of 1930	
Quit India Movement of 1942	
World War II and the post-War crisis	
Partition of India in 1947	
Module IV :	
Independence and the emergence of a new State	25%
Negotiations for Independence	
The Making of the Constitution	
Integration of Princely States	
Land Reforms and the beginning of Planning	

- Understand the concepts the Integration of Princely States
- AnalyzeIndian Independence and the emergence of a new State
- Identify the Intellectual foundations of Gandhian Nationalism
- Evaluate the Differences between Moderates and Extremists
- Enable students to understand Swadeshi and Revolutionary Movements in 1920s

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended

Bandhopadhyay, Shekhar. From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2004

- Bayly, C. A. Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire.
- Habib, Irfan. Indian Economy Under Early British Rule 1757-1857, Delhi: Tulika, 2013
- The British Bridgehead: The New Cambridge History of India. Volume II.1. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1990.
- Roy, Tirthankar. An Economic History of Early Modern India. London and New York: Routledge, 2013.
- Subramanian, Lakshmi. History of India, 1707-1857. Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2010.
- Alavi, Seema, ed. *The Eighteenth Century in India.* New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2007.
- Alavi, Seema. The Sepoys and the Company: Tradition and Transition in Northern India, 1770–1830. New Delhi: Oxford UniversityPress, 1998
- Bayly, Susan. Caste Politics and Indian Society from the Eighteenth Century to the Modern Age. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press,1999.
- Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi, ed. *Rethinking 1857*. Delhi: Orient Longman, 2007.
- Choudhary, Sushil. *Prelude to Empire: Plassey Revolution of 1757.* Delhi: Manohar, 2000.
- Dirks, Nicholas B. *Castes of Mind. Princeton*, New Jersey: Princeton University Press, 2001.
- Guha, Ranajit. Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1983.
- Chaudhary, Latika et. al., eds. A New Economic History of Colonial India. London and New York: Routledge, 2016.
- Guha, Ranajit and Gayatri Chakaravarti Spivak, eds. Selected Subaltern Studies. New York and Oxford: Oxford University Press,1988.
- Sarkar, Sumit. *Modern India 1885-1947*. Delhi: Macmillan 1983.



Course structure: SOCIAL & CULTURAL HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA – BAH194

CourseTitle:SOCIAL & CULTURAL HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH194

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Law and education
- Help students to understand various religious reform movements
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Assertions of caste identity

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Social & Cultural History of Modern India

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
Law and education	25%
Evolution of law and colonial courts	
Indigenous and colonial education: institutions and medium of instruction	
Module II	
Cultural changes, social and religious reform movements: Brahmo Samaj, Prathna Samaj, Ramakrishna, Vivekananda, and Jyotiba Phule: significance and major role in society	25%

Module III	
Arya Samaj: Birth, Importance and major role in society	25%
Wahabi: Movement: Origin and Significance	
Deoband Movement: Origin and Significance	
Aligarh Movement: Origin and Significance	
Module IV	
Caste, Gender, and Community	25%
Regional, religious and linguistic identities	
Assertions of caste identity: Sanskritizing and anti-Brahmanical trends; regional variations	

- Understand the concepts of Caste, Gender, and Community
- Analyzevarious religious movements
- Identify Regional, religious and linguistic identities
- Evaluate therole of Jyotiba Phule
- Enable students to understand the meaning of Sanskritizing and anti-Brahmanical trends

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend	Assignment/	End
		ance		term
			Project/Seminar/Quiz	

Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings:

- · Bandhopadhyay, Shekhar. From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2004
- Bayly, C. A. Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire.
- Habib, Irfan. Indian Economy Under Early British Rule 1757-1857, Delhi: Tulika, 2013
- The British Bridgehead: The New Cambridge History of India. Volume II.1. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1990.
- Roy, Tirthankar. An Economic History of Early Modern India. London and New York: Routledge, 2013.
- Subramanian, Lakshmi. History of India, 1707-1857. Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2010.
- Alavi, Seema, ed. The Eighteenth Century in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2007.
- Alavi, Seema. The Sepoys and the Company: Tradition and Transition in Northern India, 1770–1830. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1998
- Bayly, Susan. Caste Politics and Indian Society from the Eighteenth Century to the Modern Age. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1999.
- Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi, ed. Rethinking 1857. Delhi: Orient Longman, 2007.
- Choudhary, Sushil. *Prelude to Empire: Plassey Revolution of 1757.* Delhi: Manohar, 2000.
- Dirks, Nicholas B. Castes of Mind. Princeton, New Jersey: Princeton University Press, 2001.
- Guha, Ranajit. Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1983.



Course structure: HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA I (900 - 1526) – BAH291

CourseTitle: HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA I (900 - 1526)

Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH291

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Emergence of New States
- Help students to development of art and architecture
- Enable students to strengthen their views on polity and state craft

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of the History of Medieval India

Course Contents/Syllabus:

	Weightage (%)
Module I Emergence of New States	
Pallavas, Colas, Chalukyas and Pandyas, Statecraft and development of art and architecture-, Bhakti in South India, Women in Early medieval South India	25%
Module II Shifts in Polity and Statecraft	
Palas, Pratiharas and Rashtrakutas, Changes in political divisions and state administration, society and culture, Early Medieval Economy and technology, the Ghaznavi incursions	25%
Module III Towards a Centralized State: The Cholas	
Changes in statecraft and land ownership; Symbols of political power: courtly cultures, Cholas and Maritime Activities in South and Southeast AsiaChola Art, The dawn of Vernacular Languages and literature	25%
Module IV Nagaras	
The Vijaynagara Empire; its origin and growth; Questions on the nature of state – Feudal, Segmentary and Centralized, art, literature and culture, Revenue Administration and Political divisions, Decline of Vijaynagara Empire, Bahmani Kingdom; its growth and disintegration	25%

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the concepts Bhakti in South India
- Analyzevarious society and culture of South India
- Identify the Maritime Activities in South and Southeast Asia
- Evaluate thedawn of Vernacular Languages and literature
- Enable students tounderstand the Vijaynagara Empire

.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/	End term
			Project/Seminar/Quiz	
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Recommended Readings:

- 1.B.D. Chattopadhyaya, The Making of Early Medieval India, Oxford University Press, 1995.
- 2.Karashima, Noboru (ed.), A Concise History of South India; Issues and Interpretations, Oxford University Press, 2014
- 3.Champaka lakshmi, R. Religion, Tradition and Ideology; Precolonial South India, Oxford University Press, 2011 4.Champakalakshmi, R. Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India 300 BC to AD 1300. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1996
- 5. Mahalakshmi, R., The Making of the Goddess; Korravai Durga in the Tamil Traditions, Penguin Books, 2011
- 6.Jha, D.N., ed. The Feudal Order: State, Society and Ideology in Early Medieval India. New Delhi: Manohar, 2000.
- 7.Hall, Kenneth (ed.), Structure and Society of Early South India: Essays in Honor of Noboru Karashima, Oxford University Press, 2000.
- 8. Mukhia, Harbans, (ed), The Feudalism Debate, Manohar, 1999.
- 9.Sharma, R.S. Early Medieval Indian Society: A Study in Feudalization. New Delhi: Orient Longman, 2001
- 10. Thapar, Romila. Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300. New Delhi: Penguin, 2003.

11. Subbarayalu, Y, South India under the Cholas, Oxford University Press, 2012.

12. Veluthat, Kesavan, The Early Medieval in South India, Oxford University Press, 2010.



Course structure: HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA II (1526 - 1707) - BAH292

CourseTitle: HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA II (1526 - 1707)

Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH292

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Foundation of Mughal Empire
- Help students to know about Babar and Humayun
- Enable students to strengthen their views on expansion of Mughal Empire

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of the History of Medieval India

Course Contents/Syllabus:

	Weightage (%)
Module I Foundation and expansion of Mughal Empire	
	25%
Babar: the Founder of Mughal Empire in India	
Humayun: Life and struggle for power	
 Akbar -The Great: Life, Rise to power, religious policy, Din –e-Ilahi, expansion of Mughal empire 	
Module II Expansion of Mughal Empire	
Jahangir: Life and Preiod, Nur Jahan and Sikh challenges	25%
• Shah Jahan: Life, Rule and architecture	
 Aurangzeb; Life and struggle for power, Jat and Marathas challenges 	
Module III Nature of Mughal State	
• Evolution of administrative institutions: Zabt, Mansab, Zagir; Zamindars and Peasants.	25%
Module IV Decline of Mughal Empire	
 Decline of Mughal Empire; the rise of the Marathas, Sikhs, and Jats, Maratha state under Shivaji and Peshwa. 	25%

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the concepts of administrative institutions
- Analyzethe meaning of various terms like Zabt, Mansab, Zagir; Zamindars and Peasants.
- Identify Sikh challenges during Jahangeer
- Evaluate the Nature of Mughal State
- Enable students tounderstand the Decline of Mughal Empire

.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Recommended Readings:

- 1.Burton Stein, Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India, OUP, New Delhi,1980
- 2. Harbans Mukhia, (Ed), The Feudalism Debate, Manohar, 1999.
- 3.Irfan Habib, Medieval India: The Study of a Civilization, UBT, Delhi, 2007
- 4.J.S.Deyell, Living Without Silver: The Monetary History of Early Medieval North India. Delhi. Oxford University Press 1990.
- 5.Kulke, H. and B.P. Sahu., eds. Interrogating Political Systems: Integrative Processes and States in Pre-modern India. New Delhi: Manohar, 2015.
- 6.Satish Chandra, Essays on Medieval Indian History, Oxford India Collection, Oxford University Press,2006
- 7.Y. Subbarayalu, South India under the Cholas, Oxford University Press, 2012.



Course structure: POLITICAL & ECONOMIC HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA – BAH293

CourseTitle:POLITICAL & ECONOMIC HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH293

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Urbanization
- Help students to understanding of Political & Economic History
- Enable students to strengthen their views on agrarian economy

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Political & Economic History of Medieval India

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
Urbanization - The growth of Cities and Towns, Urban Life; Agrarian Economy Extent of Cultivation, Agricultural implements and the cropping pattern;	25%
Module II	
The System of Land Holding and Revenue Assessment and Collection (Iqta, Mansabdari, Jagirdari and Zamindari/Nayankara and Poligar system); Trade and Commerce (Mughal and Coromandal); Agrarian crisis and Peasant Revolts	25%
Module III	
Revenue Administration under the Mughals, Land: Ownership, Usage and Rights, Means of Cultivation and Irrigation, Forms of Labour, Peasant Production in Late Pre-colonial India Agricultural and non-agricultural production, Towns and Trade, Merchant groups and Commerce, Foreign Trade, State and Economy in the Vijayanagara Empire.	25%
Module IV	
New Transport and Communication Systems - Roads, Railways, Canals, Ports, Posts and Telegraph; Articulation of Internal and External Trade; Banking System; Debate on Three stages of Colonialism and the Nature of Finance Capitalist Stage	25%

- Understand the concepts of Trade and Commerce
- Analyzevarious Means of Cultivation and Irrigation
- Identify the cropping pattern during the medieval India
- Evaluate the New Transport and Communication Systems
- Enable students tounderstand Banking System

.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended

1.Alice Thorner "Semi-Feudalism or Capitalism? Contemporary Debate on Classes and Modes of Production in India," Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. 17, No. 49, 50, & 51, Dec. 1982, pp. 1961-68, 1993-99, 2061-66.

- 2.Bagchi, Amiya Kumar, Private Investment in India: 1900-1939, Routledge, London, 2000.
- 3.Bhattacharya, Sabayasachi. The Financial Foundations of the British Raj: Ideas and Interests in the Reconstruction of Indian Public Finance 1858-1872. Orient Blackswan, New Delhi, 2005.
- 4. Chandra, Bipan, Essays on Colonialism, Orient Blackswan, New Delhi, 2010.
- 5.Gadgil, D.R., The Industrial Evolution in India in the Recent Times, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1972.
- 6.Guha, Ranajit, A Rule of Property for Bengal: An Essay on the Idea of Permanent Settlement, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1982.

- 7.Kumar, Dharma (ed), The Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol. 2, C.1750-c.1970, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1983.
- 8.Morris D. Morris, "Towards a Reinterpretation of Nineteenth Century Indian Economic History," IESHR, 5 (1) March 1968.
- 9. Naoroji, Dadabhai. Poverty and un-British rule in India. Nabu Public Domain Reprints, Breinigsville, 2011.
- 10.Roy, Tirthankar, The Economic History of India, 1857-1947, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2000.
- 11. Stokes, Eric, The Peasant and the Raj: Studies in Agrarian Society and Peasant Rebellion in Colonial India, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1980.
- 12. Raychaudhari, Tapan and Irfan Habib, The Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol.I, c.1200-1750, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1982.
- 13. Dutta, Rajat, (ed.) Rethinking a Millienium; Perspectives on Indian History from the Eighth to the Eighteenth Century: Essays for Harbans Mukhia, Aakar Books, 2008.
- 14. Dutta, Rajat, 'Merchants and peasants: A study of the structure of local trade in grain in late eighteenth century Bengal', The Indian Economic and Social History Review, Vol.23(4), pp.379-402, December 1986.
- 15. Habib, Irfan, ed., Economic History of Medieval India; 1200-1500, Pearson Education India, New Delhi, 2011



Course structure: SOCIAL & CULTURAL HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA-BAH294

CourseTitle:SOCIAL & CULTURAL HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA

Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH294

Course Objectives:

Enable students to understand the Social & Cultural History

- Help students to understand Bhakti movement
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Sufism

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Social & Cultural History of Medieval India

Course Contents/Syllabus:

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
Bhakti movement: origin, meaning & Scope and significance	25%
Kabir: Social reformer and syncretism	
Guru Nanak: Birth and Life, Sikhism religion	
Tulsidas: Life, the Rama Bhakti School, and Ramcharitmanas.	
• cults: Jagannath and Warkari	
Module II	
• Sufism: doctrines and practices, state and religion-contradictions and legitimization;	25%
Persian, Sanskrit and Vernacular Interactions - Malfuzat and premakhyans	
Module III	
Women, Customs and Social Life in the Sultante and consolidation of identities; Rajput	25%
and other warrior lineage.	
Module IV	
Gender roles: women bhaktas and rulers	25%
Hindu-Muslim relations reconsidered	
• Art and architecture: temples – regional styles	

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the vies of Tulsidas
- AnalyzeHindu-Muslim relations
- Identify the Social Life of women in the Sultante

- Evaluate the philosophy of Kabir as Social reformer
- Enable students to understand Art and architecture

.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

- 1.Burton Stein, Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India, OUP, New Delhi,1980
- 2. Harbans Mukhia, (Ed), The Feudalism Debate, Manohar, 1999.
- 3.Irfan Habib, Medieval India: The Study of a Civilization, UBT, Delhi, 2007
- 4.J.S.Deyell, Living Without Silver: The Monetary History of Early Medieval North India. Delhi.Oxford University Press, 1990.
- 5.Kulke, H. and B.P. Sahu., eds. Interrogating Political Systems: Integrative Processes and States in Pre-modern India. New Delhi: Manohar, 2015.
- 6. Satish Chandra, Essays on Medieval Indian History, Oxford India Collection, Oxford University Press, 2006
- 7.Y. Subbarayalu, South India under the Cholas, Oxford University Press, 2012.



Course structure: INDUS VALLEY & OTHER CONTEMPORARY CIVILIZATIONS – BAH391

CourseTitle:INDUS VALLEY & OTHER CONTEMPORARY CIVILIZATIONS Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH391

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand about civilizations
- Help students to know about Indus Valley
- Enable students to strengthen their views on ancient Indian history.

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Indus Valley & Other Contemporary Civilizations

Course Contents/Syriaous.	Weightage (%)
Module I Reconstructing Ancient Indian history	
The Indian subcontinent: landscapes and environments	25%
Sources and methods of historical reconstruction	
Changing historical interpretations	
Early Indian notions of history	
Module II Indus Valley Civilization	
Origins; settlement patterns and town planning; agrarian base; craft production and trade; social and political organization; religious beliefs	25%
and practices; art; the problem of urban decline of traditions	
Module III Egyptian Civilization	
The Geography and pre-historic background;	25%
Polity and state structure;	
Society and Economy;	
Culture, Religion and Ideology	
Module IV Mesopotamia Civilization	
The Geography and pre-historic Background (with emphasis on the beginning of agriculture, settlement on the Zagros Mountain and Hassuna, Samarra and Halaf culture).	25%
Polity, State Structure and role of Temple and Palace as institution of Power.	
Social life: Class, Gender, Social stratification and Daily life; and Economy:	

Agriculture, Trade and Commerce, Foreign trade; and Urbanization Culture, Religion and Ideology.

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the concepts the development of the Civilizations
- Analyzevarious civilizations of the world
- Identify the major features of the Mesopotamian Civilization
- Evaluate the Science and Economy of the Indus Civilization
- Enable students tounderstand Polity, State Structure and role of Temple and Palace as institution of Power

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/	End term
			Project/Seminar/Quiz	
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

- Allchin, B., and R. Allchin. *Origins of a Civilization: The Prehistory and Early Archaeology of South Asia*. New Delhi: Viking, 1997.
- Chakrabarti, D.K. *India: An Archaeological History*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1999.
- Chakravarti, R. Exploring Early India up to c. AD 1300. Delhi: Primus, 2016 (3rd edition).
- Kenoyer, J.M. Ancient Cities of the Indus Valley Civilization. Karachi: Oxford University Press and American Institute of Pakistan Studies, 1998.
- Ratnagar, S. Understanding Harappa: Civilization in the Greater Indus Valley. New Delhi: Tulika, 2001.
- Sharma, R.S. Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India. Delhi: Macmillan India, 1983.
- Sharma, R.S. Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India. Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1996.
- Singh, U. A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: From the Stone Age to the 12th Century. Delhi: Pearson Longman, 2008.
- Thapar, R. Cultural Pasts: Essays in Early Indian History. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2000.
- Thapar, R. Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300. New Delhi: Penguin, 2003
- David Wengrow. What Makes Civilization? The Ancient Near East & the Future of the West. Oxford University Press, 2010.

• Patrick Hunt. Ten Discoveries That Rewrote History, Penguin/Plume 2007



Course structure: ANCIENT INDIA FROM VEDIC TO MAURYAN AGE – BAH392

CourseTitle: ANCIENT INDIA FROM VEDIC TO MAURYAN AGE Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH392

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the emergence of early historic India
- Help students to know Polity reflected in Vedic literature
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Religious system in Vedic period

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of ancient India from Vedic to Mauryan age

Course Contents/Syllabus:

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Student Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the concepts of Janapadas and Mahajanapadas
- AnalyzeAlexander's invasion of India and its effects
- Identify Economic condition in Vedic period
- Evaluate the Ashoka's Conversion to Buddhism
- Enable students to understand the Rise of Mauryan Empire

.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Suggested Readings

• Upinder Singh, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: From the Stone Age to the 12th century, Longman–Pearson, Delhi, 2008.

Romila Thapar, Ashoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1978.

Romila Thapar, Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300, Penguin, Delhi, 2003.

- Brockington, J.L. *The Sacred Thread: A Short History of Hinduism*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997 (2nd edition).
- Champakalakshmi, R. *Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India 300 BC to AD 1300*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1996.
- Chakravarti, R. Exploring Early India up to c. AD 1300. Delhi: Primus, 2016 (3rd edition). [Available in Hindi]
- Chakravarti, U. *The Social Dimensions of Early Buddhism*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1987.
- Chattopadhyaya, B.D. The Making of Early Medieval India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997.
- Huntington, S. The Art of Ancient India: Buddhist, Hindu, Jain. New York: Weather Hill, 1985.
- Jha, D.N., ed. The Feudal Order: State, Society and Ideology in Early Medieval India. New Delhi: Manohar, 2000.
- Karashima, N., ed. *A Concise History of South India: Issues and Interpretations*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2014.
- Sharma, R.S. *Indian Feudalism*. Madras: Macmillan, 1980. [Available in Hindi]
- Sharma, R.S. Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India. Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1996.
- Singh, U. A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: From the Stone Age to the 12th Century. Delhi: Pearson Longman, 2008.
- Thapar, R. Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300. New Delhi: Penguin, 2003.
- Thapar, R. *Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2012 (3rd edition).



Course structure: ANCIENT INDIA FROM THE SUNGA TO 9TH CENTURY – BAH393

CourseTitle: ANCIENT INDIA FROM THE SUNGA TO 9TH CENTURY Credit Units: 4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH393

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand theancient India from the Sunga to 9th century
- Help students to understand the Sunga dynasty
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Kanva dynasty

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of ancient India from the Sunga to 9th century

	Weightage (%)
Module I	

Sunga Dynasty: Pushyamitra Sunga, Agnimitra and Effects of Sunga rule	25%	
Kanva Dynasy : Vasudeva Kanva, Bhumimitra, and Narayana	25 / 0	
Module II		
Satavahanas Dynasty: Satakarni, Hala, GautamiputraSatakarni and its administration	25%	
Indo-Greeks: Seleucus Nicator ,Megasthenes and Yavanas		
Parthian Empire: Foundation, Expansion and significance		
Module III		
Sakas: Origin, Period, Rulers and Decline	25%	
Kushanas: Origin, Kings, Significance & Decline		
Module IV		
Gupta Empire: state and administration, economy, society, religion, art,	25%	
literature, science and technology		

- Understand the concepts of state and administration, economy, society, religion, art,
- literature, science and technology
- Analyzethe rise of Gupta empire
- Identify the significance of the Parthian empire
- Evaluate thereign of the Satavahanas Dynasty
- Enable students tounderstand the Indo-Greek attacks on India

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings:

• Upinder Singh, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: From the Stone Age to the 12th century, Longman–Pearson, Delhi, 2008.

Romila Thapar, Ashoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1978.

Romila Thapar, Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300, Penguin, Delhi, 2003.

- Brockington, J.L. *The Sacred Thread: A Short History of Hinduism*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997 (2nd edition).
- Champakalakshmi, R. Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India 300 BC to AD 1300. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1996.
- Chakravarti, R. Exploring Early India up to c. AD 1300. Delhi: Primus, 2016 (3rd edition). [Available in Hindi]
- Chakravarti, U. The Social Dimensions of Early Buddhism. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1987.
- Chattopadhyaya, B.D. *The Making of Early Medieval India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997.
- Huntington, S. The Art of Ancient India: Buddhist, Hindu, Jain. New York: Weather Hill, 1985.
- Jha, D.N., ed. *The Feudal Order: State, Society and Ideology in Early Medieval India*. New Delhi: Manohar, 2000.
- Karashima, N., ed. A Concise History of South India: Issues and Interpretations. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2014.
- Sharma, R.S. Indian Feudalism. Madras: Macmillan, 1980. [Available in Hindi]
- Sharma, R.S. Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India. Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1996.
- Singh, U. A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: From the Stone Age to the 12th Century. Delhi: Pearson Longman, 2008.
- Thapar, R. Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300. New Delhi: Penguin, 2003.
- Thapar, R. Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2012 (3rd edition).



Course structure: SOCIAL STRUCTURE OF ANCIENT INDIA – BAH394

CourseTitle:SOCIAL STRUCTURE OF ANCIENT INDIA Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH394

Course Objectives:

• Enable students to understand the study of social structure of India

Help students to Concept of Samskara

• Enable students to strengthen their views on Marriage as a Sacrament

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Social Structure of Ancient India

	Weightage (%)
Module I	

Importance of study of social structure; Understanding the sources for the study of Social structure in India.	25%
Module II	
Origin and Early Stages of Social formation-Concept of Society-Stratification of Society-Historical Growth, distribution of Labour-Concept of Family in Primitive Societies.	25%
Module III	
Social Organizations and Institutions: Concept of Varna-Jati-Ashram System-its origin and historical growth and Impact on Society	25%
Module IV Concept of Samskara (Birth, Marriage and Death) Marriage as a Sacrament Forms of Marriage Age of Marriage	25%

- Understand the concepts of Society-Stratification
- Analyzethe concept of Family in Primitive Societies.
- Identify Social Organizations and Institutions in ancient India
- Evaluate the Early Stages of Social formation in India
- Enable students tounderstand the sources of Social structure of India.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend	Assignment/	End
		ance	7 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	term
			Project/Seminar/Quiz	

Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Readings:

- 1.A.K.Majumdar, Concise History of Ancient India, Vol.III, New Delhi, 1983
- 2.A.L.Bhasham, Wonder that was India
- 3.A.S.Altekar, The Position of Women in Hindu Civilization,
- 4. A.S.Altekar, Education in Ancient India
- 5.B.P.Roy, Later Vedic Economy
- 6.D.D.Kosambi, Introduction to the Study of Indian History
- 7.H.Chakraborti, Trade and Commerce in Ancient India
- 8.J.N.Banerjee, Comprehensive History of India, Vol.II
- 9.K.A.Nilakanta Sastri, A History of South India, OUP, New Delhi.
- 10.K.M.Kapadia, Marriage and Family in India, Oxford, New Delhi, 1958.
- 11.N.K.Dutta, Origin and Growth of Castes in India, Calcutta, 1931.
- 12.P.H.Prabhu, Hindu Social Organisations, Bombay, 1963.
- 14.R.C.Majumdar, The Vedic Age
- 15.R.N.Saletone, Early Indian Economic History
- 16.Romila Thapar, Ancient Indian Social History: Some Interpretations, New Delhi, 2010



Course structure: HISTORY OF ANCIENT EUROPE – BAH491

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF ANCIENT EUROPE Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH491

Course Objectives:

Enable students to understand themeaning of Renaissance

- Help students to know about Rise and Decline of Spain
- Enable students to strengthen their views on the Ascendancy of France

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of History of Ancient Europe

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
Renaissance - Emergence, Nature & Impact.	25%
• The Reformation and Counter Reformation- Causes, nature of reformation, results.	
• Rise of National States - Causes, main monarchies and their growth -	
Ferdinand, Isabella of Spain, Louis XI of France, England - Henery VII, Holy	
Roman Empire.	

Module II		
The Ascendancy of France - Background of religious and civil wars, Domestic policy of Henry IV, Regime of Louis XIII. France at her Zenith - Domestic and foreign policy of Louis XIV. England and Industrial Revolution - Queen Elizabeth I, the age of Stuarts, the civil war, Charles II, James II and Glorious revolution, causes of industrial revolution and its effects. The Age of Enlightened Despotism - Meaning, prominent enlightened despots - Fedrick the great, Maria Theresa, Joseph II of Austria, Catherine II, Weakness of enlightened despotism.	25%	
Module III		
 Rise of Modern Russia - Peter the great, Catherine II their foreign policies. Austrian Empire - War of Austrian succession -Treaty of Aix-LA-Chapple, Causes of seven years war, The treaty of Hubertusberg, Foreign policy of Joseph II. 3. The Rise of Prussia - Domestic, foreign and religious policy of Frederick the great. 		
Module IV		
American War of Independence - Causes, events, results. Commercial Revolution - Causes of Mercantilism, main thinkers, importance of Mercantilism and Criticism, Causes of its decline. The Age of Reason - Main intellectuals, salient features of age of reason, impact of the age of reason. France on the eve of resolution - Political, economic, religious and social condition, intellectual revolution.	25%	

- Understand the concept of Commercial Revolution
- Analyzethe role of Austrian Empire
- Identify the Causes of Mercantilism

- Evaluate the American War of Independence
- Enable students tounderstand the Rise of Modern Russia

.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

- Reading in European History Bernard and Hedges
- A Political & Cultural History of Modern Europe Hayes
- History of Europe C.D. Hazen
- A Short History of Europe J.A.R. Marriot
- Europe Grant & Temperley
- Europe L. Mukherji
- Europe J. Roberts
- History of Europe V.D. Mahajan
- History of Modern Europe Sucheta Mahajan
- History of Europe R.C. Agrawal



Course structure: HISTORY OF MEDIVAL EUROPE-BAH492

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL EUROPE

Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH492

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the History of Medieval Europe
- Help students to understand the Rise of Feudalism
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Downfall of Roman Empire

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of History of Medieval Europe

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
Downfall of Roman Empire	25%
Causes of Coronations of Charlemagne	
Significance of Coronation	

Administration of Charles the Great.	
Module II	
Otto the Great: foundation, expansion and significance	25%
Frederic Barbarossa: foundation, expansion and significance	
Frederic-II: Life, rule, expansion and significance	
Philip Augustus: Life, rule, expansion and significance	
Module III	
Rise of Feudalism, Features, Causes for decline,	25%
Chivalry: Meaning and Definition	
Module IV	
Rise of Papacy: Investiture Contest between Henry IV & Gregory VII	25%
Pope Gregory VII & his Papal Theory	
Pope Innocent III	
Crusades: Origin, Causes and Effects	

- Understand the concept of Coronation
- Analyzethe rule of Otto the Great
- IdentifyAdministration of Charles the Great
- Evaluate theRise of Papacy
- Enable students to understand the Crusades and its Causes and Effects

.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Suggested Readings:

- •Thompson & Johnson, An Introduction to Medieval Europe
- •Adams, Civilization during the middle Ages
- •Myres, A Short History of Ancient, Medieval and Modern Times, Vol-II
- •K. C. Choudhary, The Middle Ages
- •A. L. Fisher, The Medieval Europe 2 Volumes
- •J. B. Bury, The Cambridge Medieval History
- •Virottam, Madhyakalin Europe ka Itihaas
- •Dhanpati Pandey, Madhyakalin Europe



Course structure: HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE – BAH493

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH493

Course Objectives:

• Enable students to understand the French Revolution

- Enable students to strengthen their views on Art and culture
- Help students to understand the Process of capitalist development in industry

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of History of Modern Europe

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
The French Revolution and its European repercussions	25%
Crisis of the Ancient Regime	
Intellectual currents	
 Social classes and emerging gender relations 	
 Phases of the French Revolution 1789-99 	
 Art and culture of the French Revolution 	
 Napoleonic consolidation –reform and empire 	

Module II	
Capitalist industrialization and social and economic transformation (late 18th	25%
century to 1914)	
Process of capitalist development in industry and agriculture: case studies of	
Britain, France, the German States and Russia.	
• Evolution and differentiation of social classes: bourgeoisie, proletariat,	
landowning classes and peasantry.	
Changing trends in demography and urban patterns	
Family, gender and process of industrialization	
Module III	
Liberal democracy, working class movements and Socialism in the 19th and 20th	25%
Centuries:	
The struggle for parliamentary democracy and civil liberties in Britain: popular	
movements –chartists and suffragettes	
The making of democratic and constitutional rights	
 Forms of protest: food riots in France and England in early nineteenth century, 	
Early socialist thought, Marxian Socialism	
Module IV	
Tsarist Russia and the coming of the Bolshevik Revolution	25%
Serfdom, Populism and Social Democracy	
• The Revolution of 1905; the revolutions of 1917: origins, visions, movements	
Fascism and Nazism: origins and forms; nature of the fascist state	

- Understand the concept of Intellectual currents
- Analyzevarious Changing trends in demography and urban patterns
- Identify the Revolution of 1905, and 1917
- Evaluate the role of Liberal democracy
- Enable students tounderstand Serfdom, Populism and Social Democracy

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

Berger, S., ed. Companion to Nineteenth Century Europe 1789-1914. Oxford: Blackwell Publishing, 2006.

- Blanning, T.C.W. The Oxford History of Modern Europe. Oxford 1996, 2000
- Davies, N. Europe: A History. New York: Harper Perennial, 1998.
- Hobsbawm, E. J. Age of Revolution. London: Weidenfield and Nicholson 1962; New York: Vintage 1996.
- Hobsbawm, E.J. Age of Capital 1848-1875. London: Vintage, 1996.
- McPhee, P. The French Revolution: 1789-1799. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2002.
- Merriman, J. History of Modern Europe, From Renaissance to the Present in 2 volumes. New York: W.W. Norton, 2004.

Davies, N., Europe: A History. New York: Harper Perennial, 1998.

- Deshpande, A., M. Jha and P. Chawla, eds. Bisvi Shatabdi Mein Vishwa Itihaaske Pramukh Mudde. Delhi: 2013.
- Hobsbawm, E.J. Age of Empire. London: Weidenfield and Nicholson, 1987; Abacus 2003.
- Hobsbawm, E.J., *Age of Extremes.* New York: Vintage Books, 1996.
- Joll, J., Europe since 1870: An International History. London: Penguin, 1970.
- Merriman, J., History of Modern Europe, volume 2: From the French Revolution to the Present. New York: WW Norton and Company 2004.
- Vijay, D., M. Bharadwaj and V. Chaudhari. Adhunik Europe ka Itihas: Avam Evam Dishaen. Delhi: Directorate of Hindi Medium Implementation 2010;



Course structure: INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS – BAH494

CourseTitle:INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH494

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand therole and powers of the political parties
- Help students to practice electoral System
- Enable students to strengthen their idea of Federalism

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Indian Government and Politics

	Weightage (%)
Module I Political Parties and the Party System & Elections and the Electoral System	250/
 National and regional parties; trends in the party system – from the Congress system to the era of multiparty coalitions The nature of and challenges to, the electoral system; social determinants of voting 	25%
Module II Federalism and Regional Aspirations,	

 Politics of Secession, autonomy and accommodation Debates on secularism; majority and minority communalism 	25%
 Module III Caste and Politics, Caste in Politics and the politicization of caste; interaction of caste with class and gender; caste discrimination and affirmative action policies The nature of political power in India with reference to developmental, welfare, ideology and coercive dimensions. 	25%
 Module IV Religion and Politics Changing Nature of Indian Politics Identity Politics 	25%

- Understand the concept caste in politics
- AnalyzeChanging Nature of Indian Politics
- Identify the relation between Religion and Politics
- Evaluate therole of communalism in politics
- Enable students tounderstand vote bank politics

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essentials Readings

- Austin, Granville, Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience, OUP, Delhi, 1999.
- Basu, DD, Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice-Hall, 1980.
- Bhargava, Rajeev ed., Secularism and its Critics, OUP, New Delhi, 1998.
- Brass, Paul R., The Politics of India since Independence, Cambridge University Press and Foundation Books, New Delhi, Second Edition, reprinted 1999
- Chandra, Bipan, Mridula Mukherjee and Aditya Mukherjee, India after Independence 1947-2000, Penguin Books, Delhi, 2000
- Chaube, S.K., Constituent Assembly of India: Springboard of Revolution, Peoples' Publishing House, New Delhi, 1973.
- Chakrabarty, Bidyut, Forging Power, Coalition Politics in India, OUP, New Delhi, 2006.
- Chatterjee, Partha, State and Politics in India, OUP, New Delhi, 2004 (paperback)
- Rajni Kothari, Caste in Indian Politics, Sangam Books Limited, 1970



Course structure: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS - I – BAH591

CourseTitle:INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS - I Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH591

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the International politics
- Help students to understand the concept of Cold War
- Enable students to strengthen their knowledge about the theories of IR

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of international relations and global politics

	Weightage (%)
Module I Origin and Growth of IR	
Meaning, nature (traditional view, modern view and current view) & Scope and Subject- matter	25%
Purpose and significance	
IR development as an academic discipline	
Module II Theories of IR	
Module II Theories of IR • Realism	25%
	25%
• Realism	25%
RealismNeo-Realism	25%

 Cold War setup: NATO, SEATO, CENTO and Warsaw Pact Post-Cold War era: Collective Security through UN War On Terror: Afghanistan and Iraq Peace-Keeping operations 	25%
Module IV: International Political Economy	
 Aid and Development Debt for Development: OBOR and CPEC Trade and Protectionism 	25%

- Understand the concept of collective security
- Analyze the role of various military organizations
- Identify the concept of liberalism and neo-liberalism
- Evaluate therole of Peace-Keeping operations
- Enable students tounderstand realism and neo-realism

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended

- 1. International systems in world History Remaking the study of International Relations, Barry Buzan and Richard Little, Oxford University, Press, New York, 2000.
- 2. International relations, Vinay kumar Malhotra, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2012
- 3. Rajan, M.S., and Shivaj Ganguli, (eds.) India and international System, New Delhi, Vikas, 1981
- 4. Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Mahendra Kumar, Shiva Lal Agarwal, Agra, 1967
- 5. K.P. Mishra and R.S. Beal, International Relations Theory, Vikas Publishers, New Delhi, 1990
- 6. Gujral, I.K., A foreign policy for India, Externla publicity division, MEA, Government of India, Delhi, 1998
- 7. India's Foreign Policy, Subhas Shukla, Anamika Publishers, New Delhi, 2007
- 8. India's Foreign & Sub Continental Politics, Vandana Asthana, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 1999
- 9. India's Foreign Policy & its Neighbours, Dhiraj Shrivastava, ABD Publishers, Jaipur, 2007.
- 10. India's Foreign policy of India, Sudhir Pattnaik, Arise Publishers, New Delhi, 2008
- 11. Foreign Policy of India, V.N. Khanna, vikas publishing house Pvt. Ltd. 2007.



Course structure: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS - II- BAH592

CourseTitle:INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS - II Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH592

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the concept of Foreign Policy
- Help students to aware about area studies
- Enable students to strengthen their understanding of third world countries

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of theories of International Relations.

·	Weightage (%)
Module I Foreign Policy of Great Powers	
Foreign Policy of USA,	25%
Foreign Policy of Russia	
Foreign Policy of China	
•	
Module II India and Regions	
	25%

• West Asia,	
South Asia	
South East Asia	
• ASEAN	
Module III Third World in IR	
Defining First, Second and Third World	25%
North – South Dialogue	
South – South Cooperation	
Module IV International Politics in Indian Ocean	
Geo-Strategic Importance	25%
Indian Ocean: Problems and Prospects	
Quest for influence: India, USA & China	

- Understand the concepts Geo-Strategic Importance
- Analyze the role of various organizations
- Identify the problems and prospects in Indian Ocean
- Evaluate the foreign policy of USA
- Enable students tounderstand Quest for influence.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend	Assignment/	End
		ance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended

- 12. International systems in world History Remaking the study of International Relations, Barry Buzan and Richard Little, Oxford University, Press, New York, 2000.
- 13. International relations, Vinay kumar Malhotra, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2012
- 14. Rajan, M.S., and Shivaj Ganguli, (eds.) India and international System, New Delhi, Vikas, 1981
- 15. Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Mahendra Kumar, Shiva Lal Agarwal, Agra, 1967
- 16. K.P. Mishra and R.S. Beal, International Relations Theory, Vikas Publishers, New Delhi, 1990
- 17. Gujral, I.K., A foreign policy for India, External publicity division, MEA, Government of India, Delhi, 1998
- 18. India's Foreign Policy, Subhas Shukla, Anamika Publishers, New Delhi, 2007
- 19. India's Foreign & Sub Continental Politics, Vandana Asthana, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 1999
- 20. India's Foreign Policy & its Neighbours, Dhiraj Shrivastava, ABD Publishers, Jaipur, 2007.
- 21. India's Foreign Policy of India, Sudhir Pattnaik, Arise Publishers, New Delhi, 2008
- 22. Foreign Policy of India, V.N. Khanna, vikas publishing house Pvt. Ltd. 2007.



Course structure: HISTORY OF USA I- BAH593

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF USA I Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH593

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the History of USA
- Help students to know about the Growth of American Colonies
- Enable students to strengthen their views on American democracy

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of the History of USA

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
A New World:	25%
• The Growth of American Colonies: Diverse Demography; Forms of Labour: indigenous tribes, indentured labour, slaves	
• Revolution: sources, historiography	
Module II	

Limits of American democracy:	25%
• The Federalist Constitution: Structure and its Critique	25%
• Jeffersonian Democracy: Its Limitations	
• Westward Expansion: Jefferson and Jackson; Marginalization, Displacement of the indigenous tribes; case histories of the Shawnee and the Cherokee tribes	
Module III	
Early Capitalism and its inequities:	25%
• Growth of Market Society: Industrial Labour: gender, race, ethnicity	
• Immigrant Labour: religious, racial, ethnic bias; case history of Irish immigrants	
U.S. quest for dominance:	
• Imperialism and Changing Diplomacy: Manifest Destiny, War of 1812; Monroe Doctrine	
Module IV	
Slavery:	25%
• The economics of slavery: South vs. North/Debate	
• Slave life and culture; nature of female slavery; slave resistance (including female slave	
resistance)	
The Civil War:	
• Issues of the War	
• Interpretations	

- Understand the concepts of Slavery
- Analyzethe Growth of Market Society
- Identify the causes of the revolution
- Evaluate the Imperialism and Changing Diplomacy
- Enable students tounderstand the causes of the civil war

.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings:

Balleck, B.J. 'When the Ends Justify the Means: Thomas Jefferson and the Louisiana Purchase'. Presidential Studies Quarterly, 22, Fall 1992.

- Kailyn, B., D. Wood, J. L. Thomas et.al. *The Great Republic, A History of the American People*. Massachusetts: D.C. Heath & Company, 2000.
- Boyer, P.S., H. Sitkoff et al. The Enduring Vision: A History of the American People. Vol. I. 5thedition. Massachusetts: Houghton Mifflin Company, 2003.
- Carnes, M.C. & J.A. Garraty. The American Nation, A History of the United States. 12thedn. New York: Pearson Longman, 2006.
- Datar, K. America Ka Itihas. University of Delhi: Directorate of Hindi Medium Implementation Board, 1997.
- Faragher, J.M., M.J. Buhle et al. Out of Many: A History of the American People. Vol. I. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, 1995.
- Foner, E. Give Me Liberty! An American History. Vol. I. New York: W.W. Norton & Co. 2ndedn. 2007.
- Grob, G.N. and G.A. Billias. *Interpretations of American History: Patterns and Perspectives.* Vol. I. New York: TheFree Press, 2000.
- Zinn, H. *A People's History of the United States, 1492-Present.* New York: Harper Collins, 2000



Course structure: HISTORY OF FAR EAST I- BAH594

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF FAR EAST I Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH594

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Historical and Geographical Survey
- Help students to know about Hundred Days Reform
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Manchurian Crisis, 1931

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of the History of Far East

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
 Historical and Geographical Survey, European Intercourse with China, Opium Trade, First Opium War and Treaty of Nanking, Taiping Rebellion: Second Opium War and Treaty of Tientsin First Sino-Japanese War and Treaty of Shimonoseki; Hundred Days Reform, Boxer Rebellion. 	25%
Module II	

 Nationalist Movement and Proclamation of the Republic; Career and Achievements of Sun Yat Sen. China and First World War, Achievements and Failures of Kuomintang Government under Chiang Kai Shek, Manchurian Crisis, 1931 	25%
 Module III Birth and Growth of Communism in China, Cooperation and Conflict between the Communists and Kuomintang, 1921-1945 Sino-Japanese War, 1937; Civil War, 1945-49 and establishment of People's Republic China. 	25%
Module IV Cultural Revolution, 1966-68; Foreign Policy of the People's Republic of China.	25%

- Understand about the Treaty of Nanking
- Analyzethe Foreign Policy of the People's Republic of China
- Identify the causes of Growth of Communism in China
- Evaluate the European Intercourse with China
- Enable students tounderstand Cultural Revolution

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

Chesneaux, J., Secret Societies in Chinain the Nineteenth and Twentieth Century's, Ann Arbor: University of Michigan Press, 1972.

- •Chesneaux, J., Peasant Revolts in China 1840–1949. London: Thames & Hudson, 1973.
- •Epstein, I., From Opium War to Liberation. Beijing: New World Press, 1956.
- •Franke, W. A Century of the Chinese Revolution 185-1949. Oxford: Blackwell, 1970.
- •Kung-chuan Hsiao. A History of Chinese Political Thought. Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1979.
- •Bonner-Smith, D., and Lumby, E. The Second China War: 1856-1860, New York: State Mutual Book and Periodical Service Ltd., 1987.
- •Garrett, V. Heaven is High and the Emperor Far Away: Mandarins and Merchants in Old Canton, New York: Oxford University Press, 2002.
- •Janin, H., The India-China Opium Trade in the 19th Century, Jefferson: McFarland and Co., 1999.



Course structure: STUDY OF MUSEOLOGY- BAH595

CourseTitle:STUDY OF MUSEOLOGY Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH595

Course Objectives:

Enable students to understand the History of Museology

• Help students to know about Museography

• Enable students to strengthen their views on Professional Ethics

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Study of Museology

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
 History, Definition and development of Museology, and Museography Museology as an Academic Discipline Museology as a profession Professional Ethics. 	25%
Module II	

 Definition and scope of Museum. General Principles of Museum. History of museums / Museum Movement 	25%
Module III	
 Types and classification of museums, changing concepts of museums. Functions of Museums: Collection, Identification, Preservation, Documentation, Presentation (Exhibition), Research, Educational activities 	25%
Module IV	
 History and philosophy of museums in India and abroad, Museum movement in India. Major Museum of India (Indian Museum Kolkata, National Museum, National Museum of Natural History, Salarjung Museum, Indira Gandhi Rashtriya Manav Sangrahalya). Role of Museum in Society. 	

- Understand the concepts of Museology
- Analyze the General Principles of Museum
- Identify the several Major Museums of India
- Evaluate theRole of Museum in Society
- Enable students tounderstand the Functions of Museums

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend	Assignment/	End
		ance		term
			Project/Seminar/Quiz	

Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

- Museums of India by Usha Agarwal
- Key concept in Museology by Desvaltees, Andre, &Francas MairesseArrondCownISBN-978-2-200 ICOFOM-2010, Paris
- Interpreting the New Museology, Museum and Society by Ross, Max, Lichfield-2004
- Introduction to Museology; The European Approach by Dr. Chritiam Muller Straten,
- · Claims & Reality of New Museology; A case Study in Canada by Hauenehild, Andrea
- New Museology -NET-YouTube Lecture by Devis Peter.
- A component to Museum studies by Sharon, Macdonald ISBN Wiley Blackwell
- New Museology by Bedekar.V.H, Museum Association of India, New Delhi.
- Nigam, M.L : Museums in India
- Nigam, M.L.: Fundamentals of Museology
- Ghosh, D.P: Studies in Museology
- Basu, J.N: Indian Museums and Movement
- Bhatnagar, Anupama: Museums, Museology and New Museology
- Baxi, S.J. & Dwivedi, V.P. : Modern Museums



Course structure: STUDY OF MUSEOLOGY-BAH595

CourseTitle:STUDY OF MUSEOLOGY Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH595

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the History of Museology
- Help students to know about Museography
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Professional Ethics

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Study of Museology

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
 History, Definition and development of Museology, and Museography Museology as an Academic Discipline 	25%
 Museology as a profession 	
 Professional Ethics. 	
Module II	

 Definition and scope of Museum. General Principles of Museum. History of museums / Museum Movement 	25%
 Module III Types and classification of museums, changing concepts of museums. Functions of Museums: Collection, Identification, Preservation, Documentation, Presentation (Exhibition), Research, Educational activities 	25%
 Module IV History and philosophy of museums in India and abroad, Museum movement in India. Major Museum of India (Indian Museum Kolkata, National Museum, National Museum of Natural History, Salarjung Museum, Indira Gandhi Rashtriya Manav Sangrahalya). Role of Museum in Society. 	

- Understand the concepts of Museology
- Analyze the General Principles of Museum
- Identify the several Major Museums of India
- Evaluate theRole of Museum in Society
- Enable students tounderstand the Functions of Museums

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend	Assignment/	End
		ance		term
			Project/Seminar/Quiz	

Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

- Museums of India by Usha Agarwal
- Key concept in Museology by Desvaltees, Andre, &Francas MairesseArrondCownISBN-978-2-200 ICOFOM-2010, Paris
- Interpreting the New Museology, Museum and Society by Ross, Max, Lichfield-2004
- Introduction to Museology; The European Approach by Dr. Chritiam Muller Straten,
- · Claims & Reality of New Museology; A case Study in Canada by Hauenehild, Andrea
- New Museology -NET-YouTube Lecture by Devis Peter.
- A component to Museum studies by Sharon, Macdonald ISBN Wiley Blackwell
- New Museology by Bedekar.V.H, Museum Association of India, New Delhi.
- Nigam, M.L : Museums in India
- Nigam, M.L.: Fundamentals of Museology
- Ghosh, D.P: Studies in Museology
- Basu, J.N: Indian Museums and Movement
- Bhatnagar, Anupama: Museums, Museology and New Museology
- Baxi, S.J. & Dwivedi, V.P. : Modern Museums



Course structure: HISTORY OF USA II- BAH692

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF USA II Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH692

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Growth of Capitalism
- Help students to understand the Making of Radical Reconstruction
- Enable students to strengthen their views on the New Deal

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of History of USA

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
The Making of Radical Reconstruction:	25%
 Growth of Capitalism - Big Business: Competition, Consolidation, Monopolism Worker's Culture; Organization of Labour Unions and Movements (both men and women) 	
Module II	

Resistance vs. Reform	25%
• The Populist Challenge: Agrarian Crisis and Discontent	20 / 0
• The Politics of Progressivism: Varieties and Limitations	
• The New Deal: Response to the Great Depression, Reformism or Economic	
Experimentation	
Module III	
African-American Movement:	25%
Black Leadership: Booker T. Washington; W.E.B. Dubois; NAACP and Marcus	
Garvey, Malcolm X	
Civil Rights Movement: Martin Luther King Jr.	
Module IV	
USA in World Politics:	25%
• Imperial ambition and power: the Spanish-American War; USA and East Asia;	
USA and Latin America; America in the First World War	
• America in the Second World War; The Cold War: Strategy of 'Containment';	
Truman Doctrine	
Anti-Communist Crusade: McCarthyism; Korean War; Cuban Project	

- Understand the concept of Truman Doctrine
- Analyzethe Black Leadership
- Identify the role of USA in World Politics
- Evaluate the Civil Rights Movement
- Enable students to understand the Anti-Communist Crusade

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings:

Balleck, B.J. 'When the Ends Justify the Means: Thomas Jefferson and the Louisiana Purchase'. Presidential Studies Quarterly, 22, Fall 1992.

- Kailyn, B., D. Wood, J. L. Thomas et.al. The Great Republic, A History of the American People. Massachusetts: D.C. Heath & Company, 2000.
- Boyer, P.S., H. Sitkoff et al. The Enduring Vision: A History of the American People. Vol. I. 5thedition. Massachusetts: Houghton Mifflin Company, 2003.
- Carnes, M.C. & J.A. Garraty. The American Nation, A History of the United States. 12thedn. New York: Pearson Longman, 2006.
- Datar, K. America Ka Itihas. University of Delhi: Directorate of Hindi Medium Implementation Board, 1997.
- Faragher, J.M., M.J. Buhle et al. Out of Many: A History of the American People. Vol. I. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, 1995.
- Foner, E. Give Me Liberty! An American History. Vol. I. New York: W.W. Norton & Co. 2ndedn. 2007.
- Grob, G.N. and G.A. Billias. *Interpretations of American History: Patterns and Perspectives.* Vol. I. New York: TheFree Press, 2000.
- Zinn, H. A People's History of the United States, 1492-Present. New York: Harper Collins, 2000



Course structure: HISTORY OF FAR EAST II- BAH693

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF FAR EAST II Credit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel Course Code: BAH693

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Meiji reforms
- Help students to about War Diplomacy
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Japanese hegemony in Far East

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of History of Far East

·	Weightage (%)
Module I	
• The Opening of Japan-Perry and Harris Mission, The Restoration of the Meiji and reforms of Meiji Era, The Constitutional Movement and the Constitution of 1889	25%
• Anglo-Japanese Alliance (1902), Russo-Japanese War (1904-05) and Treaty of Portsmouth; Japanese hegemony in Far East before the First World War and Occupation of Korea.	

Module II	
Japan and First World War – War Diplomacy, London Declaration, Shantung The state of t	25%
Ultimatum, Twenty one Demands, Treaties of 1915 and Second Treaties 1916-17, Lansing-Ishii Agreement, Japan in Paris Peace Conference.	
Module III	
Political and Economic Development of Japan, 1895-1939; Economic Development, Industrial Growth, Agricultural Development and Foreign Trade.	25%
Module IV	
 Japan's Foreign Policy, 1919-1939, Japan and Second World War, 1939-1945; Defeat and Surrender of Japan. Post War Japan-Japan under American Occupation (1945-51) Democratization, Demilitarization, Socio-Economic reforms; Economic Progress of Japan, 1951-1980. 	25%

- Understand the concept of London Declaration
- Analyzethe Political and Economic Development of Japan
- Identify the Twenty one Demands
- Evaluate the Japan's Foreign Policy
- Enable students tounderstand Japan and world wars

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Reading

Buckley, R., Japan Today, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1990.

- •Buckley, R., US-Japan Alliance Diplomacy 1945–1990, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1995.
- •Hunter, J., The Emergence of Modern Japan, London, Longman, 1991.
- •Mason, R. H. P. and J. G. Caiger., A History of Japan, Melbourne, Cassell, 1972.
- •McGrew, A. and C. Brook, (eds) Asia-Pacific in the New World Order, London, Routledge, 1998.
- •Megarry, T., (ed.) The Making of Modern Japan: A Reader, Dartford, Greenwich University Press, 1995.
- •Reischauer, E. O. and A. M. Craig., Japan: Tradition and Transformation, Sydney, Allen & Unwin, 1989.
- •Shively, D. H. and W. H. McCullough, (eds) The Cambridge History of Japan, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1999.
- •Waswo, A., Modern Japanese Society 1868-1994, Oxford, OUP, 1996.
- •Yamamura, K., The Economic Emergence of Modern Japan, CUP, Cambridge, 1997.

HISTORY SYLLABUS: 2021-2022



Course structure: HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA I (1707 - 1858) – BAH191

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA I Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH191

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand India in the mid-18th Century
- Help students to understand the Emergence of the Company State
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Modern India

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA

		Weightag e (%)
Module I		

India in the mid-18th Century: society, economy, polity and culture	25%
• Issues and Debates	25 / 0
Continuity and change	
Module II	
Dynamics of colonial expansion: indigenous states and Company power	25%
• Regional kingdoms: economic and military dimensions of colonial expansion:	
Bengal, Mysore, Marathas, Awadh and Punjab	
• Variations in development of agriculture, trade and technology	
Module III	
Colonial state and ideology: Emergence of the Company State	25%
• Imperial ideologies: Orientalism, Utilitarianism, Evangelicalism and the question of Race	
 Culture and society and its impact on India 	
Module IV	
•The colonial army: military culture and recruitment	25%
•Peasant resistance to colonial rule: Santhal Uprising (1856)	
•The Uprising of 1857: Causes of failures and significance	
Student Learning Outcomes:	
Understand the concepts of society, economy, polity and culture	
Analyzevarious Dynamics of colonial expansion	
Identify Peasant resistance to colonial rule	
Evaluate the question of Race	
Enable students toknow about Imperial ideologies	
Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of lectures, case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction	

through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Atten dance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings:

- Bandhopadhyay, Shekhar. From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2004
- Bayly, C. A. *Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire*.
- Habib, Irfan. *Indian Economy Under Early British Rule 1757-1857*, Delhi: Tulika, 2013
- The British Bridgehead: The New Cambridge History of India. Volume II.1. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1990.
- Roy, Tirthankar. *An Economic History of Early Modern India*. London and New York: Routledge, 2013.
- Subramanian, Lakshmi. *History of India, 1707-1857.* Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2010.
- Alavi, Seema, ed. *The Eighteenth Century in India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2007.
- Alavi, Seema. *The Sepoys and the Company: Tradition and Transition in Northern India, 1770–1830.* New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1998
- Bayly, Susan. *Caste Politics and Indian Society from the Eighteenth Century to the Modern Age*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press,1999.
- Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi, ed. *Rethinking 1857*. Delhi: Orient Longman, 2007.

- Choudhary, Sushil. *Prelude to Empire: Plassey Revolution of 1757*. Delhi: Manohar, 2000.
- Dirks, Nicholas B. *Castes of Mind. Princeton*, New Jersey: Princeton University Press, 2001.
- Guha, Ranajit. *Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1983.



Course structure: SOCIAL & CULTURAL HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA – BAH192

CourseTitle:SOCIAL & CULTURAL HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA CreditUnits:4

Course Level: **UGLevel**CourseCode: BAH192
Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the growth of education
- Help students to understand Land revenue settlements
- Enable students to understand the Growth of Press

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Social & Cultural History of Modern India

ř	Weightage (%)
Module IGrowth of Modern Education	
	25%
 Proposal of Wilberforce 	
 Proposal of Charles Grant 	

Proposal of Minto	
Proposal of Elphinstone	
 Macaulay's system of Education 	
 Wood's Dispatch of1854 	
Hunter Commission Report of 1854	
The Indian University Act of 1904	
• Resolution of February1913	
The Saddler University Commission1917-19	
• The Hartog Committees of 1929	
Wardha School of Education	
Sergent Plan of Education	
Radhakrishna Commission	
University Grants Commission	
Module II LandRevenue Settlements	
• Land revenue settlements: Permanent settlement, Ryotwari	25%
Settlement, Mahalwari Settlement	
Commercialization of agriculture and its effects	
Popular resistance: Indigo Rebellion (1860); Pabna Agrarian	
Leagues (1873); Deccan Riots 1875)	
Module IIIGrowth of Press	
Attitude of East India Company	25%
Press in Madras Presidency	
• The Censorship of the Press Act 1799	
• Regulation of 1823	
Liberation of Indian Press	
• Licensing Act of 1857	
• Registration Act of 1867	
Vernacular Press Act1878	
• The News Paper Act of 1908	

• The Indian Press Act 1910	
 Foreign Relation Act1932 	
 Indian States A(Protection)Act 1934 	
Press Trust of India	
Press Law Inquiry Committees	
Press (Objectionable matter) Act1957	
• Press Commission of 1962	
Module IV Independence Era	
	2 = 2 /
 Independence and the emergence of a new State 	25%
 Negotiations for Independence 	
The Making of the Constitution	
 Land Reforms and the beginning of Planning 	

- Understand the concepts of Law &Education in British India
- Analyze the land revenue settlements in British India
- Identify the Growth of Press
- Evaluate the Emergence of a New State
- Enable students to understand the making of the Constitution

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of lectures, case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings:

- Bandhopadhyay, Shekhar. From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India.
- Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2004
- Bayly, C. A. Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire.
- Habib, Irfan. Indian Economy Under Early British Rule 1757-1857, Delhi: Tulika, 2013
- The British Bridgehead: The New Cambridge History of India. Volume II.1. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1990.
- Roy, Tirthankar. An Economic History of Early Modern India. London and New York: Routledge, 2013.
- Subramanian, Lakshmi. *History of India, 1707-1857*. Delhi: Orient Black swan, 2010.
- Alavi, Seema, ed. The Eighteenth Century in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2007.
- Alavi, Seema. *The Sepoys and the Company: Tradition and Transition in Northern India, 1770–1830.* New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1998
- Bayly, Susan. Caste Politics and Indian Society from the Eighteenth Century to the Modern Age. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1999.
- Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi, ed. Rethinking 1857. Delhi: Orient Longman, 2007.
- Choudhary, Sushil. Prelude to Empire: Plassey Revolution of 1757. Delhi: Manohar, 2000.
- Dirks, Nicholas B. Castes of Mind. Princeton, New Jersey: Princeton University Press, 2001.
- Guha, Ranajit. Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1983.
- New look at Modern Indian History by B. L. Grover and Alka Mahender Mehta | 1 January 2018
- · History of Modern India by Bipan Chandra



Course structure: NATIONAISM IN INDIA BAC193

CourseTitle:NATIONAISM IN INDIA Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAC193

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Debate on Early Nationalism
- Enable students to understand different Approaches
- Enable students to understand Major Social and Religious movements among Hindus and Muslims
- Help students to know about Ambedkar and the Dalit Movement
- Enable students to strengthen their views on the Emergence of Congress Party

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of History of Modern India

	Weightage (%)
Module I Approaches to the study of Nationalism in India	
• Colonialist	25%
 Nationalists 	
Cambridge School	

Marxists	
Subaltern interpretations Debate on Forly Nationalism	
Debate on Early Nationalism	
Module II Major Social and Religious movements among Hindus and	
Muslims	25%
Brahmo Samaj	23 /0
Arya Samaj	
Dharma Sabha	
Aligarh Movement	
Wahabi Movement	
Deoband Movement	
Prathana Samaj	
Vivekananda and Ramakrishna Mission	
Iodule III National Movement in India	
Emergence of Congress Party	25%
Formation of the Muslim League	
Differences between Moderates and Extremists	
Swadeshi and Revolutionary Movements in 1920s	
Socialist alternatives: Congress Socialists, Communists	
The Caste question: Anti-Brahmanical Politics	
Ambedkar and the Dalit Movement	
Iodule IV Gandhian Era and Role of Women in National Movement	
Role of Gandhi in Indian National movement: Rowlatt, Khilafat and	25%
Non-Cooperation Movements; Civil Disobedience Movement of	45/0
1930; Quit India Movement of 1942; Partition of India in 1947	
• The Women's Question: Participations in the National Movement and	
its Impact	

- Analyzethe process of Indian Independence and the emergence of a new State
- Identify the Intellectual foundations of Gandhian Nationalism
- Evaluate the Differences between Moderates and Extremists
- Enable students to understand Swadeshi and Revolutionary Movements in 1920s

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of lectures, case studies, and participants are encourage to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended

- Bandhopadhyay, Shekhar. From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2004
- Bayly, C. A. *Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire*.
- Habib, Irfan. Indian Economy Under Early British Rule 1757-1857, Delhi: Tulika, 2013
- The British Bridgehead: The New Cambridge History of India. Volume II.1. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1990..
- Subramanian, Lakshmi. *History of India, 1707-1857*. Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2010.
- Alavi, Seema, ed. The Eighteenth Century in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2007.
- Alavi, Seema. *The Sepoys and the Company: Tradition and Transition in Northern India, 1770–1830.* New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1998
- Bayly, Susan. Caste Politics and Indian Society from the Eighteenth Century to the Modern Age. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1999.
- Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi, ed. *Rethinking 1857*. Delhi: Orient Longman, 2007.
- Choudhary, Sushil. Prelude to Empire: Plassey Revolution of 1757. Delhi: Manohar, 2000.
- Dirks, Nicholas B. Castes of Mind. Princeton, New Jersey: Princeton University Press, 2001.
- Guha, Ranajit. Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1983.

- Chaudhary, Latika et. al., eds. A New Economic History of Colonial India. London and New York: Routledge, 2016.
- Guha, Ranajit and Gayatri Chakaravarti Spivak, eds. *Selected Subaltern Studies*. New York and Oxford: Oxford University Press,1988.
- Sarkar, Sumit. Modern India 1885-1947. Delhi: Macmillan 1983.
- Chandra, Bipan et. al. India's Struggle for Independence. New Delhi: Penguin, 1988.



Course structure: CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY OF INDIA – BAC194

CourseTitle:CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY OF INDIA Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAC194

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the background of the constitutional history
- Help students to practice constitutional ideas
- Enable students to strengthen their understanding regarding various Charters and Govt. India Acts

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of the constitutional history of India.

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
The Charter Act of 1833 and 1853	10%
• The Government of India Act 1858	

Indian Council Act 1861	250/
Indian Council Act 1909	25%
Module III	
The Government of India act 1919, effects of the Act, various aspects of Dyarchy System, member qualification, power, and defects of the Act	25%
The Government of India act 1935, Central Legislature, Constituent Assembly	
Module IV	
 Cripps Mission, Wavell Plan and Cabinet Mission The India Independence Act 1947 	25%
The Constituent Assembly of India	
Module V	
 Constitutional development in Jammu and Kashmir Significance of A 370 Proposition of A 370 and after 	15%
 Revocation of A 370 and after Response of J&K people to the removal of A 370 	

- Understand the concepts Diarchy System in India
- Analyzevarious charters and acts passed by the British Government
- Identify the role of India Council Acts
- Evaluate the various missions sent by the British government
- Enable students tounderstand the historical background of Jammu & Kashmir

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active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Readings:

- Singh, M.P. (2019), Outlines of Indian Legal & Constitutional History, Lexis Nexis: Haryana
- Pylee, M.V. (2011), Constitutional History of India [1600 2010], S. Chand & Company: New Delhi
- An Introduction to the Constitution of India, D.D Basu, Prentice Hall, New Delhi. (Latest Edition).
- An Introduction to the Constitution of India, M.V. Pylee, Vikas, New Delhi, 1998.
- Constitutional Development and National Movement in India, V.D. Mahajan, S. Chand and Co, New Delhi, 1986.



Course structure: HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA I (900 - 1526) - BAH291

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA I (900 - 1526) Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH291

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Emergence of New States
- Enable students to understand the Muslim Invasions
- Help students to understand the development of art and architecture

	Weightage (%)
Module I Shifts in Polity and Statecraft	
Evolution of political structures:	
• Rajputs	25%
• Pallavas	25%
Chalukyas	
• Pandyas	
Statecraft and development of art and architecture	
 Palas, Pratiharas and Rashtrakutas, Changes in political divisions and state administration, society and culture 	

Module II Towards a Centralized State: The Cholas	
 Cholas and Maritime Activities in South and Southeast AsiaChola Art, The dawn of Vernacular Languages and literature 	25%
Module III Muslim Invasions	
 Invasions of Arabs, Invasions of Ghaznavids, Ghorids Slave Dynasty (1206-1290) Khilji Dynasty (1290-1321) Tughlaq Dynasty (1321-1412) Sayyid Dynasty (1414-1451) Lodhi Dynasty (1451-1526) Module IV Nagaras 	25%
 The Vijaynagara Empire; its origin and growth Nature of State – Feudal, Segmentary and Centralized Art, literature and culture Revenue Administration and Political divisions, Economy Decline of Vijaynagara Empire Bahmani Kingdom; its growth and disintegration 	25%

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of the History of Medieval India

Course Contents/Syllabus:

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the Evolution of political structures
- Analyzethe Muslim Invasions
- Identify the Nature of State Feudal, Segmentary and Centralized
- Evaluate the Art, literature and culture of Vijaynagara Empire
- Enable students tounderstand the Bahmani kingdom

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of lectures, case studies, and participants are encourage to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Components	Mid term	Atten dance	Assignment/	End term
		0.00=0	Project/Seminar/Quiz	
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Recommended Readings:

- 1. B.D. Chattopadhyaya, The Making of Early Medieval India, Oxford University Press, 1995.
- 2. Karashima, Noboru (ed.), A Concise History of South India; Issues and Interpretations, Oxford University Press, 2014
- 3. Champaka lakshmi, R. Religion, Tradition and Ideology; Precolonial South India, Oxford University Press, 2011
- 4. Champakalakshmi, R. Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India 300 BC to AD 1300. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1996
- 5. Mahalakshmi, R., The Making of the Goddess; Korravai Durga in the Tamil Traditions, Penguin Books, 2011
- 6. Jha, D.N., ed. The Feudal Order: State, Society and Ideology in Early Medieval India. New Delhi: Manohar, 2000.
- 7. Hall, Kenneth (ed.), Structure and Society of Early South India: Essays in Honor of Noboru Karashima, Oxford University Press, 2000.
- 8. Mukhia, Harbans, (ed), The Feudalism Debate, Manohar, 1999.
- 9. Sharma, R.S. Early Medieval Indian Society: A Study in Feudalization. New Delhi: Orient Longman, 2001
- 10. Thapar, Romila. Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300. New Delhi: Penguin, 2003.
- 11. Subbarayalu, Y, South India under the Cholas, Oxford University Press, 2012.
- 12. Veluthat, Kesavan, The Early Medieval in South India, Oxford University Press, 201History of South India written by Nilakanta Shastri 0.



Course structure: HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA II (1526 - 1707) - BAH292

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA II (1526 - 1707) Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH292

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Foundation of Mughal Empire
- Help students to know the Mughal History
- Enable students to strengthen their views on expansion of Mughal Empire

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of the History of Medieval India

	Weightage (%)
Module I Foundation and expansion of Mughal Empire	
	25%

Babar: the Founder of Mughal Empire in India	
Humayun: Life and struggle for power	
• Akbar -The Great: Life, Rise to power, religious policy, Din –e-Ilahi,	
expansion of Mughal empire	
Module II Expansion of Mughal Empire	
 Jahangir: Life and Reign, Nur Jahan and Sikh challenges Shah Jahan: Life, Reign and Architecture 	25%
• Aurangzeb; Life and struggle for power, Jat and Marathas challenges	
Module III Nature of Mughal State	
• Evolution of administrative institutions: Military Administration, Public Welfare Measures Central administration of the Mughals	25%
Module IV Decline of Mughal Empire	
Decline of Mughal Empire; the rise of the Marathas, Sikhs, and Jats, Maratha state under Shivaji and Peshwa.	25%

- Understand the concepts of administrative institutions
- Analyzethe Foundation and expansion of Mughal Empire
- Identify Sikh challenges during Jahangir
- Evaluate the Nature of Mughal State
- Enable students tounderstand the Decline of Mughal Empire

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of lectures, case studies, and participants are encourage to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Recommended Readings:

- 1.Burton Stein, Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India, OUP, New Delhi, 1980
- 2. Harbans Mukhia, (Ed), The Feudalism Debate, Manohar, 1999.
- 3.Irfan Habib, Medieval India: The Study of a Civilization, UBT, Delhi, 2007
- 4.J.S.Deyell, Living Without Silver: The Monetary History of Early Medieval North India. Delhi. Oxford University Press 1990.
- 5.Kulke, H. and B.P. Sahu., eds. Interrogating Political Systems: Integrative Processes and States in Pre-modern India. New Delhi: Manohar, 2015.
- 6.Satish Chandra, Essays on Medieval Indian History, Oxford India Collection, Oxford University Press, 2006
- 7.Y. Subbarayalu, South India under the Cholas, Oxford University Press, 2012.



Course structure: POLITICAL & ECONOMIC HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA – BAH293

CourseTitle:POLITICAL & ECONOMIC HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDICredit Units:4

Course Level: UGLevel CourseCodeBAH293

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand Urbanization
- Enable students to understand the Society-Structure and Growth
- Help students to understanding of Political & Economic History
- Enable students to strengthen their views on agrarian economy

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Political & Economic History of Medieval India

	Weightage (%)
Module I SOCIETY-STRUCTURE AND GROWTH	
	25%
 Theories of State: Sultanate, Mughal, Vijayanagar, Marathas Towns and Town Lifeand Trade, Merchant groups and Commerce 	
 Towns and Town Eneand Trade, Merchant groups and Commerce Artisans and Master-Craftsmen 	

Servants and Slaves]
Standard of Living	
The Ruling Classes - Nobility, Rural Gentry	
The Middle Strata	
The Commercial Classes	
Module II ECONOMIC LIFE-PATTERNS AND PROSPECTS	
	25%
Trend of India's Economy and Prospects during the First Half of the Eighteenth Century	-
Trade and Commerce (Mughal and Coromandal)	
Overseas Trade - Role of Foreign Trading	
Companies - Position of Indian Merchants Over-land Trade	
Module III Revenue and land administration	
 Holding and Revenue Assessment and Collection (Iqta, Watan System, Mansabdari, Jagirdari and Zamindari/Nayankara and Poligar system) Land: Ownership, Usage and Rights, Means of Cultivation and 	25%
Irrigation, Forms of Labour, Peasant Production in Late Pre-colonial India Agricultural and non-agricultural production	
Module IV Means of Communication	
New Transport and Communication Systems - Roads, Railways, Canals, Ports, Posts and Telegraph; Articulation of Internal and External Trade; Banking System; Debate on Three stages of Colonialism and the Nature of Finance Capitalist Stage	25%

- Understand the concepts of Trade and Commerce
- Analyzevarious Means of Cultivation and Irrigation
- Identify the cropping pattern during the medieval India
- Evaluate the New Transport and Communication Systems
- Enable students tounderstand Banking System

.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of lectures, case studies, and participants are encourageto engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended

- 1.Alice Thorner "Semi-Feudalism or Capitalism? Contemporary Debate on Classes and Modes of Production in India," Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. 17, No. 49, 50, & 51, Dec. 1982, pp. 1961-68, 1993-99, 2061-66.
- 2.Bagchi, Amiya Kumar, Private Investment in India: 1900-1939, Routledge, London, 2000.
- 3.Bhattacharya, Sabayasachi. The Financial Foundations of the British Raj: Ideas and Interests in the Reconstruction of Indian Public Finance 1858-1872. Orient Blackswan, New Delhi, 2005.
- 4. Chandra, Bipan, Essays on Colonialism, Orient Blackswan, New Delhi, 2010.
- 5.Gadgil, D.R., The Industrial Evolution in India in the Recent Times, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1972.

- 6.Guha, Ranajit, A Rule of Property for Bengal: An Essay on the Idea of Permanent Settlement, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1982.
- 7.Kumar, Dharma (ed), The Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol. 2, C.1750-c.1970, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1983.
- 8. Morris D. Morris, "Towards a Reinterpretation of Nineteenth Century Indian Economic History," IESHR, 5 (1) March 1968.
- 9. Naoroji, Dadabhai. Poverty and un-British rule in India. Nabu Public Domain Reprints, Breinigsville, 2011.
- 10.Roy, Tirthankar, The Economic History of India, 1857-1947, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2000.
- 11.Stokes, Eric, The Peasant and the Raj: Studies in Agrarian Society and Peasant Rebellion in Colonial India, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1980.
- 12.Raychaudhari, Tapan and Irfan Habib, The Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol.I, c.1200-1750, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1982.
- 13. Dutta, Rajat, (ed.) Rethinking a Millienium; Perspectives on Indian History from the Eighth to the Eighteenth Century: Essays for Harbans Mukhia, Aakar Books, 2008.
- 14. Dutta, Rajat, 'Merchants and peasants: A study of the structure of local trade in grain in late eighteenth century Bengal', The Indian Economic and Social History Review, Vol.23(4), pp.379-402, December 1986.
- 15. Habib, Irfan, ed., Economic History of Medieval India;1200-1500, Pearson Education India, New Delhi, 2011
- 16. Habib Irfan, Potentialities of Capitalistic Development in the Economy of Moghul India, Journal of Economic History, Vol. 24, 1969
- 17. Habib, Irfan. Agrarian System of Mughal India (1556-1707). New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1999.



Course structure: Social & Cultural History of Medieval India-BAH294

CourseTitle:SOCIAL & CULTURAL HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA

Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH294

Course Objectives:

• Enable students to understand the Social & Cultural History

- Help students to understand Bhakti movement
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Sufism

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Social & Cultural History of Medieval India

Course Contenes, Synabus.	
	Weightage (%)
Module I	
Bhakti movement: origin, meaning &scope and significance	25%
Kabir: Social reformer and syncretism	
• Guru Nanak: Birth and Life, Sikhism	
• Tulsidas: Life, the Rama Bhakti School, and Ramcharitmanas.	
Cults: Jagannath and Warkari	
Module II	

• Sufism: doctrines and practices, state and religion-contradictions and	25%
legitimization;	25/0
• Persian, Sanskrit and Vernacular Interactions - Malfuzat and	
Premakhyans	
Module III	
• Women, Customs and Social Life in the Sultanate and consolidation of identities; Gender roles: women bhaktas and rulers	25%
Hindu-Muslim relations reconsidered	
Module IV	
Language and Literature- Ganga Jammuna Tahzib	25%
• Art and architecture: temples – regional styles	

- Understand the views of Tulsidas
- AnalyzeHindu-Muslim relations
- Identify the Social Life of women in the Sultante
- Evaluate the philosophy of Kabir as Social reformer
- Enable students to understand Art and architecture

.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of lectures, case studies, and participants are encourage to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

- 1.Burton Stein, Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India, OUP, New Delhi,1980
- 2. Harbans Mukhia, (Ed), The Feudalism Debate, Manohar, 1999.
- 3.Irfan Habib, Medieval India: The Study of a Civilization, UBT, Delhi, 2007
- 4.J.S. Deyell, Living Without Silver: The Monetary History of Early Medieval North India. Delhi.Oxford University Press, 1990.
- 5.Kulke, H. and B.P. Sahu., eds. Interrogating Political Systems: Integrative Processes and States in Pre-modern India. New Delhi: Manohar, 2015.
- 6.Satish Chandra, Essays on Medieval Indian History, Oxford India Collection, Oxford University Press, 2006
- 7.Y. Subbarayalu, South India under the Cholas, Oxford University Press, 2012.



Course structure: Indus valley & other contemporary civilizations — Bah391

CourseTitle:INDUS VALLEY & OTHER CONTEMPORARY CIVILIZATIONS Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH391

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand Ancient civilizations
- Help students to know about Indus Valley
- Enable students to strengthen their views on ancient Indian history.

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Indus Valley & Other Contemporary Civilizations

	Weightage (%)
Module I Reconstructing Ancient Indian history	
The Indian subcontinent: landscapes and environments	25%
Sources and methods of historical reconstruction	
Changing historical interpretations	
Early Indian notions of history	
Module II Indus Valley Civilization	

Origins; settlement patterns and town planning; agrarian base; craft production and trade; social and political organization; religious beliefs	25%
and practices; art; the problem of urban decline of traditions	
Module III Egyptian Civilization	
The Geography and pre-historic background;	25%
Polity and state structure;	
Society and Economy;	
Culture, Religion and Ideology	
Module IV Mesopotamia Civilization	
The Geography and pre-historic Background (with emphasis on the beginning of agriculture, settlement on the Zagros Mountain and Hassuna, Samarra and Halaf culture).	25%
Polity, State Structure and role of Temple and Palace as institution of Power.	
Social life: Class, Gender, Social stratification and Daily life; and Economy: Agriculture, Trade and Commerce, Foreign trade; and Urbanization Culture, Religion and Ideology.	

- Understand the concepts of development of Civilizations
- Analyzevarious civilizations of the world
- Identify the major features of the Mesopotamian&Egyptian Civilization
- Evaluate the Science and Economy of the Indus Civilization
- Enable students tounderstand Polity, State Structure and role of Temple and Palace as institution of Power

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of lectures, case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

1. Books Recommended:

- 2. Allchin, B., and R. Allchin. *Origins of a Civilization: The Prehistory and Early Archaeology of South Asia*. New Delhi: Viking, 1997.
- 3. Chakrabarti, D.K. *India: An Archaeological History*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1999.
- 4. Chakravarti, R. Exploring Early India up to c. AD 1300. Delhi: Primus, 2016 (3rd edition).
- 5. Kenoyer, J.M. Ancient Cities of the Indus Valley Civilization. Karachi: Oxford University Press and American Institute of Pakistan Studies, 1998.
- 6. Ratnagar, S. Understanding Harappa: Civilization in the Greater Indus Valley. New Delhi: Tulika, 2001.
- 7. Sharma, R.S. Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India. Delhi: Macmillan India, 1983.
- 8. Sharma, R.S. Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India. Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1996.
- 9. Singh, U. A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: From the Stone Age to the 12th Century. Delhi: Pearson Longman, 2008.
- 10. Thapar, R. Cultural Pasts: Essays in Early Indian History. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2000.
- 11. Thapar, R. Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300. New Delhi: Penguin, 2003
- 12. David Wengrow. What Makes Civilization? The Ancient Near East & the Future of the West. Oxford University Press, 2010.
- 13. Patrick Hunt. Ten Discoveries That Rewrote History, Penguin/Plume
- 14.Mesopotamian Civilization: The Material Foundations Daniel T. Potts A&C Black, 01-Jan-1997 Ethnology 366 pages



Course structure: ANCIENT INDIA FROM VEDIC TO MAURYAN AGE – BAH392

CourseTitle: ANCIENT INDIA FROM VEDIC TO MAURYAN AGE Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH392

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the emergence of early historic India
- Help students to know Polity reflected in Vedic literature
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Religious system in Vedic period

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of ancient India from Vedic to Mauryan age

•	Weightage (%)
Module I Background to the emergence of early historic India:	
Society in Vedic period	25%
Economic condition in Vedic period	
Polity reflected in Vedic literature	
Religious system in Vedic period	

Module II Janapadas and Mahajanapadas	
Early monarchical states and Ganasanghas	25%
Rise of Magadh Empire	
Causes for the rise of Jainism and Buddhism, their main teachings	
Module III Rise of Mauryan Empire	
Alexander's invasion of India and its effects	25%
Chandragupta: state and administration, economy, society, religion, art	
Bindusara: Life, state and administration	
Ashoka: Life, Rise to power, Kallinga war	
Module IV :	
Ashoka's Conversion to Buddhism, Dhamma, nature and propagation	25%
Art and architecture	

- Understand the concepts of Janapadas and Mahajanapadas
- AnalyzeAlexander's invasion of India and its effects
- Identify Economic condition in Vedic period
- Evaluate Ashoka's Conversion to Buddhism
- Enable students to understand the Rise of Mauryan Empire

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of lectures, case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Suggested Readings

- 1. Upinder Singh, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: From the Stone Age to the 12th century, Longman–Pearson, Delhi, 2008.
- 2. Romila Thapar, Ashoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1978.
- 3. Romila Thapar, Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300, Penguin, Delhi, 2003.
- 4. Brockington, J.L. *The Sacred Thread: A Short History of Hinduism*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997 (2nd edition).
- 5. Champakalakshmi, R. *Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India 300 BC to AD 1300*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1996.
- 6. Chakravarti, R. Exploring Early India up to c. AD 1300. Delhi: Primus, 2016 (3rd edition). [Available in Hindi]
- 7. Chakravarti, U. The Social Dimensions of Early Buddhism. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1987.
- 8. Chattopadhyaya, B.D. The Making of Early Medieval India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997.
- 9. Huntington, S. The Art of Ancient India: Buddhist, Hindu, Jain. New York: Weather Hill, 1985.
- 10.Jha, D.N., ed. The Feudal Order: State, Society and Ideology in Early Medieval India. New Delhi: Manohar, 2000.
- 11. Karashima, N., ed. A Concise History of South India: Issues and Interpretations. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2014.
- 12. Sharma, R.S. Indian Feudalism. Madras: Macmillan, 1980. [Available in Hindi]
- 13. Sharma, R.S. Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India. Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1996.
- 14. Singh, U. A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: From the Stone Age to the 12th Century. Delhi: Pearson Longman, 2008.
- 15. Thapar, R. Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300. New Delhi: Penguin, 2003.
- **16.** Thapar, R. *Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2012 (3rd edition).

Course structure: ANCIENT INDIA FROM THE SUNGA TO 9TH CENTURY – BAH393

Course Title: ANCIENT INDIA FROM THE SUNGA TO 9TH CENTURY Credit Units: 4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH393

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand theancient India from the Sunga to 9th century
- Help students to understand the Sunga dynasty
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Kanva dynasty

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of ancient India from the Sunga to 9th century

Course Contents, Syndous.	Weightage (%)
Module I Sunga Dynasty: Pushyamitra Sunga, Agnimitra and Effects of Sunga rule Kanva Dynasy: Vasudeva Kanva, Bhumimitra, and Narayana	25%
Module II Satavahanas Dynasty: Satakarni, Hala, GautamiputraSatakarni and its administration	25%

Indo-Greeks: Seleucus Nicator, Megasthenes and Yavanas	
Parthian Empire: Foundation, Expansion and significance	
Module III	
Sakas: Origin, Period, Rulers and Decline	25%
Kushanas: Origin, Kings, Significance & Decline	
Module IV	
Gupta Empire:	25%
 state and administration, economy, society, religion, art,literature, science and technology Maukharis of Kanauj; 	
Maitrakas of Valabhi (Saurashtra);	
• Pushyabhutis	
Thaneshwara ruled by Vardhana Dynasty	

- Understand the concepts of state and administration, economy, society, religion, art,
- literature, science and technology
- Analyzethe rise of Gupta empire
- Identify the significance of the Parthian empire
- Evaluate thereign of the Satavahanas Dynasty
- Enable students tounderstand the Indo-Greek attacks on India

.

active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings:

- 1. Upinder Singh, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: From the Stone Age to the 12th century, Longman–Pearson, Delhi, 2008.
- 2. Romila Thapar, Ashoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1978.
- 3. Romila Thapar, Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300, Penguin, Delhi, 2003.
- 4. Brockington, J.L. *The Sacred Thread: A Short History of Hinduism*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997 (2nd edition).
- 5. Champakalakshmi, R. *Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India 300 BC to AD 1300*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1996.
- 6. Chakravarti, R. Exploring Early India up to c. AD 1300. Delhi: Primus, 2016 (3rd edition). [Available in Hindi]
- 7. Chakravarti, U. The Social Dimensions of Early Buddhism. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1987.
- 8. Chattopadhyaya, B.D. *The Making of Early Medieval India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997.
- 9. Huntington, S. The Art of Ancient India: Buddhist, Hindu, Jain. New York: Weather Hill, 1985.
- 10.Jha, D.N., ed. The Feudal Order: State, Society and Ideology in Early Medieval India. New Delhi: Manohar, 2000.
- 11. Karashima, N., ed. A Concise History of South India: Issues and Interpretations. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2014.
- 12. Sharma, R.S. Indian Feudalism. Madras: Macmillan, 1980. [Available in Hindi]
- 13. Sharma, R.S. Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India. Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1996.
- 14. Singh, U. A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: From the Stone Age to the 12th Century. Delhi: Pearson

Longman, 2008.

- 15. Thapar, R. Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300. New Delhi: Penguin, 2003.
- 16. Thapar, R. *Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2012 (3rd edition).



Course structure: SOCIAL STRUCTURE OF ANCIENT INDIA-BAH394

CourseTitle:SOCIAL STRUCTURE OF ANCIENT INDIA Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH394

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the social structure of India
- Enable students to understand the Concept of Bharat Varsha
- Help students to understand the Concept ofIndian Knowledge Tradition Art and Culture
- Enable students to understand the Science, Environment and Medical Science
- Enable students to understand the Social and economic structure

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Social Structure of Ancient India

Course Contents/Bynabas.	
	Weightage (%)
Module I: Concept of Bharatvarsha	
I. Understanding Bharatvarsha ,Eternity of synonyms Bharat	25%
II. Indian concept of Time and Space	
III.Indian view of History	
IV. The glory of Indian Literature: Ved, Vedanga, Upanishads, Epics	

Jain and Buddist Literature ,Smriti, Puranas etcIndian Perception of	f
Dharma and Darshan	
V. Legal system in Ancient India	
Module II :Indian Knowledge Tradition Art and Culture	
Tributale II .Indian Islio wieuge II aution III t and Culture	
	25%
	-
I. Evolution of Language and Script	
II. Brahmi, Kharoshti, Pali, Prakrit, Sanskrit, Tigalrietc	
III.Salient features of Indian Art&Culture	
IV. Indian Educational System	
V. The Ethics of Indian Valor	
Module III Science, Enviornment and Medical Science	
	25%
	25/0
I. Science and Technology	
II. Enviornmental Conservation Indian View	
III.Health Consciousness of Ayurveda, Yoga and Naturopathy	
IV. Indian Numeral System and Mathematics	
Module IV Social and economic structure:	
I. Social and economic structure :Concept of VasudhevKutumbakam	25%
(Man ,Family ,Society and World)	
II. Social stratification, division of labour(Varna System), Ashram	
system, Samskara, marriage	
III. Industry, inland trade and commerce and maritime trade.	

- Understand the concepts of Society-Stratification
- Analyzethe concept of Indian Knowledge Tradition Art and Culture
- Identify Social Organizations and Institutions in ancient India
- Evaluate the Early Stages of Social formation in India
- Enable students tounderstand the sources of Social and economic structure of India.

.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of lectures, case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Readings:

- 1.A.K.Majumdar, Concise History of Ancient India, Vol.III, New Delhi, 1983
- 2.A.L.Bhasham, Wonder that was India
- 3.A.S.Altekar, The Position of Women in Hindu Civilization,
- 4. A.S.Altekar, Education in Ancient India
- 5.B.P.Roy, Later Vedic Economy
- 6.D.D.Kosambi, Introduction to the Study of Indian History
- 7.H.Chakraborti, Trade and Commerce in Ancient India

- 8.J.N.Banerjee, Comprehensive History of India, Vol.II
- 9.K.A.Nilakanta Sastri, A History of South India, OUP, New Delhi.
- 10.K.M.Kapadia, Marriage and Family in India, Oxford, New Delhi, 1958.
- 11.N.K.Dutta, Origin and Growth of Castes in India, Calcutta, 1931.
- 12.P.H.Prabhu, Hindu Social Organisations, Bombay, 1963.
- 14.R.C.Majumdar, The Vedic Age
- 15.R.N.Saletone, Early Indian Economic History
- 16.Romila Thapar, Ancient Indian Social History: Some Interpretations, New Delhi, 2010



Course structure: HISTORY OF EUROPE I– BAH491

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF EUROPE I Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH491

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand themeaning of Renaissance
- Help students to know about Rise and Decline of Spain
- Enable students to strengthen their views on the Ascendancy of France

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of History of Ancient Europe

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
Renaissance - Emergence, Nature & Impact.	25%
• The Reformation and Counter Reformation- Causes, nature of	
reformation, results.	
• Rise of National States - Causes, main monarchies and their	

	,
growth - Ferdinand, Isabella of Spain, Louis XI of France, England - Henery VII, Holy Roman Empire.	
• Rise and Decline of Spain - Foreign Policy of Charles V,	
Philip II, Revolt of Netherland, Thirty Years War, Causes of downfall	
of Spain.	
American	
Module II	
• The Ascendancy of France - Background of religious and civil wars, Domestic policy of Henry IV, Regime of Louis XIII.	25%
• France at her Zenith - Domestic and foreign policy of Louis XIV.	
• England and Industrial Revolution - Queen Elizabeth I, the	
age of Stuarts, the civil war, Charles II, James II and Glorious revolution,	
causes of industrial revolution and its effects.	
• The Age of Enlightened Despotism - Meaning, prominent	
enlightened despots - Fedrick the great, Maria Theresa, Joseph II of	
Austria, Catherine II, Weakness of enlightened despotism.	
Module III	
• Rise of Modern Russia - Peter the great, Catherine II their foreign policies.	25%
 Austrian Empire - War of Austrian succession -Treaty of Aix- 	
LA-Chapple, Causes of seven years war, The treaty of Hubertusberg,	
Foreign policy of Joseph II.	
• 3. The Rise of Prussia - Domestic, foreign and religious policy of	
Frederick the great.	
Module IV	
Commercial Revolution - Causes of Mercantilism, main thinkers,	25%
importance of Mercantilism and Criticism, Causes of its decline.	
• The Age of Reason - Main intellectuals, salient features of age	
of reason, impact of the age of reason. France on the eve of resolution	
- Political, economic, religious and social condition, intellectual	

revolution.	

- Understand the concept of Commercial Revolution
- Analyzethe role of Austrian Empire
- Identify the Causes of Mercantilism
- Evaluate the American War of Independence
- Enable students tounderstand the Rise of Modern Russia

.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of lectures, case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended:

- Reading in European History Bernard and Hedges
- A Political & Cultural History of Modern Europe Hayes
- History of Europe C.D. Hazen
- A Short History of Europe J.A.R. Marriot
- Europe Grant & Temperley

- Europe L. Mukherji
- Europe J. Roberts
- History of Europe V.D. Mahajan
- History of Modern Europe Sucheta Mahajan
- History of Europe R.C. Agrawal



Course structure: HISTORY OF EUROPE II-BAH492

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF EUROPE II Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH492

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the History of Medieval Europe
- Help students to understand the Rise of Feudalism
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Downfall of Roman Empire

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of History of Medieval Europe

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
Downfall of Roman Empire	25%
Causes of Coronations of Charlemagne	
Significance of Coronation	

Administration of Charles the Great.	
Module II	
Otto the Great: foundation, expansion and significance	25%
Frederic Barbarossa: foundation, expansion and significance	
Frederic-II: Life, rule, expansion and significance	
Philip Augustus: Life, rule, expansion and significance	
Module III	
Rise of Feudalism: Features, Causes for decline.	25%
Chivalry: Meaning and Definition	
Module IV	
Rise of Papacy: Investiture Contest between Henry IV & Gregory VII	25%
Pope Gregory VII & his Papal Theory	
Pope Innocent III	
Crusades: Origin, Causes and Effects	

• Understand the concept of Coronation

- Analyzethe rule of Otto the Great
- Identify Administration of Charles the Great
- Evaluate the Rise of Papacy

• Enable students to understand the Crusades and its Causes and Effects

.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of lectures, case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Suggested Readings:

- •Thompson & Johnson, An Introduction to Medieval Europe
- •Adams, Civilization during the middle Ages
- •Myres, A Short History of Ancient, Medieval and Modern Times, Vol-II
- •K. C. Choudhary, The Middle Ages
- •A. L. Fisher, The Medieval Europe 2 Volumes
- •J. B. Bury, The Cambridge Medieval History
- •Virottam, Madhyakalin Europe ka Itihaas

•Dhanpati Pandey, Madhyakalin Europe



Course structure: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS – I BAC 493

CourseTitle:INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS - I Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAC493

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the International politics
- Help students to understand the concept of Cold War
- Enable students to strengthen their knowledge about the theories of IR

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of international relations and global politics

	Weightage (%)
Module I Origin and Growth of IR	
Meaning, nature (traditional view, modern view and current view) &	25%
Scope and Subject- matter	
Purpose and significance	
IR development as an academic discipline	
Module II Theories of IR	
Realism	25%
Neo-Realism	

Liberalism	
• Neo-Liberalism	
• Feminism	
Module III International Security and Peace	
Decolonisation in Asia and Africa	25%
 Cold War setup: NATO, SEATO, CENTO and Warsaw Pact 	
 Post-Cold War era: Collective Security through UN 	
War On Terror: Afghanistan and Iraq	
 Peace-Keeping operations 	
Module IV : International Political Economy	
Aid and Development	25%
 Debt for Development: OBOR and CPEC 	
Trade and Protectionism	

- Understand the concept of collective security
- Analyze the role of various military organizations
- Identify the concept of liberalism and neo-liberalism
- Evaluate therole of Peace-Keeping operations
- Enable students tounderstand realism and neo-realism

.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of lectures, case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended

- 23.International systems in world History Remaking the study of International Relations, Barry Buzan and Richard Little, Oxford University, Press, New York, 2000.
- 24. International relations, Vinay kumar Malhotra, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2012
- 25. Rajan, M.S., and Shivaj Ganguli, (eds.) India and international System, New Delhi, Vikas, 1981
- 26. Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Mahendra Kumar, Shiva Lal Agarwal, Agra, 1967
- 27. K.P. Mishra and R.S. Beal, International Relations Theory, Vikas Publishers, New Delhi, 1990
- 28. Gujral, I.K., A foreign policy for India, Externla publicity division, MEA, Government of India, Delhi, 1998
- 29. India's Foreign Policy, Subhas Shukla, Anamika Publishers, New Delhi, 2007
- 30.India's Foreign & Sub Continental Politics, Vandana Asthana, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 1999
- 31.India's Foreign Policy & its Neighbours, Dhiraj Shrivastava, ABD Publishers, Jaipur, 2007.
- 32. India's Foreign policy of India, Sudhir Pattnaik, Arise Publishers, New Delhi, 2008
- 33. Foreign Policy of India, V.N. Khanna, vikas publishing house Pvt. Ltd. 2007.



Course structure: INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS – BAC494

CourseTitle:INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAC494

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand therole and powers of the political parties
- Help students to practice electoral System
- Enable students to strengthen their idea of Federalism

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Indian Government and Politics

	Weightage (%)
Module I Political Parties and the Party System & Elections and the Electoral System	25%
National and regional parties; trends in the party system – from the Congress system to the era of multiparty coalitions	
The nature of and challenges to, the electoral system; social determinants of voting	
Module II Federalism and Regional Aspirations	

 Politics of Secession, autonomy and accommodation Debates on secularism; majority and minority communalism 	25%
Module III Caste and Politics,	
 Caste in Politics and the politicization of caste; interaction of caste with class and gender; caste discrimination and affirmative action policies 	25%
• The nature of political power in India with reference to developmental, welfare, ideology and coercive dimensions.	
Module IV	
 Religion and Politics Changing Nature of Indian Politics Identity Politics 	25%

- Understand the concept caste in politics
- AnalyzeChanging Nature of Indian Politics
- Identify the relation between Religion and Politics
- Evaluate therole of communalism in politics
- Enable students tounderstand vote bank politics

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essentials Readings

- Austin, Granville, Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience, OUP, Delhi, 1999.
- Basu, DD, Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice-Hall, 1980.
- Bhargava, Rajeev ed., Secularism and its Critics, OUP, New Delhi, 1998.
- Brass, Paul R., The Politics of India since Independence, Cambridge University Press and Foundation Books, New Delhi, Second Edition, reprinted 1999
- Chandra, Bipan, Mridula Mukherjee and Aditya Mukherjee, India after Independence 1947-2000, Penguin Books, Delhi, 2000
- Chaube, S.K., Constituent Assembly of India: Springboard of Revolution, Peoples' Publishing House, New Delhi, 1973.
- Chakrabarty, Bidyut, Forging Power, Coalition Politics in India, OUP, New Delhi, 2006.
- Chatterjee, Partha, State and Politics in India, OUP, New Delhi, 2004 (paperback)
- Rajni Kothari, Caste in Indian Politics, Sangam Books Limited, 1970



Course structure: HISTORY OF EUROPE III BAH591

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF EUROPE -III Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH591

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the American war of Independence, French Revolution
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Art and culture
- Help students to understand the Process of capitalist development in industry

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of History of Modern Europe

Course Contents/Syriabus.	
	Weightage
	(%)
Module I	

 American war of Independence- Causes ,events ,results The French Revolution and its European repercussions Crisis of the Ancient Regime Intellectual currents Social classes and emerging gender relations Phases of the French Revolution 1789-99 	25%
 Art and culture of the French Revolution Napoleonic consolidation –reform and empire 	
Module II	
	25%
• Capitalist industrialization and social and economic transformation (late 18th century to 1914)	
• Process of capitalist development in industry and agriculture: case studies of Britain, France, the German States and Russia.	
• Evolution and differentiation of social classes: bourgeoisie, proletariat, landowning classes and peasantry.	
Changing trends in demography and urban patterns	
Family, gender and process of industrialization	
Module III	
 Liberal democracy, working class movements and Socialism in the 19th and 20th Centuries: The struggle for parliamentary democracy and civil liberties in Britain: popular movements –chartists and suffragettes The making of democratic and constitutional rights Forms of protest: food riots in France and England in early nineteenth 	25%
century, • Forly acciding thought Maryian Socialism	
 Early socialist thought, Marxian Socialism Module IV 	
MUUUME 1 V	

Tsarist Russia and the coming of the Bolshevik Revolution
Serfdom, Populism and Social Democracy
The Revolution of 1905; the revolutions of 1917: origins, visions, movements

• Fascism and Nazism: origins and forms; nature of the fascist state

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the concept of Intellectual currents
- Analyzevarious Changing trends in demography and urban patterns
- Identify the Revolution of 1905, and 1917
- Evaluate the role of Liberal democracy
- Enable students tounderstand Serfdom, Populism and Social Democracy

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Atten dance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

Berger, S., ed. Companion to Nineteenth Century Europe 1789-1914. Oxford: Blackwell Publishing, 2006.

- Blanning, T.C.W. The Oxford History of Modern Europe. Oxford 1996, 2000
- Davies, N. Europe: A History. New York: Harper Perennial, 1998.
- Hobsbawm, E. J. Age of Revolution. London: Weidenfield and Nicholson 1962; New York: Vintage 1996.
- Hobsbawm, E.J. Age of Capital 1848-1875. London: Vintage, 1996.
- McPhee, P. The French Revolution: 1789-1799. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2002.
- Merriman, J. History of Modern Europe, From Renaissance to the Present in 2 volumes. New York: W.W. Norton, 2004. Davies, N., Europe: A History. New York: Harper Perennial, 1998.
- Deshpande, A., M. Jha and P. Chawla, eds. Bisvi Shatabdi Mein Vishwa Itihaaske Pramukh Mudde. Delhi: 2013.
- Hobsbawm, E.J. Age of Empire. London: Weidenfield and Nicholson, 1987; Abacus 2003.
- Hobsbawm, E.J., Age of Extremes. New York: Vintage Books, 1996.
- Joll, J., Europe since 1870: An International History. London: Penguin, 1970.
- Merriman, J., *History of Modern Europe, volume 2: From the French Revolution to the Present.* New York: WW Norton and Company 2004.
- Vijay, D., M. Bharadwaj and V. Chaudhari. *Adhunik Europe ka Itihas: Avam Evam Dishaen*. Delhi: Directorate of Hindi Medium Implementation 2010;



Course structure: HISTORY OF USA I- BAH592

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF USA I Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH592

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the History of USA
- Help students to know about the Growth of American Colonies
- Enable students to strengthen their views on American democracy

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of the History of USA

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
A New World:	25%
•The Growth of American Colonies: Diverse Demography; Forms of Labour: indigenous tribes, indentured labour, slaves	
• Revolution: sources, historiography	
Module II	
Limits of American democracy:	25%
•The Federalist Constitution: Structure and its Critique	

Jeffersonian Democracy: Its Limitations	
 Westward Expansion: Jefferson and Jackson; Marginalization, 	
Displacement of the indigenous tribes; case histories of the Shawnee and	
the Cherokee tribes	
Module III	
Early Capitalism and its inequities:	25%
•Growth of Market Society: Industrial Labour: gender, race, ethnicity	
•Immigrant Labour: religious, racial, ethnic bias; case history of Irish immigrants	
U.S. quest for dominance:	
•Imperialism and Changing Diplomacy: Manifest Destiny, War of 1812; Monroe Doctrine	
Module IV	
Slavery:	25%
•The economics of slavery: South vs. North/Debate	
•Slave life and culture; nature of female slavery; slave resistance (including female slave resistance) The Civil War:	
•Issues of the War	
•Interpretations	
1	

- Understand the concepts of Slavery
- Analyzethe Growth of Market Society
- Identify the causes of the revolution
- Evaluate theImperialism and Changing Diplomacy

• Enable students tounderstand the causes of the civil war.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of lectures, case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings:

- 1. Balleck, B.J. 'When the Ends Justify the Means: Thomas Jefferson and the Louisiana Purchase'. *Presidential Studies Quarterly*, 22, Fall 1992.
- 2. Kailyn, B., D. Wood, J. L. Thomas et.al. *The Great Republic, A History of the American People*. Massachusetts: D.C. Heath & Company, 2000.
- 3. Boyer, P.S., H. Sitkoff et al. *The Enduring Vision: A History of the American People*. Vol. I. 5thedition. Massachusetts: Houghton Mifflin Company, 2003.
- 4. Carnes, M.C. & J.A. Garraty. *The American Nation, A History of the United States*. 12thedn. New York: Pearson Longman, 2006.
- 5. Datar, K. America Ka Itihas. University of Delhi: Directorate of Hindi Medium Implementation Board, 1997.
- 6. Faragher, J.M., M.J. Buhle et al. Out of Many: A History of the American People. Vol. I. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, 1995.
- 7. Foner, E. Give Me Liberty! An American History. Vol. I. New York: W.W. Norton & Co. 2ndedn. 2007.
- 8. Grob, G.N. and G.A. Billias. *Interpretations of American History: Patterns and Perspectives*. Vol. I. New York: TheFree Press, 2000.
- 9. Zinn, H. A People's History of the United States, 1492-Present. New York: Harper Collins, 2000



Course structure: HISTORY OF FAR EAST I—BAH593

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF FAR EAST I Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH593

Course Objectives:

Enable students to understand the Historical and Geographical Survey

- Help students to know about Hundred Days Reform
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Manchurian Crisis, 1931

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of the History of Far East

·	Weightage (%)
Module I	
• Historical and Geographical Survey, European Intercourse with China, Opium Trade, First Opium War and Treaty of Nanking, Taiping Rebellion: Second Opium War and Treaty of Tientsin	25%
• First Sino-Japanese War and Treaty of Shimonoseki; Hundred Days Reform, Boxer Rebellion.	
Module II	
Nationalist Movement and Proclamation of the Republic; Career and Achievements of Sun Yat Sen.	25%

• China and First World War, Achievements and Failures of	
Kuomintang Government under Chiang Kai Shek, Manchurian Crisis,	
1931	
Module III	
• Birth and Growth of Communism in China, Cooperation and Conflict between the Communists and Kuomintang, 1921-1945 Sino-Japanese War, 1937; Civil War, 1945-49 and establishment of People's Republic China.	25%
Module IV	
Cultural Revolution, 1966-68; Foreign Policy of the People's Republic of China.	25%

- Understand about the Treaty of Nanking
- Analyzethe Foreign Policy of the People's Republic of China
- Identify the causes of Growth of Communism in China
- Evaluate the European Intercourse with China
- Enable students tounderstand Cultural Revolution

.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term

Weightage (%) 15 5	10 70	
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Essential Readings

- 1. Chesneaux, J., Secret Societies in Chinain the Nineteenth and Twentieth Century's, Ann Arbor: University of Michigan Press, 1972.
- 2. Chesneaux, J., Peasant Revolts in China 1840–1949. London: Thames & Hudson, 1973.
- 3. Epstein, I., From Opium War to Liberation. Beijing: New World Press, 1956.
- 4. Franke, W. A Century of the Chinese Revolution 185-1949. Oxford: Blackwell, 1970.
- 5. Kung-chuan Hsiao. A History of Chinese Political Thought. Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1979.
- 6. Bonner-Smith, D., and Lumby, E., The Second China War: 1856-1860, New York: State Mutual Book and Periodical Service Ltd., 1987.
- 7. Garrett, V., Heaven is High and the Emperor Far Away: Mandarins and Merchants in Old Canton, New York: Oxford University Press, 2002.
- 8. Janin, H., The India-China Opium Trade in the 19th Century, Jefferson: McFarland and Co., 1999.



Course structure: STUDY OF MUSEOLOGY-BAH594

CourseTitle:STUDY OF MUSEOLOGY Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH594

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the History of Museology
- Help students to know about Museography
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Professional Ethics

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Study of Museology

	Weightage (%)
Module I	
History, Definition and development of Museology, and Museography	25%
Museology as an Academic Discipline	
 Museology as a profession 	
• Professional Ethics.	
Module II	

 Definition and scope of Museum. General Principles of Museum. History of museums / Museum Movement Module III 	25%
 Types and classification of museums, changing concepts of museums. Functions of Museums: Collection, Identification, Preservation, Documentation, Presentation (Exhibition), Research, Educational activities 	25%
 Module IV History and philosophy of museums in India and abroad, Museum movement in India. Major Museum of India (Indian Museum Kolkata, National Museum, National Museum of Natural History, Salarjung Museum, Indira Gandhi Rashtriya Manav Sangrahalya). Role of Museum in Society. 	

- Understand the concepts of Museology
- Analyze the General Principles of Museum
- Identify the several Major Museums of India
- Evaluate theRole of Museum in Society
- Enable students tounderstand the Functions of Museums

.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

- 1. Museums of India by Usha Agarwal
- 2. Key concept in Museology by Desvaltees, Andre, &Francas MairesseArrondCownISBN-978-2-200 ICOFOM-2010,Paris
- 3. Interpreting the New Museology, Museum and Society by Ross, Max, Lichfield-2004
- 4. Introduction to Museology; The European Approach by Dr. Chritiam Muller Straten,
- 5. Claims & Reality of New Museology; A case Study in Canada by Hauenehild, Andrea
- 6. New Museology -NET-YouTube Lecture by Devis Peter.
- 7. A component to Museum studies by Sharon, Macdonald ISBN Wiley Blackwell
- 8. New Museology by Bedekar.V.H, Museum Association of India, New Delhi.
- 9. Nigam, M.L: Museums in India
- 10.Nigam, M.L.: Fundamentals of Museology
- 11. Ghosh, D.P: Studies in Museology
- 12.Basu, J.N: Indian Museums and Movement
- 13.Bhatnagar, Anupama: Museums, Museology and New Museology
- 14.Baxi, S.J. & Dwivedi, V.P.: Modern Museums



Course structure: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS - II- BAC595

CourseTitle:INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS - II Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAC595

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the concept of Foreign Policy
- Help students to aware about area studies
- Enable students to strengthen their understanding of third world countries

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of theories of International Relations.

	Weightage (%)
Module I Foreign Policy of Great Powers	
Foreign Policy of USA	25%
Foreign Policy of Russia	
Foreign Policy of China	
Module II India and Regions	
	25%

 West Asia, South Asia South East Asia ASEAN 	
 Module III Third World in IR Defining First, Second and Third World North – South Dialogue South – South Cooperation 	25%
 Module IV International Politics in Indian Ocean Geo-Strategic Importance Indian Ocean: Problems and Prospects Quest for influence: India, USA & China 	25%

- Understand the concepts Geo-Strategic Importance
- Analyze the role of various organizations
- Identify the problems and prospects in Indian Ocean
- Evaluate the foreign policy of USA
- Enable students tounderstand Quest for influence.

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Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Books Recommended

- 1. International systems in world History Remaking the study of International Relations, Barry Buzan and Richard Little, Oxford University, Press, New York, 2000.
- 2. International relations, Vinay kumar Malhotra, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2012
- 3. Rajan, M.S., and Shivaj Ganguli, (eds.) India and international System, New Delhi, Vikas, 1981
- 4. Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Mahendra Kumar, Shiva Lal Agarwal, Agra, 1967
- 5. K.P. Mishra and R.S. Beal, International Relations Theory, Vikas Publishers, New Delhi, 1990
- 6. Gujral, I.K., A foreign policy for India, External publicity division, MEA, Government of India, Delhi, 1998
- 7. India's Foreign Policy, Subhas Shukla, Anamika Publishers, New Delhi, 2007
- 8. India's Foreign & Sub Continental Politics, Vandana Asthana, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 1999
- 9. India's Foreign Policy & its Neighbours, Dhiraj Shrivastava, ABD Publishers, Jaipur, 2007.
- 10. India's Foreign Policy of India, Sudhir Pattnaik, Arise Publishers, New Delhi, 2008



Course structure: COLONIALISM STUDIES – BAH691

CourseTitle:COLONIALISM STUDIES Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH691

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Explaining imperialism, colonialism and nationalism
- Help students to understand the debates on Indian Renaissance
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Gandhi and mass mobilization

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Colonialism Studies

	Weightage (%)
 Module I Explaining imperialism, colonialism and nationalism 	25%
 Approaches to the study of colonialism and nationalism in India: 	
Module II	
	25%
The Early phase of colonialism and its impact:	
• Political: expansion and consolidation of British power, ideological justification of colonial rule – 'civilizing mission'	

 Economy: Agriculture and land relations, decline of traditional industry and patterns of trade Society: English education and Middle class Ideas: debates on Indian Renaissance 	
Module III	
The 1857 Rebellion and the making of the modern Colonial State:	25%
• 1857 Rebellion: The social base, consequences	
• Knowing the colonial subjects: issues of race, caste and religion, enumeration through census	
Gandhi and mass mobilization: ideas, symbols and techniques;	
Khilafat, Non-cooperation and Civil Disobedience	
• Politics of Representation: Constitutional Developments (1858-1935)	
Module IV	
De-colonisation and the Nationalist legacies	25%
• (a) The immediate context of Decolonisation: World War II, Quit India movement, Indian National Army (INA) struggles	
• (b) Partition and Independence: The two Nation theory and Partition, Independence and birth of India and Pakistan	
• (c) Nationalist legacies: The Motilal Nehru Committee Report, constitutionalism and democracy, idea of Swaraj, Secularism and Socialism	

- Understand the approaches to the study of colonialism
- Analyzethe Quit India movement
- Identify the major causesthe 1857 Rebellion
- Evaluate the Politics of Representation
- Enable students to about De-colonisation

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential readings

- 1. Alter, Peter, Nationalism, Edward Arnold, first published 1989, Second edition, 1994
- 2. Chandra, Bipan, Essays on Colonialism, Orient Longman Ltd., Hyderabad, 1999.
- 3. Thapar, Romila, 'Interpretations of Colonial History: Colonial, Nationalist, Post-colonial' in Peter Ronald deSouza ed. Contemporary India: Transitions, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2000, pp.25-36.
- 4. Islam, Shamsul, 'The Origins of Indian Nationalism' in Religious Dimensions of Indian Nationalism, Media House, Delhi, 2004, pp. 71-103.
- 5. Dipesh Chakrabarty, 'A Small History of Subaltern Studies', in Chakrabrty, Dipesh, Habitations of Modernity: Essays in the Wake of Subaltern Studies (Permanent Black 2002) pp. 3-19.
- 6. Bandyopadhyay, Sekhar, Eighteen Fifty Seven and it Many Histories; in 1857: Essays from Economic and Political Weekly, Delhi: Orient Longman, 2008, pp.1-22.
- 7. Habib, Irfan, 'Understanding 1857' in Sabyasachi Bhattacharya (ed.), Rethinking 1857, Delhi: Orient Longman, 2007, pp.58-66.
- **8.** Bandypadhyay, Sekhar. From Plassey to Partition, Orient Longman, 2004, Ch. 5.1 The moderate and Economic Nationalism, pp. 227-223.
- 9. Chandra Bipan, Mridula Mukherjee, Aditya Mukherjee, India After Independence 1947-2000, Penguin Books, New Delhi, 2000



Course structure: HISTORY OF USA II- BAH692

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF USA II Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH692

Course Objectives:

- Enable students to understand the Growth of Capitalism
- Help students to understand the Making of Radical Reconstruction
- Enable students to strengthen their views on the New Deal

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of History of USA

· ·	Weightage (%)
Module I	
The Making of Radical Reconstruction:	25%
• Growth of Capitalism - Big Business: Competition, Consolidation,	

Monopolism	
Worker's Culture; Organization of Labour Unions and Movements (both	
men and women)	
Module II	
Resistance vs. Reform	25%
• The Populist Challenge: Agrarian Crisis and Discontent	
• The Politics of Progressivism: Varieties and Limitations	
• The New Deal: Response to the Great Depression, Reformism or Economic	
Experimentation	
Module III	
African-American Movement:	25%
Black Leadership: Booker T. Washington; W.E.B. Dubois; NAACP and	
Marcus Garvey, Malcolm X	
• Civil Rights Movement: Martin Luther King Jr.	
Module IV	
USA in World Politics:	25%
Imperial ambition and power: the Spanish-American War; USA and	
East Asia; USA and Latin America; America in the First World War	
America in the Second World War; The Cold War: Strategy of	
'Containment'; Truman Doctrine	
Anti-Communist Crusade: McCarthyism; Korean War; Cuban Project	

- Understand the concept of Truman Doctrine
- Analyzethe Black Leadership
- Identify the role of USA in World Politics
- Evaluate the Civil Rights Movement
- Enable students to understand the Anti-Communist Crusade

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Atten dance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings:

- 1. Balleck, B.J. 'When the Ends Justify the Means: Thomas Jefferson and the Louisiana Purchase'. *Presidential Studies Quarterly*, 22, Fall 1992. ·
- 2. Kailyn, B., D. Wood, J. L. Thomas et.al. *The Great Republic, A History of the American People*. Massachusetts: D.C. Heath & Company, 2000.
- 3. Boyer, P.S., H. Sitkoff et al. *The Enduring Vision: A History of the American People*. Vol. I. 5thedition. Massachusetts: Houghton Mifflin Company, 2003.
- 4. Carnes, M.C. & J.A. Garraty. The American Nation, A History of the United States. 12thedn. New York: Pearson Longman, 2006.
- 5. Datar, K. America Ka Itihas. University of Delhi: Directorate of Hindi Medium Implementation Board, 1997.
- 6. Faragher, J.M., M.J. Buhle et al. Out of Many: A History of the American People. Vol. I. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, 1995.
- 7. Foner, E. Give Me Liberty! An American History. Vol. I. New York: W.W. Norton & Co. 2ndedn. 2007.
- 8. Grob, G.N. and G.A. Billias. *Interpretations of American History: Patterns and Perspectives*. Vol. I. New York: TheFree Press, 2000.
- 9. Zinn, H. A People's History of the United States, 1492-Present. New York: Harper Collins, 2000



Course structure: HISTORY OF FAR EAST II-BAH693

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF FAR EAST II Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UGLevel** Course Code: BAH693

Course Objectives:

Enable students to understand the Meiji reforms

• Help students to about War Diplomacy

• Enable students to strengthen their views on Japanese hegemony in Far East

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of History of Far East

•	Weightage (%)
Module I	
• The Opening of Japan-Perry and Harris Mission, The Restoration of the Meiji and reforms of Meiji Era, The Constitutional Movement and the Constitution of 1889	25%
• Anglo-Japanese Alliance (1902), Russo-Japanese War (1904-05) and Treaty of Portsmouth; Japanese hegemony in Far East before the First World War and Occupation of Korea.	
Module II	

• Japan and First World War –War Diplomacy, London Declaration, Shantung Ultimatum, Twenty one Demands, Treaties of 1915 and Second Treaties 1916-17, Lansing-Ishii Agreement, Japan in Paris Peace Conference.	25%
Module III	
• Political and Economic Development of Japan, 1895-1939; Economic Development, Industrial Growth, Agricultural Development and	25%
Foreign Trade.	
Module IV	
• Japan's Foreign Policy, 1919-1939, Japan and Second World War, 1939-1945; Defeat and Surrender of Japan.	25%
• Post War Japan-Japan under American Occupation (1945-51)	
Democratization, Demilitarization, Socio-Economic reforms;	
Economic Progress of Japan, 1951-1980.	

- Understand the concept of London Declaration
- Analyzethe Political and Economic Development of Japan
- Identify the Twenty one Demands
- Evaluate the Japan's Foreign Policy
- Enable students tounderstand Japan and world wars

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Atten dance	Assignment/	End term
	term	uance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Reading

- 1. Buckley, R., Japan Today, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1990.
- 2. Buckley, R., US-Japan Alliance Diplomacy 1945–1990, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1995.
- 3. Hunter, J., The Emergence of Modern Japan, London, Longman, 1991.
- 4. Mason, R. H. P. and J. G. Caiger., A History of Japan, Melbourne, Cassell, 1972.
- 5. McGrew, A. and C. Brook, (eds) Asia-Pacific in the New World Order, London, Routledge, 1998.
- 6. Megarry, T., (ed.) The Making of Modern Japan: A Reader, Dartford, Greenwich University Press, 1995.
- 7. Reischauer, E. O. and A. M. Craig., Japan: Tradition and Transformation, Sydney, Allen & Unwin, 1989.
- 8. Shively, D. H. and W. H. McCullough, (eds) The Cambridge History of Japan, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1999.
- 9. Waswo, A., Modern Japanese Society 1868-1994, Oxford, OUP, 1996.
- 10. Yamamura, K., The Economic Emergence of Modern Japan, CUP, Cambridge, 1997.



Course structure: GANDHI AND THE CONTEMPORARY WORLD BAC694

Course Title: GANDHI AND THE CONTEMPORARY WORLD Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UG Level** Course Code: BAC694

Course Objectives:

- Elaborate Gandhian thought and examine its practical implications
- Introduce students to key instances of Gandhi's continuing influence right up to the contemporary period
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Peace, Justice and Security
- Enable them to critically evaluate his legacy.

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of Gandhi and Gandhism

Course Contents/By naous.	
	Weightage
	(%)
Module I Gandhi on Modern Civilization and Ethics of Development	
Tributate I Guillam on tributern Civinization and Etimes of Development	

a) Conception of Modern Civilization and Alternative Modernity b) Critique of Development: Normada Bachas Andelan	20%
b) Critique of Development: Narmada BachaoAndolan Module II Gandhian Thought: Theory and Action	
a. Theory of Satyagraha	30%
b. Satyagraha in Action:	
i. Peasant Satyagraha: Kheda and the Idea of Trusteeship	
ii. Temple Entry and Critique of Caste	
iii. Social Harmony: 1947 and Communal Unity	
Iodule III Gandhi's Legacy	
	30%
a) Tolerance: Anti - Racism Movements (Anti - Apartheid and Martin Luther King)	
b) The Pacifist Movement	
c) Women's Movements	
d) Gandhigiri: Perceptions in Popular Culture	
Iodule IV Gandhi and his PoliticalIdeas	
a) Swaraj	20%
b) Swadeshi	

c) Sarvodaya

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the Gandhian thought and its practical implications
- Learn about the key instances of Gandhi's continuing influence right up to the contemporary period
- Identify and critically evaluate his legacy.

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid	Atten	Assignment/	End
	term	dance	Project/Seminar/Quiz	term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings

Module I: Gandhi on Modern Civilization and Ethics of Development:

- 1. B. Parekh, (1997) 'The Critique of Modernity', in Gandhi: A Brief Insight, Delhi: Sterling Publishing Company, pp. 63-74.
- 2. K. Ishii, (2001) 'The Socio-economic Thoughts of Mahatma Gandhi: As an Origin of Alternative Development', Review of Social Economy. Vol. 59 (3), pp. 297-312.
- 3. D. Hardiman, (2003) 'Narmada Bachao Andolan', in Gandhi in his Time and Ours. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.



Course structure: HISTORY OF MADHYA PRADESH – BAC695

CourseTitle:HISTORY OF MADHYA PRADESH Credit Units:4

Course Level: **UG Level** Course Code: BAC695

Course Objectives:

- Elaborate the History of Madhya Pradesh
- Introduce students to History of Madhya Pradesh
- Enable students to strengthen their views on Art and Architecture and culture
- Enable them to critically evaluate his legacy

Pre-requisites: The students must possess fair understanding of History of Madhya Pradesh

odule IMajor events and Major dynasties in the history of Madhya Pradesh.	Weightage (%)
 Sources: A brief account of the ancient period Kalachuries of Tripuri, Parmars of Malwa, and the Chandellas of Jejakbhuktis Muslim invasion on Malwa and Bundelkhand Resistance to their dominance, Mughal attack on Malwa and Bundelkand resistance of Durgawati and her family Madhya Pradesh in 18 century Chatrasaal and the Mughals 	25%

odule	II Contribution of Madhya Pradesh in Freedom Movement	
•	The revolt of 1857 in M.P. led by leaders	25%
•	Nationalist Movements in MP:Jhanda Satyagraha, Jungle Satyagraha, Salt Satyagraha,	
	Quit India Movement in MP, Freedom Fighters of MP after 1900	
odule	III Major arts and Sculpture of Madhya Pradesh	
		25%
•	Religious and tourist places of Madhya Pradesh.	
•	festivals, Folk music, Folk Arts and Folk literature of Madhya Pradesh.	
odule	IV History of Gwalior	
•	Major Dynasties of Gwalior (Kacchaps, Tomars, Scindiasetc)	25%
•	Muslim Invasion on Gwalior (Delhi Sultanate and Mughals)	
•	Jainism and Sufism in Gwalior	
•	Art and culture of Gwalior	

- Understand the concepts of society, economy, polity and culture
- Analyzethe political development of MP
- Identify Religious and cultural life of MP
- Enable students toknow about Muslim ideologies

Pedagogy for Course Delivery: The course will use a mix of lectures, case studies, and participants are encouraged to engage in active interaction through classroom participation.

Lab/ Practical details, if applicable: N/A

Assessment/ Examination Scheme:

Components	Mid term	Attend ance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	End term
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Essential Readings:

- 1. History of the Fortress of Gwalior By Shrimant Balwant Row Bhayasaheb, Scindia Printed at The Education Society's Steam Press, Bombay,1892
- 2. McGraw Hill Education, 'An Introduction to Madhya Pradesh General Knowledge', 2018
- 3. India's Heritage of Gharana Music Pandits of Gwalior Hardcover 1 January 2018, <u>Dr. Meeta Pandit</u>Publisher, Shubhi Publications (1 January 2018)
- 4. Malwa Through The Ages, Kailash Chand Jain Motilal Banarsidass Publ., 31-Dec-1972
- 5. Malwa Through the Ages: From the Earliest Times to 1305 A.D.K.C. Jain, 1 January 1972

Amity University Madhya Pradesh, Gwalior Minutes of the Board of Studies- HISTORY

Conducted on 8th February 2022

Agenda Item	Description		Remarks	
No. 1	Welcome by the Chairperson		The Chairperson welcomed the members of BoS	
No. 2	Review of Curriculum (UG Courses)		Changes proposed	
(i)				
	I Sem	,	Title Changed-	
			History of Modern India II is renamed as Nationalism in India with more added contents.	
	IV Sem		History of Modern Europe Paper 493 Inter -Changed with International Relations I Paper 591	
(ii)			Proposed changes in Syllabus	
	Contents Added			
1.	I SEM (BAH	Tr		

	1)	• Colonialist
		 Nationalists
		Cambridge School
		Marxists
		Subaltern interpretations
		Debate on Early Nationalism
		Module II Major Social and Religious movements among Hindus and Muslims
		Brahmo Samaj
		Arya Samaj
		Dharma Sabha
		Aligarh Movement
		Wahabi Movement
		Deoband Movement
		Prathana Samaj
		Vivekananda and Ramakrishna Mission
		Module III -National Movement in India
		Socialist alternatives: Congress Socialists, Communists
		The Caste question: Anti-Brahmanical Politics
		Module IV- The Women's Question: Participations in the National
		Movement and its Impact.
2.	I Sem	Added Contents
	(BAH	Module I Growth of Modern Education
	194)	• Proposal of Wilherforce
		Proposal of Wilberforce Proposal of Charle Grant
		Proposal of Charls Grant Proposal of Minto
		Proposal of Minto Proposal of Elphinstone
		Proposal of Elphinstone

- Macaulay system of Education
- Wood's Dispatch of 1854
- Hunter Commission Report of 1854
- The Indian University Act of 1904
- Resolution of February 1913
- The Saddler University Commission 1917-19
- The Hartog Committees of 1929
- Wardha School of Education
- Sergent Plan of Education
- Radhakrishna Commission
- University Grants Commission
- Evolution of law and colonial courts

Module II

- Land revenue settlements: Permanent settlement, Ryotwari Settlement, Mahalwari Settlement
- Commercialisation of agriculture and its effects
- Popular resistance: Indigo Rebellion (1860); Pabna Agrarian Leagues (1873); Deccan Riots 1875)

Module III Growth of Press

Attitude of East India Company

- Press in Madras Presidency
- The Censorship of the Press Act 1799
- Regulation of 1823
- Liberation of Indian Press
- Licensing Act of 1857

		• Registration Act of 1867			
		• Vernacular Press Act1878			
		• The News Paper Act of 1908 • The Indian Press Act 1910			
		• Foreign Relation Act1932			
		• Indian States A(Protection)Act 1934			
		• Press Trust of India			
		Press Law Inquiry Committees			
		• Press (Objectionable matter) Act1957			
		• Press Commission of 1962			
		- Tess commission of 1902			
		Module IV			
		Independence and the emergence of a new State			
		 Negotiations for Independence 			
		The Making of the Constitution			
		 Land Reforms and the beginning of Planning 			
3	II Sem	Added Contents			
	(BAH	Module III Muslim Invasions			
	291)	June in a f Aughe Investore of Chambella Charite			
		• Invasions of Arabs, Invasions of Ghaznavids, Ghorids			
		• Slave Dynasty (1206-1290)			
		• Khilji Dynasty (1290-1321)			
		• Tughlaq Dynasty (1321-1412)			
		• Sayyid Dynasty (1414-1451)			
		• Lodhi Dynasty (1451-1526)			

4	II SEM (BAH 293)	 Module I SOCIETY-STRUCTURE AND GROWTH Rural Society Holding and Revenue Assessment and Collection (Iqta, Mansabdari, Jagirdari and Zamindari/Nayankara and Poligar system); Towns and Town Life and Trade, Merchant groups and Commerce, Artisans and Master-Craftsmen Servants and Slaves Standard of Living The Ruling Classes - Nobility, Rural Gentry The Middle Strata The Commercial Classes
3.	II Sem (BAH 293)	 Added Contents Module II ECONOMIC LIFE-PATTERNS AND PROSPECTS Trend of India's Economy and Prospects during the First Half of the Eighteenth Century Trade and Commerce (Mughal and Coromandal); Overseas Trade - Role of Foreign Trading Companies - Position of Indian Merchants Over-landTrade Module IV Language and Literature- Ganga Jammuna Tahzib Art and architecture: temples – regional styles
4.	II SEM BAH	Module I: Concept of Bharatvarsha

294 IIISEM	VI.	Understanding Bharatvarsha ,Eternity of synonyms Bharat
BAH	VII.	Indian concept of Time and Space
394		Indian view of History
	IX.	The glory of Indian Literature: Ved, Vedanga,
		Upanishads ,Epics Jain and Buddist Literature ,Smriti,
		Puranas etcIndian Perception of Dharma and Darshan
	Module 1	II :Indian Knowledge Tradition Art and Culture
	VI.	Evolution of Language and Script
	VII.	Brahmi, Kharoshti, Pali, Prakrit, Sanskrit, Tigalrietc
		Salient features of Indian Art&Culture
		Indian Educational System
		ne Ethics of Indian Valor
	Module	III Science, Enviornment and Medical Science
	V. Sc	ience and Technology
		Enviornmental Conservation Indian View
	VII.	Health Consciousness of Ayurveda, Yoga and
	* ****	Naturopathy
		Indian Numeral System and Mathematics
	Module	IV Social and economic structure:
	Social ar	nd economic structure :Concept of VasudhevKutumbakam
		amily ,Society and World)Social stratification,, division of
		Varna System), Ashram system,, Samskara, marriage,
	industry,	inland trade and commerce and maritime trade.

HISTORY OF MADHYA PRADESH BAC695

	(%)
Module I Major events and Major dynasties in the history of Madhya Pradesh.	25%
 A brief account of the ancient period Kalachuries of Tripuri, Parmars of Malwa, and the Chandellas of Jejakbhuktis 	
 Muslim invasion on Malwa Resistance to their dominance ,Mughal attack on Malwa, resistance of Durgawati and her family Madhya Pradesh in 18th century, Chatrasaal and the Mughals 	
Wiadnya i radesh in roth century, enatrasaar and the Wagnais	
Module II Contribution of Madhya Pradesh in Freedom Movement	
• The revolt of 1857 in M.P. (contribution of leaders)	25%
• Nationalist Movements in MP : Jhanda Satyagraha, Jungle Satyagraha, Salt Satyagraha , Quit India Movement in MP, Freedom Fighters of MP after 1900	
Module III Major arts and Sculpture of Madhya Pradesh	
	25%
Religious and tourist places of Madhya Pradesh.	
• festivals, Folk music, Folk arts and Folk literature of Madhya Pradesh.	
Module IV History of Gwalior	

 Major Dynasties of Gwalior (kacchaps, Tomars, Scindiasetc) Muslim Invasion on Gwalior(Delhi Sultanate and Mughals) Jainism and Sufism in Gwalior Art and culture of Gwalior 	25%
GANDHI AND THE CONTEMPORARY WORLD BAC694	Weightage (%)
Module I Gandhi on Modern Civilization and Ethics of Development	
a) Conception of Modern Civilization and Alternative Modernityb) Critique of Development: Narmada BachaoAndolan	20%
Module II Gandhian Thought: Theory and Action	
a. Theory of Satyagraha	30%
b. Satyagraha in Action:	
i. Peasant Satyagraha: Kheda and the Idea of Trusteeship	
ii. Temple Entry and Critique of Caste	
iii. Social Harmony: 1947 and Communal Unity	
Module III Gandhi's Legacy	
	30%

a) Tolerance: Anti - Racism Movements (Anti - Apartheid and Martin Luther King)	
b) The Pacifist Movement	
c) Women's Movements	
d) Gandhigiri: Perceptions in Popular Culture	
Module IV Gandhi and his Political Ideas	
a) Swaraj	20%
b) Swadeshi	
c) Sarvodaya	



French syllabus - Programme d'études pour le français

All U.G. Programmes - Foreign Language

Français - I

Course Code: FLU144 Credit units: 02

Course Objective:

To familiarize students with the French language, with its phonetic system and its accents.

To enable students

to	greet	someone	in	Frenc	h

- to present and describe oneself and people
- □ to enter in contact, and begin a conversation
- to talk about one's family, tastes and preferences

Course Contents:

Dossiers 1, 2 - pg 5-24

Dossier 1: Toi, moi, nous

Actes de Communication :

S'adresser poliment à quelqu'un, entrer en contact, se présenter, présenter quelqu'un, saluer, poser des questions simples pour connaître quelqu'un, épeler et compter

Dossier 2: En famille

Actes de Communication:

Parler de sa famille, Décrire quelqu'un, exprimer ses goûts, écrire et comprendre un message court, inviter quelqu'un, exprimer la possession, la négation

Grammaire:

- 1. articles indéfinis, articles définis, masculin et féminin des noms et des adjectifs, pluriel des noms et des adjectifs
- 2. pronoms sujets et toniques, on, c'est/il est + profession,
- 3. masculin et féminin des adjectifs de nationalité
- 4. verbes- être, avoir, aller, 'er' groupe
- 5. l'interrogation l'intonation, est-ce que, qui est-ce ? Qu'est-ce que? L'inversion ; où, comment, quand ; quel
- 6. la négation
- 7. adjectifs possessifs

Examination Scheme:

	INTERNAL				EXTERNAL	GRAND TOTAL
Components	MID-SEM	VIVA-VOCE	ATTENDANCE	TOTAL	END SEMESTER	100
Weightage (%)	15	10	5	30	70	100

Text & References:

Text:

Le livre à suivre:

- Andant, Christine et al. A propos A1 Livre de l'élève. Grenoble: Presses universitaires de Grenoble, 2010.
- Andant, Christine et al. A propos A1 Cahier d'exercices. Grenoble: Presses universitaires de Grenoble, 2010.

Références:

Girardeau, Bruno et Nelly Mous. Réussir le DELF A1. Paris: Didier, 2010.

French syllabus - Programme d'études pour le français

All U.G. Programmes - Foreign Language

Français - II

Course Code: FLU244	Credit units: 02
Course Objective:	

To furnish the linguistic tools

to talk about daily activities and sports, to express necessities
to talk about activities in recent future,
to have conversations and perform day to day life tasks like enquiring about time, take an appointment
to enquire about products and place orders in a shop/ restaurant

Course Contents:

Dossiers 3,4 - pg 25-44

Dossier 3 : Quelle journée ! Actes de Communication :

Parler de ses activités quotidiennes, se situer dans le temps, demander l'heure et la date, parler des sports et des loisirs, exprimer la fréquence

Dossier 4 : Vous désirez ? Actes de Communication :

Exprimer la quantité, demander et donner le prix, exprimer la nécessité, la volonté et la capacité, comparer et exprimer ses préférences, s'exprimer au futur proche, prendre rendez-vous, s'exprimer au restaurant/dans les magasins

Grammaire:

- 1. l'expression du temps
- 2. les articles contractés, les quantités indéterminées et déterminées
- 3. les adverbes de fréquences

- 4. verbes- faire, prendre, venir, pouvoir, vouloir, les verbes pronominaux
- 5. la comparaison de l'adjectif
- 6. la négation (suite)
- 7. le future proche

Examination Scheme:

	INTERNAL				EXTERNAL	GRAND TOTAL
Components	MID-SEM	VIVA-VOCE	ATTENDANCE	TOTAL	END SEMESTER	
Weightage (%)	15	10	5	30	70	100

Text & References:

Text:

Le livre à suivre:

- Andant, Christine et al. <u>A propos A1 Livre de l'élève</u>. Grenoble: Presses universitaires de Grenoble, 2010.
- Andant, Christine et al. A propos A1 Cahier d'exercices. Grenoble: Presses universitaires de Grenoble, 2010.

Références:

Girardeau, Bruno et Nelly Mous. <u>Réussir le DELF A1.</u> Paris: Didier, 2010.

French syllabus - Programme d'études pour le français

All U.G. Programmes - Foreign Language

Français - III

Course Code: FLU344	Credit units: 02
Course Objective:	
To enable the students	

□ to talk about the qualities and defects of people.

□ to ask/give directions, to enquire about a lodging.

to ask and give informations about a certain place.

 \Box to describe events in past tense.

Course Contents:

Dossiers 5,6 - pg 45-64

Dossier 5 : Ici et là

Actes de Communication:

Exprimer l'obligation et l'interdiction, parler des qualités et des défauts de quelqu'un, demander son chemin, indiquer un itinéraire, se situer dans l'espace, se renseigner sur un logement.

Dossier 6: Ailleurs

Actes de Communication:

S'exprimer au passé composé, raconter un voyage, se situer dans le monde, exprimer le temps (avec indicateurs de temps – il y a, depuis), se renseigner sur un hébergement, exprimer la satisfaction et l'insatisfaction.

Grammaire:

- 1. les adjectifs démonstratifs
- 2. les verbes : 'ir groupe' devoir, falloir
- 3. les prépositions de lieu, de pays
- 4. l'impératif, le passé composé, forme et accord du participe passé, la négation au passé composé
- 5. les indicateurs de temps (il y a, depuis)

Examination Scheme:

		INTE	EXTERNAL	GRAND TOTAL		
Components	MID-SEM	VIVA-VOCE	ATTENDANCE	TOTAL	END SEMESTER	
Weightage (%)	15	10	5	30	70	100

Text & References:

Text:

Le livre à suivre:

- Andant, Christine et al. A propos A1 Livre de l'élève. Grenoble: Presses universitaires de Grenoble, 2010.
- Andant, Christine et al. A propos A1 Cahier d'exercices. Grenoble: Presses universitaires de Grenoble, 2010.

Références:

Girardeau, Bruno et Nelly Mous. <u>Réussir le DELF A1.</u> Paris: Didier, 2010.

French syllabus - Programme d'études pour le français

All U.G. Programmes - Foreign Language

Français - IV

Course Code: FLU444 Credit units: 02

Course Objective:

To strengthen the language of the students in both oral and written

To revise the grammar in application and the communication tasks related to topics covered already

To get acquainted with the current social communication skills, oral (dialogue, telephone conversations, etc.) and written and perform simple communication tasks such as

talking about personal habit	ai nabits	personal	about	talkıng	
------------------------------	-----------	----------	-------	---------	--

narrating events in the past, marking the stages, using appropriate connectors

holding conversations on telephone

asking for /giving advices

Course Contents:

Dossier 7 - pg 65-74, Dossiers 1, 2 and 3 (révision) Dossier 7: au boulot

Actes de Communication:

Parler des habitudes et décrire une situation à l'imparfait, comparer (nom et verbe), qualifier (qui, que) s'exprimer au téléphone, demander et donner un avis.

Dossiers 1, 2, 3 - Révision

Exercices d'écoute, production orale et écrite.

Grammaire:

- 1. l'imparfait,
- 2. la comparaison du verbe/du nom ; mieux/meilleur
- 3. les pronoms relatifs

Examination Scheme:

	AND TOTAL
SEMESTER	
	100
70	100
S	SEMESTER 70

Text & References:

Text:

Le livre à suivre:

- Andant, Christine et al. <u>A propos A1 Livre de l'élève</u>. Grenoble: Presses universitaires de Grenoble, 2010.
- Andant, Christine et al. A propos A1 Cahier d'exercices. Grenoble: Presses universitaires de Grenoble, 2010.

Références:

Girardeau, Bruno et Nelly Mous. <u>Réussir le DELF A1.</u> Paris: Didier, 2010.

French syllabus - Programme d'études pour le français

All U.G. Programmes - Foreign Language

Français - V

Course Code: FLU544 Credit units: 02

Course Objective:

To strengthen the language of the students in both oral and written

To revise the grammar in application and the communication tasks related to topics covered already

To get acquainted with the current social communication skills, oral (dialogue, telephone conversations, etc.) and written and perform simple communication tasks such as

	ı •			1 .	.1 .	•	•	
i I	narrating even	nts in the	nast 1	marking	the stages	1121110	annronria	te connectors
	man admig cvc	iico iii ciic	past, 1	21141	are stages,	aoms	appropria	te commette

expressing causes and consequences, using appropriate logical connectors

presenting a biography

Course Contents:

Dossier 8 - Pg 75-84 Dossiers 4, 5 and 6 (révision) Dossier 8 : Vivre

ensemble

Actes de Communication:

Exprimer la cause, l'opposition, la conséquence, décrire les étapes d'une action, s'exprimer sur l'environnement,

l'écologie, identifier et décrire les différences de comportement, décrire le fonctionnement d'une association, faire la biographie d'une personne.

Dossiers 4, 5, 6 - Révision

Exercices d'écoute, production orale et écrite.

Grammaire:

- 1. le présent (révision), le passé composé (révision)
- 2. les pronoms compléments directs, les pronoms compléments indirects
- 3. les marqueurs chronologiques
- 4. les articulateurs logiques

Examination Scheme:

		INTE	EXTERNAL	GRAND TOTAL		
Components	MID-SEM	VIVA-VOCE	ATTENDANCE	TOTAL	END SEMESTER	
Weightage (%)	15	10	5	30	70	100

Text & References:

Text:

Le livre à suivre:

- Andant, Christine et al. A propos A1 Livre de l'élève. Grenoble: Presses universitaires de Grenoble, 2010.
- Andant, Christine et al. A propos A1 Cahier d'exercices. Grenoble: Presses universitaires de Grenoble, 2010.

Références:

Girardeau, Bruno et Nelly Mous. <u>Réussir le DELF A1.</u> Paris: Didier, 2010.

French syllabus - Programme d'études pour le français

All U.G. Programmes - Foreign Language

Français - VI

Course Code: FLU644 Credit units: 02

Course Objective:

To provide the students with the linguistic tools to enhance social communication skills and be able

- ☐ To approve or disapprove a behavior
- ☐ To congratulate somebody
- ☐ To express possession

Course Contents: Dossier 1 - pg 7-16,

Dossier 1: Au fil du temps

Actes de Communication:

Approuver ou désapprouver l'attitude de quelqu'un (désapprouver le comportement des parents)

Féliciter quelqu'un (féliciter un participant dans le courrier des lecteurs) Parler de sa santé (exprimer les problèmes de santé chez le médecin) Accueillir/Interpeller (conversation entre l'invité et l'hôte)

Thèmes abordés:

Les trentenaires (dire si l'on partage les valeurs et les attentes des trentenaires)

Le sport (sport et famille, du sport pour tous les goûts)

La profession : Les psychologues (débats - pour ou contre le besoin d'un psy, la télé-confession)

Grammaire:

1. Le présent (révision)

- 2. Les prépositions et les verbes
- 3. Les pronoms possessifs
- 4. Les verbes réciproques

Examination Scheme:

	GRAND TOTAL	EXTERNAL					
Components MID-SEM VIVA-VOCE ATTENDANCE TOTAL END SEMESTER		END SEMESTER	TOTAL	ATTENDANCE	VIVA-VOCE	MID-SEM	Components
Weightage (%) 15 10 5 30 70	100	70	30	5	10	15	Weightage (%)

Text & References:

Text:

Le livre à suivre:

- □ Carenzi-Vialaneix, Christelle et al. <u>A propos A2 Livre de l'élève</u>. Grenoble: Presses universitaires de Grenoble, 2010.
- Carenzi-Vialaneix, Christelle et al. <u>A propos A2 Cahier d'exercices</u>. Grenoble: Presses universitaires de Grenoble, 2010.

Références :

Girardeau, Bruno et Mous, Nelly. <u>Réussir le DELF A1</u>. Paris: Les Éditions Didier, 2010.

COURSE CURRICULUM

UG-I

Course Title: Communication Skills-I

Credit Units: 1

Course Code: BCU 141

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
1	0	0	0	1

Course Objective The course is intended to familiarize students with the basics of English language and help them to learn to identify language structures for correct English usage.

Course C	ontents / Syllabus:		
1.	Module I Essentials of English Grammar	30% Weightage	
	• Common Errors		
	 Parts of Speech 		
	 Collocations, Relative Pronoun 		
	• Subject-Verb Agreement		
	• Articles		
	• Punctuation		
	• Sentence Structure- 'Wh' Questions		
2.	Module II Written English Communication	30% Weightage	
	Paragraph Writing		
	Essay Writing		
3.	Module III Spoken English Communication	30% Weightage	
	Introduction to Phonetics		

	• Syllab	e-Consor	nant and Vow			
	• Stress	and Inton	ation			
4.	Module IV : Pros	e				10% Weightage
	"Friends, Romans, Julius Caesar	Country	nen, lend me	your ears" Spe	eech by Marc Antony in	0 0
	Comprehen	nsion Que	estions will be			
	Student Learnin	g Outco	mes:			
	The students shou					
5.	• Identify Commo	on Errors	and Rectify	Them		
					trolled and Guided	
	Activities		C	C		
	• To Develop Col	nerence,	Cohesion an	d Competend	ce in Oral Discourse	
	through Intelligib			1		
6.	Pedagogy for Cou					
	Flipped cla		•			
	 Workshop 					
	Presentation	n				
	Group Disc	cussion				
	 Lectures 					
	Case-studie	es				
	Assessment/ Exa	minatio	n Scheme:			
	Theory L/T (%) Lab	/Practical/S	tudio (%)	End Term Examination	
	100%	NA			70%	
	Theory Assessm	ent (L&	T):	T		
	(Drop down)	CIE	Mid Sem	Attendance	End Term Examination	
	Weightage (%)	10%	15%	5%	70%	

Text:

Rosenblum, M. How to Build Better Vocabulary, London: Bloomsbury Publication Verma, Shalini. Word Power made Handy, S. Chand Publications

High School English Grammar & Composition by Wren & Martin

References: K.K.Sinha, Business Communication, Galgotia Publishing Company.

Additional Reading: Newspapers and Journals



(Established by Ritnand Balved Education Foundation)

COURSE CURRICULUM

UG: Semester II

Course Title: Communication Skills II

Course Code: BCU 241

Credit Units: 1

Course Objectives:

L	T	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
1	0	0	0	1

To understand the different aspects of communication using the four macro skills – LSRW (Listening, Speaking, Reading, Writing)

Course C	ontents / Syllabus:	
1.	Module I Communication	35% Weightage
	 Process and Importance Models of Communication (Linear & Shannon Weaver) Role and Purpose Types & Channels Communication Networks 	
	 Principles & Barriers 	
2.	Module II Verbal Communication	25% Weightage
	Oral Communication: Forms, Advantages & Disadvantages Written Communication: Forms, Advantages & Disadvantages Introduction of Communication Skills (Listening, Speaking, Reading, Writing)	
3.	Module III Non-Verbal Communication	30% Weightage
	 Principles & Significance of Nonverbal Communication KOPPACT (Kinesics, Oculesics, Proxemics, Para-Language, Artifacts, Chronemics, Tactilics) 	

	• Vis	ible Code				
4.	Module IV : Prose					10% Weightage
	TEXT: APJ Abdul I Universities Press, 2 Comprehension Que	2011				
5.	Student Learning (Outcomes	:			
	The student • Apply Verb Environmer	al and No	e able to : n-Verbal Comm			
6.	Pedagogy for Cour Flipped class Workshop Presentation Group Disc Lectures Case-studie	ssrooms n ussion	ry			
7.	Assessment/ Exam	ination Sc	cheme:			
	Theory L/T (%)	La	Lab/Practical/Studio (%)		End Term Examination	
	100%		NA		50%	
	Theory Assessmen	t (L&T):				
	Components (Drop down)	CIE	Mid Sem	Attendance	End Term Examination	
	Weightage (%)	30%	15%	5%	70%	
			1			

Text: Rosenblum, M. How to Build Better Vocabulary, London: Bloomsbury Publication.

Verma, Shalini. Word Power made Handy, S. Chand Publications. High School English Grammar & Composition by Wren & Martin

Reference: K.K.Sinha, Business Communication, Galgotia Publishing Company.

Alan Pease: Body Language

Additional Reading: Newspapers and Journals



(Established by Ritnand Balved Education Foundation)

SW/F

 \mathbf{W}

0

P/ S

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0

TOTAL

CREDIT

UNITS

1

COURSE CURRICULUM

UG: Semester III

Course Title: Communication Skills-III

Credit Units: 1

Course Code: BCU 341

Course Objective:

To emphasize the essential aspects of effective written communication necessary for professional success.

Course Co	ontents / Syllabus:	
1.	Module I Vocabulary	35% Weightage
2.	Module II Formal Letter Writing	35% Weightage

	Block Format	
	 Types of Letters 	
	• E-mail	
	Netiquette	
3.	Module III Business Memos	20% Weightage
	 Format & Characteristics 	

4.	Module IV Liter	ature					10% Weightage
	• Stench of	Kerosene	-Amrita Pritam	(Short Stor	y)		
	A Floweri	ng Tree-A	A.K. Ramanujai	n (Short Stor	y)		
	• The Gift of	of the Mag	gi- O. Henry (Sl	hort Story)			
	• Indian We	eavers – S	arojini Naidu (l	Poem)			
	Student Learnin	g Outcon	nes:				
5.	The studen	ts should b	e able to write o	correctly and	l prop	erly with special	
	reference						
6.	Pedagogy for Cou		ry				
	Flipped cla	ssrooms					
	• Workshop						
	Presentatio						
	Group Disc	cussion					
	• Lectures						
	• Case-studio Assessment/ Exa		Schomo				
	Theory L/T (%		o/Practical/Stu	udio (%)	End	l Term	1
			7/1 ractical/Stu	(/ 0)		mination	
_	100%		NA		70%)	
7.							
	Theory Assessme	ent (L&T	'):				
	Components					End Term	
	(Drop down)	ClE	Mid Sem	Attendan	ce	Examination	
	Weightage	10%	15%	5%		70%	

Text: Rai, Urmila & S.M. Rai. Business Communication, Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House, 2002.

K.K.Sinha, Business Communication, Galgotia Publishing Company.

Reference: Sanjay Kumar & Pushp Lata, Communication Skills, Oxford University Press.

Additional Reading: Newspapers and Journals



(Established by Ritnand Balved Education Foundation)

COURSE CURRICUMUM

UG: Semester IV

Course Title: Communication Skills-IV

Credit Units: 1

Course Code: BCU 441

L	T	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
1	0	0	0	1

Course Objective:

This course is designed to develop the skills of the students in preparing job search artifacts and negotiating their use in GDs and interviews.

Course Con	tents / Syllabus:	
1.	Module I Employment-Related Correspondence	35% Weightage
	Resume Writing	
	 Covering Letters 	
	Follow Up Letters	
2.	Module II Dynamics of Group Discussion	35% Weightage
	 Significance of GD 	
	 Methodology & Guidelines 	
3.	Module III Interviews	200/ Weightage
3.		20% Weightage
	 Types & Styles of Interviews 	
	 Fundamentals of facing Interviews 	
	 Interview-Frequently Asked Questions 	
4.	Module IV Literature	10% Weightage
	 Pippa Passes by Robert Browning (Poem) 	
	• "The Lottery" 1948 – Shirley Jackson (Short Story)	
	 The Eyes Have it- Ruskin Bond (Short Story) 	

 Student Learning Outcomes: Develop a resume for oneself Ability to handle the interview process confidently Learn the subtle nuances of an effective group discussion
 Develop a resume for oneself Ability to handle the interview process confidently
Ability to handle the interview process confidently
• Learn the subtle nuances of an effective group discussion
6. Pedagogy for Course Delivery
Flipped classrooms
• Workshop
• Presentation
Group Discussion
• Lectures
• Case-studies
7. Assessment/ Examination Scheme:
Theory L/T (%) Lab/Practical/Studio (%) End Term
Examination
100% NA 70%
Theory Assessment (L&T):
Components CIE Mid Sem Attendance End Term
(Drop down) Examination
Weightage 10% 15% 5% 70%

Text: Sharma, R.C. & Krishna Mohan. Business Correspondence and Report Writing: A Practical approach to Business & Technical Communication, New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill & Co. Ltd., 2002.

Rai, Urmila & S.M. Rai. Business Communication, Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House, 2002.

Rizvi, M.Ashraf. Effective Technical Communication, New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.

Kallu- Ismat Chughtai (Short Story)

Reference: Brusaw, Charles T., Gerald J. Alred & Walter E. Oliu. The Business Writer's Companion, Bedford: St. Martin's Press, 2010. Lewis, Norman. How to Read Better and Faster. New Delhi: Binny Publishing House.

Additional Reading: Newspapers and Journals

(Established by Ritnand Balved Education Foundation)

COURSE CURRICULUM

UG: Semester V

Course Title: Communication Skills-V

Credit Units: 1

Course Code: BCU 541 Course Objective:

L	Т	P/ S	SW/F W	TOTAL CREDIT UNITS
1	0	0	0	1

- To enable the students to adopt strategies for effective reading and writing skills.
- The course would enhance student's vocabulary, language and fluency. It would also teach the students to deliver professional presentations.

Course	Contents / Syllabus:	
1.	Module I Report Writing	35% Weightage
	> Report Writing	
	Purpose/Significance	
	• Types	
	• Format	
2.	Module II Comprehension Skills	25% Weightage
	Reading Comprehension-SQ3R Reading Techniques	
	Summarising and Paraphrasing	
	Précis Writing	
	Listening Comprehension	
3.	Module III Presentation Skills	30% Weightage
	 Discussing the Significance of Audio-visual Aids, Audience and 	
	Feedback in Presentation Skills	
	Analyzing the Significance of Non-Verbal Communication	
4.	Module IV Literature	10% Weightage
	 Success is Counted Sweetest – Emily Dickinson (Poem) 	
	My Wood - E.M.Forster (Prose)	
	I have a Dream-Martin Luther King (Prose)	

			Broken English-C	G.B. Shaw (Pr	rose)	
5.	Student Learning	Outcomes	s:			
	 Communicate fluently and sustain comprehension of 			of an extended d	iscourse.	
	Demonstrate ability to interpret texts and observe the rules of good writing.					
	Prepare and	d present e	ffective presenta	tions aided by	y ICT tools.	
	Pedagogy for Cou	_	-	•	•	
	 Flipped cla 					
6.	 Workshop 					
	 Presentatio 	n				
	 Group Disc 	cussion				
	 Lectures 					
	Case-studie					
7.	Assessment/ Examination Scheme:					
	Theory L/T (%) Lab/Practical/Studio (%)		lio (%)	End Term Examination		
	100%		NA		70%	
		I			1	
	Theory Assessmen	nt (L&T):				
	Components			End Term	Examination	
	(Drop down)	CIE	Attendance			
	Weightage (%)			_		
		25%	5%	7	70%	

Text: Jaffe, C.I. Public Speaking: Concepts and Skills for a Diverse Society, 4th ed. Belmont, CA: Wadsworth, 2004.

Effective English for Engineering Students, B Cauveri, Macmillan India

Creative English for Communication, Krishnaswamy N, Macmillan

Reference: A Textbook of English Phonetics, Balasubramanian T, Macmillan

Additional Reading: Newspapers and Journals



(Established by Ritnand Balved Education Foundation)

COURSE CURRICULUM

UG: Semester VI

Course Title: Communication Skills- VI

Credit Units: 1

Course Code: BCU 641

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 TOTAL CREDIT UNITS

 1
 0
 0
 0
 1

Course Objective: The main emphasis of this course is to enable students to learn the dynamics of social communication and to demonstrate the ability to learn the nuances of informal communication.

Course C	ontents / Syllabus:	
1.	Module I Social Communication Essentials	30% Weightage
	Small talk/Building rapport	
	Expand social and Corporate Associations	
	Informal Communication: Grapevine, Chat	
2.	Module II Workplace Interpersonal Skills	25% Weightage
	 Understanding Social Communication in Workplace environment. 	
	 Employee feedback: Assess employee performance and satisfaction. 	
	Simulation	
	Humour in Communication-Use of 'Puns'	
	Entertainment and Communication (Infotainment)	
	Infotainment and Social Media	
	Entertainment in Journalism	
	> Social Networking	
3.	Module III Verbal Ability	35% Weightage
	• Comprehension	
	• Analogy	
	Sentence Order	
	Active and Passive Voice	
	Error Sorting	

4.	Module IV Prose	10% Weightage
	Secret of Socrates - Dale Carnegie	
	My Financial Career-Stephen Leacock	
	The Luncheon - W. Somerset Maugham	
	The National Flag - Jawahar Lal Nehru	
	All the four stories will be discussed in one class	

	Student Learning	Outcome	es:		
_			textually in sp	ecific personal a	and professional situations
5.	with courte	•			
			their regular in		
	To strengthen their creative learning process through individual expression and				
	collaborati				
	Pedagogy for Cou		ery		
	Flipped cla	ssrooms			
6.	• Workshop				
	Presentatio				
	Group Disc	cussion			
	• Lectures				
	Case-studie				
_	Assessment/ Exam				1
7.	Theory L/T (%)	La	ab/Practical/S	tudio (%)	End Term Examination
	100%		N.A	70%	
	Theory Assessmer	<u>t (L&T):</u>	1	1	
	Components				End Term Examination
	(Drop down)	CIE	Mid Sem	Attendance	
	Weightage (%)	10%	15%	5%	70%

Text: Krizan, Merrier, Logan & Williams. Effective Business Communication, New Delhi: Cengage, 2011

• Communication and Organizational Culture. Keyton. Joann. Sage Publications

• Social Communication (Frontiers of Social Psychology). Fiedler, Klaus. Psychology Press

Reference: Cypherpunks: Freedom and the Future of the Internet. Assange, Julian Assange. OR Books.

Additional Reading: Newspapers and Journals